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PROPRIETORS.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

HARRISBURG.

State Legislature.

A QUIET DAY.

The Replevin Bill.

COAL LEGISLATION.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, April 12, 1871.

SENATE.

REPLEVIN.

Mr. OLMSTE--D'S bill allowing recovery by replevin of timber, lumber and coal severed from realty, notwithstanding that the land from which the property is severed is in dispute, provided the owner of the property can prove ownership at the time of severance was passed.

Mr. OLMSTEAD'S bill giving the Courts additional powers of amendment of enactions was passed.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. DECHERT, authorizing the Governor to procure flags for the National Guard of Pennsylvania.

Also, exempting the National Guard of Pennsylvania from jury service.

Mr. BILLINGFELT introduced a resolution that the apportionment Conference Committee in making their report shall state in full what districts have been changed and how negatived.

COAL MATTERS.

Two thousand copies of the Judiciary General's reports on the anthracite coal difficulties together with all testimony were ordered printed.

The bill extending the anthracite miners act to bituminous regions was again laid over. Adjourned till to-morrow.

HOUSE.

PRIVATE CALENDAR

of March 28th concluded. Nothing of importance done all day.

The House bill relative to appeals from judgment of magistrates in Allegheny county, and the Senate bill authorizing the school directors of Peebles subdistrict, Twenty-third ward, Pittsburgh, to borrow money and sell real estate, passed.

Mr. ROBB'S bill divorcing William and Elizabeth Wilcox, of Pittsburgh, passed.

Mr. HUMPHREY'S bill regulating screens and weight of coal in the bituminous regions was reported favorably.

HARRISBURG, April 12, 1871.

THE APPORTIONMENT.

The Apportionment Conference Committee held a third meeting to-night without effecting anything. The Republicans claim eight majority in the House and one in the Senate which the Democrats will not concede, though they report their willingness to give the Republicans one in the Senate and four in the House.

Another meeting will be held to-morrow with probibilities of compromise within two weeks, and a final adjournment about May 5th.

NEW YORK.

Illegal Exaction of Fees—The Methodist Book Concern Muddle—Coal and Iron in Nevada—Mob Force—Burglary.

ILLEGAL EXACTION OF FEES.

NEW YORK, April 12.—At a crowded meeting of the Bar Association last evening, a Committee of five was appointed to inquire and report on the subject of the continued illegal exaction of fees in the offices of Sheriff, County Clerk, Register, District Court, and all other public offices.

THE METHODIST BOOK CONCERN.

The sub-committee appointed to name experts to examine the accounts of the Methodist Book Concern having adjourned without making any appointments, Dr. Carleton, agent of the Concern, has on his responsibility appointed three experts to examine the accounts. The experts are J. Van Vleck, Methodist, chief book-keeper of the firm of Phelps, Dodge & Co.; Chas. Callender, Baptist, United States Bank Examiner for this city, and F. W. Gunn, Presbyterian, with forty years' experience as book-keeper and accountant. Their instructions are most liberal. They are not only authorized to examine the cash and other accounts but to question the employes also in relation to every matter which may come before them.

COAL AND IRON IN NEVADA.

The recent rise in the Union Pacific and Central Pacific securities is attributed to the important and very valuable discovery of coal and iron mines in Elko, Nevada, adjacent to the line of the railroad.

MOB DOINGS.

A mob siezed the ballot box in the 8th ward, Patterson, N. J. on Monday and the judges had to escape through the windows. If the vote of that ward is thrown out, the Republicans gain control of the city.

BURGLARY.

A bold and skillful burglary was committed last night at the dry goods store of J. & T. Kidd & Co., No. 205 Eighth avenue. The thieves stole goods amounting to $1,000.

THE JERSEY CITY ELECTION.

The Republicans elected ten of twelve aldermen in Jersey City yesterday.

JAMAICA.

Hayti Anxious about Annexation.

KINGSTON, JAM., April 11.—A number of Haytien spies have arrived here. They are to watch refugees and report any movement that may be made by them toward the annexation of Hayti to the United States.

TO BE A CROWN COLONY.

Dispatches from the British government announce the determination of the cabinet to make Honduras a Crown Colony to form part of the West Indies confederation.

THE BRITISH SQUADRON.

The British flying squadron now here is to go to Havana. The Dacia has gone to lay the cable between St. Thomas and Demarara. The Suffolk is still grappling for the lost Porto Rico cable. She has favorable weather for her operations.

SIEZING ARMS.

The authorities have siezed sixty-four packages of arms and ammunition which were hidden in bushes at Salt Key and were clandestinely landed. They were intended for exportation to Cubans but will now be sold at public auction.

MICHIGAN.

Great Fire at Grand Rapids.

GRAND RAPIDS, April 12.—The fire last night burned Winkins & Bro.'s planing and turning shop; Winchester & Co.'s furniture establishment; A. B. Judd's coffin manufactory; Leitelt & Bro.'s machine shop; Pierce & Briggs' dry goods house; D. L. Newberg's clothing establishment; J. Cornelisse's grocery store; John Caulifield's wholesale grocery; J. P. Creque's furniture store; E. B. Scott's drug store; J. H. Martin's grocery store; Rice's picture frame establishment; Spalding's tannery; Comstock's saw mill; Clark & Ball's brush factory; Cox & Co.'s file works; Daniels & Son's joiner shop; Mattison's joiner shop, and buildings owned by N. Lairey, J. N. Price, J. Caulifield, W. D. Roberts, J. H. Martin, C. O. Budington, C. C. Comstock, A. P. Collier, J. Rowland and W. B. Berkly. From some stores nearly all the goods were saved while others loose a large proportion. The loss is estimated from $250,000 to 1,000,000. The insurance is about $100,000.

CONNECTICUT.

Doings at Yale College.

NEW HAVEN, April 12.—The corner stone of the Marguand Chapel, Divinity School, Yale College, was laid this noon in presence of the corporation of professors and the students. President Woolsey announced that the corporation had just elected the Rev. Samuel Harris, D.D., to be Dwight Professor of Didactic Theology in the Divinity School, and Rev. Leonard Bacon, D.D., Lecturer on Church Polity and American Church History, also that Henry W. Sage of Brooklyn, New York, had given $10,000 to endow the Lymann Beecher Lectureship on preaching. Henry Ward Beecher is to occupy this position in Yale Divinity School.

HAVANA.

Bishop Martin not Allowed to Land.

HAVANA, April 12.—Bishop Martin arrived to-day in the steamship Columbia. Not having brought his passport ordered to be used by the Spanish Consul, and Valmaseda not having given him permission to return, the Bishop was not allowed to land. It is not known yet whether he will be allowed to come ashore or be compelled to return to Spain. The affair causes much excitement.

ST. JOSEPH.

Railroad Consolidation.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., April 12.—Messrs. Putnam, Smith and Squires, Directors of the Burlington and Southwestern Railroad, were in the city to-day, endeavoring to consolidate their company with the St. Joseph and Iowa Railroad Company.

FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, April 12, 1871.

SENATE.

Mr. MORTON presented a memorial from the Republican Executive Committee of New Orleans, which he had received by telegraph, asking the passage of the pending Ku-Klux bill, or a more stringent measure.

Mr. ROBERTSON entered a motion to amend the order of business to get up the House general amnesty bill.

Action upon the motion deferred until to-morrow.

Mr. SHERMAN'S resolution instructing the Finance Committee to consider during recess the best system of reducing the taxes so as to leave only enough revenue to pay the working expenses of the Government was adopted.

Mr. SCOTT desired to have bills from the House reducing taxes referred to the Finance Committee, but Mr. TRUMBULL objected, in order that measures repealing the coal and salt duties might remain before the Senate, so as to be voted on whenever an opportunity presented.

Mr. COLE offered a resolution for printing five thousand copies of the President's Message and Commissioner's report on San Domingo. Referred to the Committee on Printing.

The Ku-Klux Bill was then proceeded with.

Mr. SAULSBURY opposed the bill, and, denying the power of Congress, argued that under the power conferred by the bill the President might at his pleasure abolish the Judiciary in any State, remove the Governor of any State, and prevent the holding of State elections.

Mr. POOL delivered a lengthy speech upon North Carolina politics, and in defence of the officials of that state.

Mr. BAYARD said Congressional interference in the states contemplated by the bill was limited by the Constitution in cases of invasion or rebellion. Here it was proposed to leave its exercise discretionary with the President upon the prejudiced representations of individuals, thus giving rise to a crop of informers all over the country. He then commented upon the unwarranted and unprecedented stretch of power involved in the measure.

At 4:30 the Senate went into executive session and adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. BROOKS, New York presented a petition from the New York Chamber of Commerce for the repeal of the Income tax.

Mr. PARKER, Missouri, introduced a bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river at or near St. Joseph, referred.

Messrs STRONG and STARKWEATHER, members-elect from Connecticut appeared and took the oath as members.

Mr. LEONARD introduced a bill supplementary to the acts to prohibit Coolie trade which was referred.

Also a bill to provide for the adjustment and satisfaction of the French spoliation claims prior to the 31st July, 1861

The House then resumed consideration of the Senate amendments to the deficiency bill.

The Senate amendment appropriating $35,163 for the completion of the custom house at St. Paul, Minnesota, was concurred in.

The Senate amendment providing that appropriations heretofore made for public works, buildings or grounds for the fiscal year commencing July 1st, 1871, shall be available for the current fiscal year, was opposed by Messrs. RANDALL and FARNSWORTH, and sustained by Messrs. DAWES, DICKEY and BECK.

In the course of the discussion Mr. Daives commented upon the absurdity of having the government fiscal year begin on the 1st of July instead of the first of January, when the fiscal year of everybody else begins.

The amendment was concurred in, with an amendment in reference to salaries of steamboat inspectors, &c.

Mr. KERR offered an amendment for the payment to the lawful owners or legal representatives of the proceeds of all cotton seized in the possession of rightful owners and representatives after the 30th of June, 1865.

Mr. BUTLER of Massachusetts, made a point of order that the amendment proposed new legislation. The point of order was sustained and the amendment excluded.

Mr. HOLMAN offered an amendment for the payment of one hundred dollars bounty promised the troops who entered service under the President's proclamation of May 1861.

Mr. DAWES made a point of order on the amendment.

Mr. STOUGHTON promised that the Military Committee would report such a bill.

The point of order was sustained and the amendment excluded.

An amendment extending to the port of Detroit the privileges of the act of 14th July 1870 making it a port of entry, concurred in.

The Senate amendment repealing the law limiting the expenditure for the marine hospital at Chicago to $300,000 and extending it to $359,779 was concurred in.

The Senate amendment for the sale of the marine hospital building at San Francisco was concurred in.

The Senate amendment appropriating $12,000 for the relief of destitute aged persons in the District of Columbia, was opposed by Mr. KERR as being used to induce colored people to come to Washington and vote the Radical ticket. After a long discussion the amendment was concurred in.

Mr. DE LARGE offered an amendment appropriating $20,000 for the rebuilding of the Catholic orphan asylum at Charleston, South Carolina, under charge of the Sisters of Our Lady of Mercy, but on a point of order it was excluded.

Senate amendment appropriating $350,000 for increased compensations to assistant marshals for taking the census of 1870. Concurred in.

Senate amendment repealing the act requiring the meeting of each new Congress on the 4th of March. Concurred in.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, offered an amendment repealing the tenure of office act, but on a point of order the amendment was excluded.

The amendment in relation to the meeting of Congress was again brought before the House by a demand for ayes and nays. Upon concurrence the ayes and nays were ordered.

Mr. GARFIELD argued against the repeal of the existing law requiring the meeting of each Congress on the fourth of March, he said that if it should happen that the President and Vice-President of the United States died during the period between the fourth of March when Congress came into existence and the following December when it would be organized there was no power that could call Congress together or designate who should act as President and the country would be left in a state of anarchy.

Mr. DAWES advocated the amendment and reminded the gentleman from Ohio (Garfield) in reference to the possible death of the President and vice President that the Senate never adjourned without creating a President *pro tem* to meet that emergency. If there was one evil greater than another in the administration of the government it was the constant sitting of Congress. If there was one cause of complaint greater than another among the people it was the constant dwelling here of Congress, wrangling week after week and month after month.

Mr. BUTLER, of Massachusetts, argued against the repeal and asked what would have been the consequence if Congress had not been able to meet at the present session and legislate to suppress anarchy in half the country? What was the necessity for haste in the matter. There would not be another Congress for two years, and a repeal would not go into effect till March 1873 Why not wait until next session and see whether the rebellion now existing would then be crushed. When the Presidential votes came to be counted it might happen that there would be States which had been carried by fraudulent returns and there would be no provisions in the law or Constitution to guard against absolute State anarchy.

Mr. FARNSWORTH argued in favor of repeal of the law. He did not believe that holding this session did the country any good, or that it tended to the preservation of the country or the Republican party. He had heard it said that holding this session was doing more harm than good to the Republican party. The discussion on San Domingo and discussion on other questions had not had a very soothing, quieting or beneficial effect on the Republican party.

Without taking a vote the House at 4:40 adjourned, after the announcement by the Speaker of the following appointments: On the Committee on rules—The Speaker, Messrs. Banks, Garfield, Cox and Randall.

On Public Buildings and Grounds—Messrs. Halsey, Starkweather, Tyler, Platt, Morphis, Orr, Getz, Wells and Perry.

NEWBERN, N. C.

Disastrous Fire.

NEWBERN, N. C. April 12.—A disastrous fire occurred this morning on Middle street which destroyed seventeen houses. The following are the losses: Messrs. Patterson $5,000; Dr. J. W. Hughes $8,000; Elias Davison $9,000; Wm. Kosmauki $9,000; H. & B. Emanuel $30,000; Wuastein & Bro.. $75,000; O'Marks $25,000; J. M. Agostine $5,000; E. D. Meadows $10,000; Small, Wool & Tate 10,000. Total insurance about $100,000. The fire was first discovered near McLacklaws store and spread down Pollock street to the National Bank and down Middle street to the residence of Moses Patterson.

BOSTON.

Verdict Against a Street-Car Company.

BOSTON, April 12.—A verdict for $10,000 was to-day given against the Metropolitan Horse Railroad Company, in favor of Edmund Casey, for serious injuries by being thrown from his wagon in consequence of a collision with a horse-car.

FRENCH FAIR.

The receipts of the French fair last night amounted to $5,665.

RICHMOND.

The Cost of Ejecting Negroes From the Cars.

RICHMOND, April 12.—The suit for $5,000 damage instituted in the United States Court by Judge J. P. Wright, (colored) of the Supreme Court of South Carolina against the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, was compromised this morning by the payment of $1,200 to the plaintiff. He claimed damages on the ground that he was ejected from a first class car on account of color, notwithstanding he held a first class ticket.

MINNEAPOLIS.

Indignation Meeting.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., April 11.—There was a tremendous indignation meeting held in this city, remonstrating against the removal of Col. C. Aldrich, postmaster and appointing Dr. Keith in his place. Col. Aldrich was the first representative of Minnesota in Congress

MAUCH CHUNK.

The Workingmen's Benevolent Association.

MAUCH CHUNK, PA., April 12.—The grand council of the Workingmen's Benevolent Association adjourned at noon after adopting the General Board arbitration to settle the present difficulties, to meet the operators here on the 17th of April.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

FROM EUROPE.

Invested Paris.

ON THE RAMPARTS.

Government Successes.

INSURGENTS DESPERATE.

Their Strongholds Lost.

THE END NOT YET.

Women to the Rescue.

FRANCE.

RUMORED FALL OF MONTROUGE.

LONDON, April 12.—5 A. M.—The *Times'* Paris special says: A report was widely spread last night that Montrouge had been taken.

A great

OFFENSIVE MOVEMENT

by the Versailles troops was expected to take place to-day, Wednesday.

ASSEMBLY REGRETS.

The Assembly adopted a resolution expressing regret that it was not enabled to assist at the funerals of the Generals killed by the insurgents.

GUNBOATS IN ACTION.

NEW YORK, April 12.—The special correspondents telegraphed from Paris yesterday afternoon that on Monday night five gunboats at Port de La Concorde got up steam and went into action. There was heavy firing. The result is unknown.

FIRING FROM THE FORTS.

Yesterday morning at six o'clock the firing from the forts was furiously renewed. The Versailles troops are accused of using explosive bullets, some being found in the fort Vanvres.

TRAITORS AMONG THE GUARDS.

At fort Issy it was discovered that the bolts on the gates were drawn or broken off proving the existence of traitors among the National Guards.

A MEETING OF WOMEN.

is to be held to-night for the purpose of organizing a defence of Paris.

D'Ambrouski has issued orders that no one shall leave Paris without leave.

PRUSSIANS REINFORCED.

The Prussians at St. Denis have been reinforced with five thousand men. They will, however, respect the treaty of Versailles.

A FRESH PROCLAMATION BY THIERS.

Thiers issued a fresh proclamation, in which he says: Generals MacMahon, L'Admirault and Cissy have all taken their commands, and General Vinoy heads the reserves. The army increases every day. The President and Assembly have a good understanding, and are devoted to their works. Pay no attention to the false reports to the contrary. It is not true that a fresh conspiracy has broken out in our ranks. Only the insurgents are perfidious. Irresistible measures, however, are in preparation to end the effusion of blood. Good citizens are assured that for themselves they have nothing to fear.

A DECISIVE BLOW TO BE STRUCK.

Last night a correspondent telegraphed from Versailles as follows: "To-night a blow is to be struck which the authorities hope will restore Paris to the lawful Government."

THE ATTACK ON FORT MONTROUGE.

Fort Montrouge was attacked by the army of Versailles at ten o'clock this forenoon, and the violent cannonade is yet in progress.

LEADERS OF THE INSURRECTION ON TRIAL.

MARSEILLES, April 11.—The trial of the leaders of the insurrection which recently occurred in this city was commenced to-day, and the cases of M. M. Pelissiere and Cremieux will be decided by Thursday. Tranquility prevails.

LEAVING FOR HOME.

LONDON, April 12.—The *Echo*, of Cologne, says: The French prisoners are leaving Germany for home at the rate of one thousand per day. The *Echo* adds that only those who are known to be favorable to the Vesailles Government are allowed to depart.

THE OLD IMPERIAL GUARD.

Twelve thousand men of the old Imperial Guard are ready to march at a moment's notice, and if unsuccessful, twelve thousand more of the same guard will be ready in ten days. There are over eighty thousand men at Versailles.

PLACARDS TORN DOWN.

The placards of conciliation were torn down yesterday morning.

The insurgents unsuccessfully attempted to draw the Versailles troop into a trap at Asniers.

THE SARTORY CAMP RAISED.

LONDON, April 12.—A special from Versailles to the *Daily News* says that the Sartory camp has been raised, and that the troops will march to Paris.

THE PROGRAMME.

The spies of the Versailles Government, who have been busily at work in Paris, have arranged the following programme: Eighteen thousand loyal National Guards in Paris are to be organized at a fixed hour. Six thousand will attack the Hotel de Ville, six thousand Belleville, and six thousand Montmartre. At the same moment a grand attack on Porte Maillot will be made from Versailles, and an effort made to get possession. At Lazaro Station large reserves will be ready.

General Vinoy will take supreme command of the Corps de Main. The authorities are sanguine of success. The soldiers and sailors are to form the leading attacking column.

PRUSSIAN BATTERY.

The Prussians have established a battery at St. Denis, the guns of which point toward Paris.

REPORTED ASSASSINATION.

The Cure of the Church of Madeline is reported to have been assassinated by a Prussian mob.

CHURCH PILLAGED.

A special dispatch from Paris to the London *Telegraph* says the Church of Notre Dame De Lorelle has been pillaged and arrests are increasing.

THE RECONNAISANCE.

A dispatch from Paris says that reports from Gen. Dombrowski assert that the result of the Versaillist roconnaisance at Asnieres has been greatly exaggerated.

Severe measures are to be adopted against the refractory Nationals.

Several companies of the Commune Guard are encamped at Asineres, and the rest of the insurgent forces are intrenched.

DISTURBANCE AT ST. DENIS.

PARIS, April 12.—Yesterday a Sergeant of the National Guard wounded a Prussian at St. Denis. A conflict ensued between the French and Prussians, and some members of the Commune soon made their appearance with a flag of truce, but the Prussians declined to recognize it. The disturbance, however, soon ceased.

THE CANNONADE.

The cannonade before Paris has recommenced, and many shells are falling about Porte Maillat and in the Champs Elysees.

QUIET BEFORE THE CITY.

VERSAILLES, April 12.—The cannonading about Paris was less frequent to-day, and nothing of importance transpired.

FIGHTING GOING ON.

PARIS, April 12—Noon—via London 10:30 P. M.—A loud and uninterrupted cannonading has been kept up since last evening between Chatillon and the Southern forts. The infantry is also engaged and the noise of mitrailleuses and musketry has been incessant since five o'clock this morning. Fighting is now going on in the Bois de Bologne and Asnieres.

COMMUNE REINFORCEMENTS.

The Commune are forwarding reinforcements to the troops engaged, and the wounded are coming in. Losses heavy.

CLAIM A VICTORY.

Official reports of the Commune claim that the Versailles forces were repulsed on Tuesday evening in the attack on the Southern forts, and that their loss was heavy while that of the Communists were light. The Commune believe the attack was intended to carry Mailiot Gate by surprise.

IMPORTANT RUMORS.

A rumor comes from the vanguard in the southern part of the city that the Communists have lost the park of Issy, where they were concentrated, and that the commandant of Fort D'Issy has been shot by his own men.

WOMEN CALLING ON THE GUARDS TO FIGHT—PENSIONS PROMISED.

[Tribune Special.]

PARIS, April 11.—The Official Journal publishes an appeal from sundry women adjuring the Guards to fight to the last extremity. The same journal publishes a degree promising pensions of 600 francs to the wives of National Guardsmen killed and 365 francs for each child. Other relatives are also promised pensions in certain cases.

WILL ONLY INTERFERE FOR MONEY.

BERLIN, April 12.—The official journal today says Germany will only interfere in the domestic affairs of France when it shall become necessary for the collection of money due to herself.

ENGLAND.

STEAMER ARRIVED.

LONDON, April 12.—The steamer Baltimore from Baltimore touched Southampton en route to Bremen.

NAPOLEON SICK.

LONDON, April 12.—Napoleon is ill at Chiselhurst, and has been confined to his room several days.

AUSTRIA.

AMERICAN CONDOLENCE.

VIENNA, April 12.—Mr. Jay, the Minister of the United States, has received by cable a dispatch from President Grant expressing deep regret at the painful loss to Austria by the death of Admiral Tegethoff.

BELGIUM.

PEACE CONFERENCE.

BRUSSELS, April 12.—The Representative of the Grand Duchy of Baden in the Peace Conference has arrived at this city. No meeting of the Conference will be held this week.

THE CAPITAL.

The New Loan.

SUPREME COURT DOINGS.

Southern Claims Commission.

CONFIRMATIONS.

Synopsis of the Weather.

WASHINGTON, April 12, 1871.

THE NEW LOAN.

The subscriptions to the new loan to-day were $350,000, the larger portion of which is in small sums from private parties.

A VISIT.

The Captain of the Austrian frigate Navarre, now at Annapolis, paid a visit to to the Secretary of the Navy to-day.

EMIGRATION FROM FRANCE.

It is expected that a large emigration to the United States will take place during the coming summer from the French population of Alsace and that portoin of Lorraine annexed to Germany. Letters received by French residents of Washington from their friends in those provinces state that the desire to emigrate is strong, not only among the poor, but among the middle classes who possess small properties in towns and in the country districts. With a view of encouraging this movement, a number of French gentlemen living in New York and Washington are endeavoring to form an organization and raise capital to buy large tracts of land and settle upon them agricultural and manufacturing colonies of their countrymen. Their attention is chiefly directed to East Tennessee, Northern Georgia and Alabama.

THE WEATHER.

"Synopsis for the past twenty-four hours—The storm which on Tuesday evening was in Central New York has moved northeastward beyond our stations. A short and severe gale prevailed in portions of the Middle States on Tuesday night. Brisk westerly winds are now reported on the Lakes and East Atlantic. The light rains and snow that were experienced on Tuesday night on the lower Lakes are to-day followed by partially cloudy weather. The weather remains cloudy with a low barometer on the Gulf. Clear weather has prevailed in the Southern States. The weather remains the same at the Rocky Mountains and on the Pacific stations as far as heard from. *Probabilities.*—Partially cloudy weather with light winds will probably be experienced on Thursday in the Middle and Southern States and the Mississippi valley. Cloudy weather and fresh westerly winds on the lakes and fresh winds on the East Atlantic.

SOUTHERN CLAIMS.

The Southern Claims Commission held its second public session to-day. Several cases were set for a future hearing, and the Commission then took up the claim of Sixth Auditor Martin, of the Post Office Department, for mules, wagon, and various articles taken from his plantation in Alabama during Greerson's raid through Mississippi and Alabama. The question of their jurisdiction over claims for occupied buildings in Southern States was presented by the attorney present, but the Commissioners declined to answer until a case involving the point came up for jurisdiction. The Commission gave public notice of their desire to have petitions addressed to them for allowance of claims, accompanied by all the written evidence of whatever character in possession of the claimants. They also decided that the rules did not require the ironclad oath attached to petitions to wholly be in writing, but that the printed form may be used.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate confirmed the following nominations: Ruben S. Kendall, Consul at Strasburg; Wm. J. Smith, Surveyor of Customs Memphis Tennessee; M. Grenager, Assessor of Internal Revenue for First District Missouri; E. M. Gibson, Indian Agent Washington Territory; G. S. Chase, Indian Agent Creek Indians; H. W. Summerland, Register of the Land Office Lincoln Nebraska; Wm. R. Bates Register of the Land Office East Saginaw Michigan; R. L. Warren, Receiver of Public Monies East Saginaw Michigan; Postmasters, H. Norbon, Palo Illinois; Jas. M. Cumback, Shelbyville Indiana; M. W. Coulter, Baxter Springs Kansas.

JUSTICE NELSON ILL.

Justice Clifford announced in the Supreme Court this morning that in consequence of the indisposition of Justice Nelson the Legal Tender cases, which were set apart for to-day, would not be now heard.

CHICAGO.

The Scanland Tragedy.

CHICAGO, April 12.—It was expected that the grand jury now in session here, this morning would pass upon the case of Percy A. Leonard for killing his brother-in-law, Dr. Scanland, but owing to the illness of Miss Virginia Leonard, sister of the prisoner, who is an important witness, the grand jury has postponed action in the case until its next session, a month hence.

NOT YET RECOVERED.

The body of Captain Frank Green, who was lost in the tug S. V. R. Watson, has not yet been recovered, although increasing efforts have been made to obtain it.

SUICIDE.

A wholesale and retail liquor dealer named James Plemkett, doing business at 516 West Madison street, committed suicide this morning at about eleven o'clock by shooting himself through the heart. Temporary insanity caused by depression in business was the cause which led to the act. He was a young man highly respected, and a leading man in the Catholic church.

DUAL RAILROAD SLAUGHTER.

A man and woman, names unknown, were run over and killed by the cars this evening. They were walking into the city from Hyde Park upon the Illinois Central track, which is a double one, when they were met by two trains going in different directions. In their terror and confusion they failed to get clear of either track, and so were run over, their bodies being terribly mutilated. The woman was instantly killed, and the man died in half an hour. They were strangers, apparently emigrants, and nothing was found leading to their identification.

LEGISLATIVE.

The Illinois Senate to-day by a vote of 22 to 18 concurred in the resolution passed by the House several days since to hold the adjourned session of the Legislature in Chicago in November next.

INDICTED.

The grand jury to-day indicted the Grand Gift Concert of the Milwaukee Musical Society as a lottery. Several Kentucky lotteries which have offices in this city were also indicted.

TEXAS.

Indian Outrages—Collision between Mexican and United States Troops.

GALVESTON, April 12.—A special dispatch from Austin, Texas, to the Galveston *News* says Keard & Miller's train loaded with bacon from Chihuahua, from Fort Bacon, was attacked near the boundary by a band of Indians. Keard, his wife and five other Americans were killed. Frontier troops pursued the murderers across the boundary into the United States, and killed and captured eighty. The United States troops at Fort Goodwin went to protect the Indians, and came into collision with the Mexican soldiers. A fight ensued, in which the commanding officer at Fort Goodwin and forty American soldiers were killed. The Mexican soldiers numbered two hundred.

WHEELING.

A Mail Steamer Ashore.

WHEELING, April 12.—The Wheeling and Parkersburg Mail Company's steamer Express that was blown aground while landing at Proctar last evening, is still hard and fast. All efforts to relieve her have proven useless. She is hard aground all along one side and lies straight fore and aft, but as the water declines she careens to the larboard side. It is feared she is resting on some pickets, and her owners intend proping and blocking her up to prevent any further damage.

The steamer New State will that her place in the mail trade until a rise in the river releases her from her position.

MEMPHIS.

Fraudulent Railroad Bonds.

MEMPHIS, April 12.—A bill was filed in the Chancery Court to-day by Col. Adams, President of the Memphis and Ohio railroad, to compel J. M. Tominy or his securities to produce six bonds, alleged to be fraudulently issued by him whilst Secretary of that road, he having offered them for sale a few days since.

FROST.

A slight frost occurred last night but little damage to the fruits and vegetables is apprehended.

COLUMBUS.

Ohio State Legislature.

COLUMBUS, April 12—Dagerty's bill to provide for the inspection of coal mines failed to be engrossed in the Senate to-day, and is virtually dead.

A fight has been going on all day in the House over the proposition to transfer the girls at the Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans Home at Xenia from that place to White Sulpher Springs. The majority of the House seem to be opposed to the removal.

BALTIMORE.

Decision Against the National Government.

BALTIMORE, April 12.—In the case of the United States, vs. the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company to recover 30,000 dollars tax on the interests of bonds the city of Baltimore issued to the company on account of a loan Judge Giles decides that the government could not tax the bonds in question as they were issued by the municipality as a part of the sovereignty of the State.

ST. LOUIS.

Railroad Accident.

ST. LOUIS, April 12.—A locomotive, two baggage and one passenger cars were thrown from the North Missouri Railroad track, seven miles from the city, last night, and the locomotive and tender and baggage car badly smashed. Nobody seriously injured.

TOWN ELECTION.

The Republicans of Springfield, Ill., elected the Mayor yesterday, but the Democrats elected all the other city officers.

BRIDGE COMPLETED.

The railroad and wagon bridge crossing the Mississippi river at Keokuk, Iowa,—the only wagon bridge crossing the river—was completed yesterday. Its cost is about one million dollars. The bridge has eleven piers, two abutments, and the longest draw span in the world, being 384 feet in length. In the centre are two spans 250 feet wide, for the passage of rafts.

THE LAST SPIKE.

The last spike on the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad was driven at Duvall's Bluff yesterday, and the road is soon to be open for business.

A DESPERADO CONVICTED.

Valentine Burke, a dangerous desperado, was convicted to-day in the United States Circuit Court of passing a large amount of bogus money. He is already under sentence of five years in the penitentiary for attempting to kill an officer over a year ago.

ROBBING THE MAIL.

To avoid arrest, Jas. and Wm. Haines, mail carriers between Iron Mountain and Poplar Bluff, in the southeastern part of Missouri, were brought here last night, charged with robbing the mail of a number of letters and a considerable sum of money found in their possession.

GREELEY FOR PRESIDENT.

The *Democrat* to-morrow will publish an article from L. U. Reaves, who has obtained considerable notoriety in connection with the removal of the National Capital, in which he nominates Horace Greeley for the Presidency in 1872. Mr. Reaves claims his candidate's universal popularity, the embodiment of ability, character, moral worth, and the requisites of a first-class man and Representative of American nationality and civilization.

THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, April 12.—River twenty feet six inches, fallen eighteen inches; eighty-one feet six inches in the bridge space. Arrived—Charmer from Evansville; Silver Moon from Memphis; Wauanita from St. Louis; Messenger from New Orleans. Departed—Charmer for Evansville; St. Mary for New Orleans; Minneola for Memphis; Wauanita for Pittsburgh. Clear and cool.

LOUISVILLE, April 12.—River falling very slowly; 6 feet 2 inches in Chute and 8 feet 2 inches in canal. Clear and cool. Business dull. Arrived: Edinburg, Red River; Mary Houston, New Orleans; Nightingale, Arkansas River; Potomac, Dale; Robinson, Cincinnati; Garrett and barges, Wheeling. Departed: Edingburg, Cincinnati; Kate Robinson, St. Louis; Potomac, New Orleans. Leave to-morrow: Houston for New Orleans; Nightingale for Arkansas River. Tow boat Tom Reese and barges passed up to Cincinnati; Eagle came in from Pittsburgh with coal and started back; Painter arrived from Cairo and returns to-morrow with coal; Dwight and Newcomb came from Evansville and returned with tow of coal; H. Clay Willson is descending the Falls with nine barges of salt. Barge Lioness struck the left hand reef above the bridge, and sunk in five minutes in the big eddy near where the Bodman lies. Loss $6,000 including cargo of about 2,000 bushels of salt. J. W. Garrett broke her piston head and will be repaired and leave to-morrow for St. Louis.

EVANSVILLE, April 12.—Weather clear and pleasant. River rising slowly. Port list—J. H. Grossbeck, New Orleans to Louisville last night; Mollie Ebert, Pittsburgh to New Orleans; Falls City, Bowling Green to Louisville; Liberty and barges up; Fayette, Henderson and return; Robert Burns, Memphis to Cincinnati; Morning Star, Louisville and return; Mary Ament, Cannelton and return; Glencoe and Kate Kinney, Louisville to New Orleans; Idlewood to Cairo; George W. Thomas to Clarksville. Mollie Ebert collided on Monday night with the Cowan and barges below Salt river sustaining considerable damage which she repaired here.

ST. LOUIS, April 12.—Arrived—Minnesota, from Lake Pepin; Julia, from Vicksburg; Andy Johnson, from Keokuk; City of Pekin and Champion, from Cincinnati; Dexter and Comet, from Ohio River; Jas. Howard, Pauline Carroll and H. S. Turner, from New Orleans; Beaver and barges, from Illinois River. Departed—City of Pekin, for Peoria; Anna, for Cincinnati; Grand Tower, for Memphis; Andy Johnson, for Keokuk; Sucker State, for St. Paul; Florence, Upper Mississippi; Gen. Anderson, for Mound City. River stationary. Weather alternately clear, cloudy and warm.

CAIRO, April 12.—H. S. Turner, New Orleans to St. Louis, 11 P. M.; Belle Memphis, Memphis to St. Louis, 2 A. M.; John A. Wood, Louisville to New Orleans, 2; Sallie, Arkansas river to St. Louis, 3; Grand Lake No. 2, Baton Rouge to Louisville; Belle Pittsburgh, to St. Louis, 7; Grand Lake, Cincinnati to St. Louis; S. Colorado, St. Louis to Vicksburg, 3 P. M.; Tyrone, Nashville packet, 6; Arkansas Belle, Evansville packet, 7; City of Alton, St. Louis to New Orleans. River stationary. Weather clear. Mercury 68.

MEMPHIS, April 12.—Weather clear. Mercury seventy degrees. River fell six inches. Arrived—Cleburne from Arkansas; Alice Dean and Sam Hale from Cincinnati. Departed—Allen and Arkansas Belle for St Louis; Commonwealth for St. Louis; Bellfast for Cincinnati; Glasgow for Louisville; Dexter and Robert Mitchell for New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, April 12.—Arrived—Virginia and Indiana, Louisville; Shannon, Bigley and Horner, Pittsburgh; Yerger, St. Louis; Seminole, White river. Departed—Olive Branch, St. Louis; Argosy, Cincinnati.

VICKSBURG, April 12.—The Belle Lee passed down this morning. Warm and clear. River rising slowly.

NASHVILLE.

Death on the Rails.

NASHVILLE, April 12.—Preston Eubanks, baggage master lost his life this morning by falling from the Edgefield and Kentucky train which ran over him. The Louisville train leaving later picked up his remains and left them at the Edgefield Junction. He was a respectable citizen of this county.

SCRANTON.

Rioters Giving Themselves Up to the Authorities.

SCRANTON, April 12.—The two rioters Glanis and Dolan gave themselves up to the authorities this morning, giving bail in the sum of $3000, leading miners being their bondsmen.

Strikes.

The effect of strikes, in Great Britain, it is asserted, has been to drive business away from that country, and many manufacturers, it is stated, have closed their establishments in England, and have organized others in Belgium, where the men will work on acceptable terms. English capitalists, it is reported, now contract with the establishments on the continent of Europe, for machinery and iron work, of which, ten years ago, England enjoyed the entire monopoly. The committee of a new hospital, now erecting in London, it is stated, recently contracted with a firm in Norway for the entire wood work of the building, and the window sashes, frames and shutters are fitted and put together abroad, and brought over to England ready to be inserted in the masonry. The cause of this unusual state of affairs is attributed to the fact that none of the English builders could be induced to send in proposals for the work, in consequence of the uncertain condition of the standard of wages. The street cars running in London, it is reported, were manufactured in Copenhagen, from models brought from New York. In the coal and iron districts of the middle counties of England, a large iron bridge just erected, was constructed in Belgium, the estimates for the work being lower than those of the manufacturers in the neighborhood.

A New York Institution.

The New York *Commercial* gives a Wall street rumor that the President of one of the oldest financial institutions, the name of which it withholds, has recently resigned his position from an inability to countenance the manner in which the affairs of the establishment have for some time been conducted; that a discrepancy of $15,000 was lately discovered in the books of a clerk, but that no action was taken upon it, and the clerk still retains his position; that the cashier is most irregular in his method of conducting business; that he has allowed brokers to overdraw from two to three millions of dollars; that he invariably gives them accommodation in preference to merchants; that the law regarding the retention of a sufficient reserve fund in gold is systematically neglected, and so the interests of depositors are seriously engendered. The cashier, in fact is paramount—loaning money without consulting the President, whom he completely ignores, and running the bank in the interest of a broker, without check, and his bank books rarely looked into.

Remarkable Spring.

A correspondent sends to the *Journal of Chemistry* the following account of a remarkable spring in Texas:

About sixty miles north of Galena, near the town of Liberty, there is a spring, the water of which is quite acid, simulating lemonade, and those who taste it like it so much that they drink it almost immoderately. When you feel hot, it is quite delicious; and under any circumstances, whether you are hot or cold, the drinking of it produces perspiration, with no unpleasant effects afterward. The spring has no apparent outlet or inlet, It is probably sixty feet across it, and it is covered with a white froth or foam, which upon close examination appears like cream of tartar on a winecase. It kills insects, worms and other small animals that come near and use it. No fish or other evidence of life is seen within its waters.

JOHN PAUL ON WHEAT.

He Tarries in Chicago, Buys "Long" and is Sold "Short."

Generally speaking, wheat is a very good grain. It shows well in the field and in the statistical reports; it looks well in stacks, and especially well in graneries; and when well ground, methodically kneeded, judiciously baked, and properly browned and buttered into toast, there is no one who would speak more respectfully, not to say enthusiastically, of the vegetable than I would. For I am, in the main, too well bred to do otherwise. But as an article of commerce, a medium for speculation, I am emphatically down on the whole institution, both "winter" and "spring;" the one has proven "the winter of my discontent," while the other has "sprung" a trap on me not unlike that projected over unwary birds which nibble at the same bait. These remarks may seem severe, but they drop as naturally from me as the kernels would from a head of wheat that has been well threshed.

As everybody knows, I am the son of rich but respective parents. I started in life with this talismanic maxim for money making: Buy when everyone is selling; sell when everyone is buying. Well, some weeks since, wheat, which had been very buoyant, suddenly fell. Everyone was selling. I had a little money, and, confiding in my golden rule, "pitched in" and bought at "85." Very soon the staple commodity dropped to 78. Now, thought I, is the time to get an "average;" so mortgaging the first lot I bought more, and I'll venture to say that no old lady ever prayed so devoutly for her bread to rise as I did for my wheat. But still it dropped. The fault they said was in the East—(excuse the pun, if the pun is obvious)—until, as it still kept dropping, I thought it my duty to go into Chicago and put a stop to it. The first greeting that met me as I stepped into the Tremont House was a telegram on the bulletin board—"Wheat is flat." Wheat probably was flat enough, but this announcement struck me as being rather a sharp truth. At half past eleven I went down on "change." It is, perhaps, needless to say that I found things materially changed since I had bought. Wheat had heated in the warehouses, they said. Enigmatic reference was made to "stump tail." Buyers were offering fifty-five; everybody appeared to be buying; therefore, I sold. The result may be summed up thus:

Two months ago I had money and no wheat. Subsequently I had wheat and no money. Now, by the Lord, I have neither! The second lot was a poor lot—as poor, in fact, as the second edition of Pharaoh's kine, once it swallowed the first. But I bought it to make an average, and I made it.

An Honest Confession from England.

Certain simple-minded Americans habitually regard the English with a reverence similar to that which some of the old Peruvians displayed toward their Spanish conquerors and plunderers.

A willingness to worship the foreign thieves as being of an intelligence higher than human, to yield to them the treasures and fruits of the country, to point out for their benefit any weak spots in the national defences, to perform menial offices for them—these amiable traits formerly belonging to those of the South American Indians who were least affected by local prejudices, seem at present to be enjoyed in considerable perfection by the North American free-traders.

Doubtless, the idea that independent nationality is more precious than rubies, not to say more precious than a slight percentage of saving through the purchase of shoddy cloth or rotten railroad iron, would have been as hard to instil into the noddle of a Peruvian Judas as into that of Commissioner—well, we will mention no name.

To those of our readers who respect English philosophy, and who love to drink in commercial wisdom from English oracles, we commend an extract from the last publication of John Ruskin, the famous English writer upon art, who, in his book upon political economy entitled "Fors Clavigera," thus confesses:

England, he says, is "afraid of the Russians, afraid of the Prussians, afraid of the Americans, afraid of the Hindoos, afraid of the Chinese, afraid of the Japanese, afraid of the New Zealanders, and afraid of the Caffres; and very justly so, *being conscious that our only real desire respecting any of these nations has been to get as much out of them as we could.*"

That this frank admission, which we italicize, will open the eyes of any good, solid, bigoted believer in Manchester philanthropy and logic, and in the broad, fraternizing influences of free trade, we hardly expect, for of such it may usually be said, "Ephraim is joined to his idols, let him alone." To those honest disciples of English free trade, however, in whom the springs of common sense are not yet entirely dried up, and who still have lucid intervals, we offer our extract without further comment.

A Brilliant Suggestion.

The Cincinnati *Commercial*, having worked as hard for the demolition of the Republican party as the pay it may have received for that purpose might warrant, has concluded to see what it can do towards bringing dissension into a distinguished family circle. With this purpose it propounds the following:

Chas. Francis Adams is a Republican, and his son, John Quincy Adams, is a Democrat, They both deserve to be called statesmen in the large sense of the word. The former is probably the ablest man in the Republican party, and the other is probably the ablest man in the Democratic party. Now, why would it not be a good thing for the two rival parties to nominate these distinguished men as their respective candidates for the Presidency? Both of them have already received high honors from the parties to which they belong—Charles Francis having been Minister to England, and John Quincy having been four times the candidate of the Democracy of Massachusetts for Governor of the State. If they were both nominated, according to our suggestion, we would be sure of having one or the other of them in the Presidency; and with either of them in that position we would be sure of having a President of ability and honesty. What do the Republicans say to the nomination of the eminent statesman, Charles Francis Adams? What do the Democrats say to the nomination of their gallant standard bearer, John Quincy Adams?

Improved Manufacture of Steel.

Mr. C. L. Franke, of Finsbury, has just patented the following chemical mixture for making steel of high quality:—26.9 parts of boracic acid, 21.5 parts of spathose iron ore, 13.4 parts of hydro-chlorate of soda, 10.3 parts prussiate of potash, 8.6 parts peroxide of manganese, 6.1 parts of dry carbonate of soda, 3.9 parts of magnetic iron ore, 3.7 parts of graphite, 2.8 parts of cyanide of potassium, 2.8 parts of red iron ore. Total parts, 100.

Cast-iron is melted in a puddling or similar furnace, together with 7 or 8 per cent. of hammer slag, and 1 to 2 per cent. of the chemical mixture. The metal is well rabbled so as to thoroughly mix it with the chemicals. When it boils, as it will do under this treatment, a further quantity of the chemical mixture is added, say about 1 per cent. Afterwards the metal is balled up, and it may then be hammered or squeezed and rolled into bars in the usual way. This steel may in the form of puddled ball or otherwise be melted in crucibles for the manufacture of cast-steel; sometimes the puddled balls or other blocks or pieces of steel are heated and sprinkled with about 1 per cent. of the chemical mixture. A number of puddled balls are then welded together, and drawn down so as to obtain a forging of any required shape.—*Railway Times.*

Progress in Hanging.

The *N. Y. Tribune* says: It is only our duty as journalists to chronicle all improvements in the Fine Art of Strangulation. In Greenwood county, Kansas, the "Vigilance Committee" having seized "eight men known to be thieves," shot three of them, the remainder being reserved for a more effective and original dispatch. They were, in fact, hung up by the heels and left to perish leisurely by cerebral congestion. Whatever the soft-hearted may think of the humanity of this method, it is impossible to deny its originality; unless, indeed, the process has been borrowed from the Romans, who sometimes crucified criminals in a like inverted position. A cursory examination of the Mosaic law has not revealed to us Divine authority for the Kansas style of working off the condemned; but whenever that has in its turn become cheap and common, the Old Testament is a perfect mine of hints, of which modern executioners may avail themselves.

An Enterprising Firm Dissolved.

Two porters, aged 18 and 22 respectively, of a Broadway clothing house, says the New York *Times*, have long been in the habit of selling their employers' goods and pocketing the proceeds, their opportunity coming during two or three hours of the morning, in which they had sole charge. But this business being too small for them, they actually set up a branch store of their own in Chicago, with two partners to manage it, while they supplied it with stolen goods from their employers. They had planned also a hat store in Brooklyn, to be supported like the other, by the involuntary contributions of their unlucky Broadway principals. But the Chicago partners proved recreant to their trust, sold out the stock, amounting to about twenty thousand dollars, and decamped with the money, and the porters were compelled to return to their primitive plan of selling in the morning "in order to get square." Meantime, the Broadway firm, missing goods constantly, put detectives on the watch, who have just arrested the ambitious young merchants.

THE "lean and hungry Cassius," whom Cæsar "liked not," did not drink Pier, Dannals & Co.'s Cream Ale; on the contrary, he was a high dignitary of the Good Templars, and an active member of the Anti-License Society of those times; so he *drank it straight and alone.*

FISTULA AND PILES cured without caustic or the knife, at Dr. Keyser's office for chronic diseases, 167 Liberty street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH April 12th, 1871.
☞ THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend, No. 40, of THREE (3) PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable Monday, 17th inst.
ap13:q23 A. P. McGREW, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION — The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of McCLELLAN, HARRISON & CO., was dissolved on April 10, 1871, by mutual consent.
The business will be carried on by H. R. McCLELLAN & CO., 362 Penn street, who alone are authorized to settle the business of the late firm.
H. R. McCLELLAN & CO.
ap13:q24 JAMES HARRISON.

Joseph R. Hunter,
MERCHANDIZE BROKER,
231 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Agent for Procter & Gamble's Lard Oil.
ap13:q27

NEXT SABBATH
The Morning Call,
A NEW WEEKLY PAPER,
Will make SOME THINGS NEW that are now OLD. See the
MORNING CALL.
JOHN C. HARPER.
ap13:q25

Warden, Frew & Co.
OFFICES:
111 WALNUT STREET, Philadelphia.
SEVENTH & DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsb'gh.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN
PETROLEUM.
Warehouse, Point Breeze, Schuylkill River, Philadelphia.
Shipments of Crude and Refined Oil solicited. Advances made on consignments. ap13:n60

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,
Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,
(NEAR THE POINT,)
Hugh M. Bole & Co.,
PROPRIETORS,
Manufacturers of Steamboat and Stationery Engines of all kinds.
Special attention is invited to their new Stationery Oil Well Engine and Portable Boiler, 15 horse power.
Castings of all kinds can be had on short notice and warranted to be of the best metals.

Sharpsburg Academy
FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.
Located at Sharpsburg, Allegheny county, Pa., five miles from Federal street Allegheny City, on the line of the West Penna. Railroad.
Calendar.
1st Term commences May 2d, 1871, (3 months.)
2d Term commences Sept. 4th 1871, (4 months.)
3d Term commences Jan. 8th, 1872, (3 months.)
Tuition.
FIRST AND THIRD TERMS.
Primary Department........................$10.00
Higher Departments........................15.00
SECOND TERM.
Primary Department........................15.00
Higher Department........................20.00
Special advantages given to teachers wishing to review their studies in the Normal Department.
For Circulars and particulars address either of the Principals.
ap13:26 Principals. Rev. W. C. FALCONER, A. M. GEO. T. McCORD.

REMOVAL.
BRUGGEMAN & O'BRIEN
HAVE REMOVED THEIR
Prroduce Commission House,
FROM 299 TO (White Front)
215 Liberty Street,
OPPOSITE FOOT OF SIXTH AVENUE
Where they will be pleased to see their friends and purchasers of Produce, Seeds, etc. ap13:p23

PARASOLS!
PARASOLS!
PARASOLS!
Jos. Horne & Co.,
RETAIL STORE.
Have now in Stock and receiving daily all the new Spring and Summer styles
PARASOLS,
Buff and White Pongee Silk,
With Fringe and Ruffling, Colored and White Lining. Plain White Silk Parasols, with White and Colored Lining and Ivory Handles.
Latest Novelty.
WHITE FRENCH SWISS PARASOL,
With Ruffling, trimmed with Lace, and Colored Silk Lining.
Black Silk Parasols, &c.
SUN UMBRELLAS.
Lace Parasol Covers.
Lace Parasol Covers.
Lace Parasol Covers.
HORNE & CO.,
197 and 199 PENN STREET.
ap13:p64

THIRD LIST OF APPLICATIONS to sell Liquors, filed in the Clerk's office, 1871.

PITTSBURGH.

Name. Kind. Place.
Wm. Clinton, tavern, 1st ward.
John Keller, tavern, 1st ward.
John Drew, tavern, 1st ward.
Charles P. Mugle, tavern, 1st ward.
Patrick Reagan, tavern, 1st ward.
Charles Barbauch, tavern, 1st ward.
Fred Meyer, tavern, 1st ward.
F. C. Weigand, tavern, 1st ward.
H. H. Nesland, tavern, 1st ward.
Wm. Brill, tavern, 1st ward.
Thoms Durkin, tavern, 1st ward.
Henry Meyer, tavern, 1st ward.
Fred Weidmyer & Co., tavern, 1st ward.
Martin Joise, tavern, 1st ward.
M. Munhall & Co., o. g., 1st ward.
Marie Evert, o. g., 1st ward.
Steven Vollmer, tavern, 2d ward.
Frank Blessing, tavern, 2d ward.
Daniel McWilliams, tavern, 2d ward.
Fred'k Schumaker, tavern, 2d ward.
Harry Shirls, tavern, 2d ward.
B. Reineman & Son, tavern, 2d ward.
Thomas Murray, tavern, 2d ward.
Michael Powers, tavern, 2d ward.
Peter Ashurst, tavern, 2d ward.
Joseph McKee, tavern, 2d ward.
John Smith, tavern, 2d ward.
James Sherran, tavern, 2d ward.
G. F. Hochswender, tavern, 2d ward.
John Simpson, tavern, 2d ward.
John McD. Crossan, tavern, 2d ward.
Ernest Nickel, tavern, 2d ward.
Joseph Levi, o. g., 2d ward.
Anton Huneck, tavern, 3d ward.
John Wilhelm, tavern, 3d ward.
Henry Benz, tavern, 3d ward.
Jos. Reinhardt, tavern, 3d ward.
Emil Siedle, tavern, 3d ward.
John T. Kiepner, tavern, 3d ward.
Edward Coyle, e. h., 3d ward.
Aug't Witthauer, e. h., 3d ward.
A. B. Bihlman, e. h., 3d ward.
Dierker & Thompson, o. g., 3d ward.
Jacob Dingle, o. g., 3d ward.
Robt. Lyons, o. g., 3d ward.
Francis McDonald, tavern, 4th ward.
John Smyth, tavern, 4th ward.
Jos. Eckel, tavern, 4th ward.
Nave & Fortney, tavern, 4th ward.
Samuel Hare, tavern, 4th ward.
Wm. Rueckelsen, tavern, 4th ward.
A. Glockner, o. g., 4th ward.
Gottlieb Massey, tavern, 4th ward.
Morgan R. Bryan, tavern, 4th ward.
Jerry Driscoll, tavern, 5th ward.
Albert Stehley, tavern, 5th ward.
Conrad Sontag, tavern, 5th ward.
Patrick Langen, tavern, 5th ward
Jerry Coughlin, tavern, 5th ward.
Anthony Young, tavern, 5th ward.
David Herbert, tavern, Fifth ward.
John O'Brien, tavern, 5th ward.
Thos. Maloney, tavern, 5th ward.
Thos. L. Gleason, e. h., 5th ward.
John Levell, o. g., 5th ward.
H. McSwiggen, o. g., 5th ward.
Morris Flinn, tavern, 5th ward.
John Marsula, tavern, 6th ward.
Geo. Sheiffe, tavern, 6th ward.
Maria Richard, tavern, 6th ward.
John M. Robitzer, tavern, 6th ward.
Mary Broderick, tavern, 7th ward.
Peter Spreyer, tavern, 7th ward.
August Brockman, tavern, 7th ward.
Michael Kelley, o. g., 7th ward.
Frank A Metz, tavern, 8th ward.
O. C. Traxell, tavern, 8th ward.
Julius Freudenberg, o. g., 8th ward.
Francis Gilmore, tavern, 9th ward.
H. Wagner, tavern, 9th ward.
John Neibauer, tavern, 9th ward.
Anthony Specht, tavern, 9th ward.
Frank Loffak, tavern, 9th ward.
Martin Ruh, tavern, 9th ward.
F. J. Unger, tavern, 9th ward.
John C. Schaupp, tavern, 9th ward.
Charles Engelkamp, tavern, 9th ward.
Mark Adam, e. h., 9th ward.
Michael Muhlbauer, e. h., 9th ward.
John McCambridge, tavern, 10th ward.
John Schrieber, tavern, 10th ward.
Henry J. Weber, tavern, 10th ward.
Abe Rhodes, tavern, 10th ward.
Patrick Murphy, tavern, 10th ward.
Owen Sullivan, tavern, 10th ward.
David O'Connor, tavern, 10th ward.
John Miller, e. h., 10th ward.
P. H. McClafferty, o. g., 10th ward.
H. Schnellbach, tavern, 11th ward.
Philip Schanzenbach, e. h., 11th ward.
Louis Roll, e. h., 11th ward.
Peter Kattenborn, e. h., 11th ward.
Theodore Wunch, o. g., 11th ward.
Daniel Dugan, tavern, 12th ward.
John Thiesen, tavern, 12th ward.
B. Haggerty, tavern, 12th ward.
John Cronin, tavern, 12th ward.
Ernest E. Bohnman, tavern, 12th ward.
Michael Maser, tavern, 12th ward.
Annie Madison, tavern, 12th ward.
Ann Sullivan, tavern, 12th ward.
Fred. Kaiser, e. h., 12th ward.
Charles Cole, o. g., 13th ward.
V. Koltenheiser, tavern, 14th ward.
Jos. McElhaney, tavern, 14th ward.
Albert Uhlmann, tavern, 14th ward.
Ed. Davis, tavern, 14th ward.
Mary Waidler, tavern, 15th ward.
Gottlieb Brosie, tavern, 15th ward.
James McCaffrey, tavern, 16th ward.
John Fraunholtz, tavern, 16th ward.
Casper Shoffaert, tavern, 16th ward.
P. A. Shuftig, tavern, 16th ward.
John Meyer, tavern, 17th ward.
John G. Fremel, tavern, 17th ward.
Fred Backhouse, o. g., 17th ward.
Christ. Ackerman, tavern, 19th ward.
Christ. House, tavern, 20th ward.
Mich. Berger, tavern, 20th ward.
Conrad Roderus, tavern, 23d ward.
Joseph Mankis, tavern, 23d ward.
Michael Jennings, tavern, Borough South Pitts.

The License Board will hear the above applications on WEDNESDAY, April 26th, 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M.
JOSEPH BROWNE, Clerk.
ap13
[Published in GAZETTE and *Post* only.]

FOURTH LIST, 1871, APPLICATIONS to sell Liquors, filed in the Clerk's office.

PITTSBURGH.

Wm. D. Bois, tavern, 1st ward.
James Hays, o. g., 1st ward.
Geo. Lantz, tavern, 2d ward.
C. Kenler, tavern, 2d ward.
James McDonald, tavern, 2d ward.
Adam Heyl, tavern, 2d ward.
James Campbell, tavern, 2d ward.
Casper Sauer, tavern, 3d ward.
Antoney Brigel, tavern, 3d ward.
E. Hess, tavern, 3d ward.
Fred. Gircker, tavern, 3d ward.
John Boyer, tavern, 3d ward.
John Diel, tavern, 3d ward.
Jacob Sigmund, tavern, 3d ward.
Fred. Lang, tavern, 3d ward.
Jos. Podany, tavern, 3d ward.
Henry Herdt, e. h., 3d ward.
Nich's Kelly, e. h., 3d ward.
J. J. Hatty, e. h., 3d ward.
Nich's Kress, o. g., 3d ward.
Jacob Rosenkrantz, o. g., 3d ward.
Joseph Raab, o. g., 3d ward.
Christ Schanzenbach, tavern, 4th ward.
John Pretting, tavern, 4th ward.
Lewis Kauffman, tavern, 4th ward.
Fred. Schotter, tavern, 4th ward.
John McIntyre, tavern, 4th ward.
Henry Stein, tavern, 4th ward.
G. Gessensmith, tavern, 4th ward.
Wm. Wessel, tavern, 4th ward.
Ann Froelich, tavern, 4th ward.
John P. Wacker, tavern, 4th ward.
John Bender, e. h., 4th ward.
Wm. Sedden, o. g., 4th ward.
J. H. Hespenheide, tavern, 4th ward.
Adam Gilg, tavern, 5th ward.
Frederick Fritsch, tavern, 5th ward.
Conrad Kunsel, tavern, 6th ward.
Mich. Glitch, tavern, 6th ward.
Phil. Wagner, tavern, 6th ward.
Geo. Froelich, tavern, 6th ward.
John Hamilton, tavern, 6th ward.
Peter Hess, tavern, 6th ward.
Dennis McAleer, tavern, 6th ward.
John Brose, tavern, 6th ward.
Patrick Craney, tavern, 6th ward.
Amend & Fairly, o. g., 6th ward.
Peter Dornberger, tavern, 7th ward.
H. Weckesser, o. g., 7th ward.
August Marshall, o. g., 8th ward.
Stephen Bittner, tavern, 9th ward.
James Patton, tavern, 9th ward.
Julius Weber, tavern, 9th ward.
John Shady, o. g., 9th ward.
James Getty, Jr., tavern, 9th ward.
W. H. Sutherland, tavern, 9th ward.

BOROUGHS.

Michael Alt, tavern, Allentown.
George Nau, tavern, Birmingham.
Joseph Weigand, tavern, Birmingham.
J. N. Schafer, tavern, Birmingham.
Ludwig Schmidt, tavern, Birmingham.
John Windstein, tavern, Birmingham.
Adam Moog, tavern, Birmingham.
Jacob Eisele, tavern, Birmingham.
Henry Ulrich, tavern, Birmingham.
George Long, tavern, Birmingham.
F. Albright, tavern, Birmingham.
Peter Koenig, tavern, Birmingham.
Franz Fisher, tavern, Birmingham.
Dan'l. Schenck, tavern, Birmingham.
James Mullin, tavern, Birmingham.
Frank Yeagel, tavern, Birmingham.
John C. Dittmer, tavern, Birmingham.
Domk. Maguire, tavern, Birmingham.
F. T. Kaufield & Bro., o. g., Birmingham.
Phil. Wund, tavern, Etna.
Eliz Hanna, tavern, Etna.
Nathan Bernhardt, o. g., Etna.
Jno. F. Bader, tavern, East Birmingham.
Henry Baker, tavern, East Birmingham.
Adam Roth, tavern, East Birmingham.
Conrad Matthiew, tavern, East Birmingham.
Geo. Kunkle, tavern, East Birmingham.
Cyrus Lapp, tavern, East Birmingham.
P. Metzler, tavern, East Birmingham.
Jacob Gommel, tavern, East Birmingham.
John Zoeller, tavern, East Birmingham.
John Fox, tavern, East Birmingham.
John D. Risser, tavern, East Birmingham.
Jacob Dietz, tavern, East Birmingham.
Elizh Ullrich, tavern, East Birmingham.
R. Krebs, tavern, East Birmingham.
Eliz Lloyd, e. h., East Birmingham.
H. Wilhelm, e. h., East Birmingham.
Herman Runk, o. g., East Birmingham.
Peter Schlegel, o. g., East Birmingham.
Geo. Engelking & Son, o. g., East Birmingham.
Daniel Braun, o. g., East Birmingham.
Rachel Kappler, tavern, Monongahela.
Thomas McQuaid, tavern, Monongahela.
Adam Dewald, tavern, Mt. Washington.
Christ Baker, tavern, McKeesport.
M. Slater, tavern, McKeesport.
Jane McAllister, tavern, McKeesport.
F. J. Landgraf, e. h., Millvale.
John Frederick, tavern, Ormsby.
John B. Lutz, tavern, Ormsby.
F. Rogers, tavern, Ormsby.
Blasius Rauch, tavern, South Pittsburgh.
Frederick Colwes, tavern, South Pittsburgh.
Adolph Seibel, tavern, South Pittsburgh.
John C. Rothe, tavern, South Pittsburgh.
John Graring, tavern, South Pittsburgh.
George J. Bridge, o. g., South Pittsburgh.
John A. Staff, o. g., South Pittsburgh.
Nich's. Steimer, tavern, St. Clair.
Joseph Hart, tavern, Sharpsburg.
Peter Meinert, tavern, Sharpsburg.
Geo. Mullen, tavern, Temperanceville.
Hetta Scharff, tavern, Temperanceville.
David Jericho, tavern, Temperanceville.
Mich'l. Rogers, tavern, Temperanceville.
Ann Blundon, tavern, Union.
Adam Wagner, tavern, West Pittsburgh.
Lewis Aurin, tavern, West Pittsburgh.
W. R. Lewis, e. h., West Elizabeth.

TOWNSHIPS.

Christ Fromm, tavern, Baldwin.
James Lord, tavern, Elizabeth.
Geo. Hopkins, tavern, Forward.
John Lunch, tavern, Hampton.
Geo. Truby, tavern, Harrison.
Geo. Hagerly, e. h., Harrison.
Francis Hulton, tavern, Indiana.
Christian Meyer, tavern, Indiana.
Jacob Bronder, tavern, Lower St. Clair.
R. R. Bell, tavern, Lower St. Clair.
Frank Wolff, tavern, McClure.
Peter Spielman, tavern, Mifflin.
John Kniss, tavern, Mifflin.
Peter Smith, tavern, Mifflin.
B. Altmyer, tavern, Mifflin.
Ann McCormick, tavern, North Versailles.
Thos Lawrence, tavern, North Versailles.
J. Schick, tavern, Reserve.
Chas. King, tavern, Reserve.
Jas. White, tavern, Shaler.
Andrew McQuitty, tavern, Scott.
Jas. Hard, tavern, Scott.
Wm. O'Doherty, o. g., Scott.
John Wilbert, tavern, Mt. Washington.
Wm. Bauman, tavern, Allentown.

The License Board will hear the above applications on THURSDAY, APRIL 27th, 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M.
ap13 JOS. BROWNE, Clerk.
[Published in GAZETTE and *Dispatch* only.]

Our Catalogues.
No. 1—Of Small Fruits, with Price List and Price List of Trees.
No. 2—Roses, Greenhouse and Bedding Plants, Shrubs, Evergreens, etc.
Are now ready and can be had on application at
137 LIBERTY STREET,
Or will be mailed to any address. Our Stock of ORNAMENTAL PLANTS is much the Finest in this market and is NOT SURPASSED by any in the country. We are prepared to furnish it to parties fitting up Private Grounds on the most favorable terms.
R. CUMMING & CO.,
(Successors to J. Knox.)
ja21:l87 137 LIBERTY STREET.

ADVERTISEMENTS on this page under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, TO-LET, &c., will be inserted at transient rates only—TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than THIRTY CENTS.

WANTS.

WANTED—Situation by an experienced Book-keeper; would prefer manufacturing or wholesale business; can give good city references. Address BOOKKEEPER, this office. ap13:q28

WANTED—A Gentleman and Wife to Board. Will be given a large front room, furnished in first-class style. Address or call at 119 Fremont street, Allegheny. ap11:t91

WANTED—A Girl to do general housework, a German girl preferred. The highest wages will be given to one that can come well recommended. Inquire at No. 44 Ohio street, Allegheny, Pa. ap11

WANTED.—A Situation as Housekeeper in a small family, by a respectable person. Address W. M., GAZETTE Office. ap4:p48

WANTED.—Girls for the city and country, to do cooking, housework, &c.; several men and boys with reference want places. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, (formerly St. Clair,) first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—MORTGAGES.
$30,000 to Loan in large or small amounts on property in Allegheny county at a fair rate of interest. CHARLES JEREMY,
Real Estate Agent, 68 Grant street.

WANTED.—MORTGAGES.
$35,500 to invest, in large or small amounts, on city or country property.
THOMAS K. PETTY,
no15 179 Smithfield street.

WANTED.
RAGS! RAGS!
Highest cash price paid for good rags, in large or small quantities, at
H. R. McCLELLAN & CO.,
362 PENN STREET.
☞ We have also the best and largest stock of BROOMS, BROOM MATERIAL and WRAPPING PAPER in the city, to which we call the attention of the trade. Call and see us.
ap1:p17 H. R. McCLELLAN & CO.

TO-LET.

TO LET.—A Neatly Furnished Front ROOM on second floor, with or without board, Suitable for two or four gentlemen. Apply at 77 Washington Street, Pittsburgh. ap11:t

TO-LET—That fine Manufacturing Site, with buildings, now occupied by Postley, Nelson & Co., situated on the line of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and extending back on Twenty-third street to Allegheny River three hundred feet. Possession given April 1st. For further information inquire of JAS. MARSHALL & CO., corner of Nineteenth and Railroad streets. mh18:c63

TO-LET. — Several well lighted ROOMS on Second and Third floors over No 23 Fifth avenue, have recently been fitted, with New Oilings and Paper Hangings, are complete with stationary wash stands and other modern conveniences and are suitable for offices warerooms or workrooms.
Apply to Executors of W. M'Clintock, dec'd, at Carpet Store of
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
ja25:m10-MTHF-tf 23 Fifth Avenue.

TO-LET.
STORE—No. 60 Market street.
OFFICES—No. 96 Fifth avenue.
BASEMENT—3d avenue and Market street.
LARGE ROOM—3d story, No. 52 Market street.
Inquire of J. M. GAZZAM & CO.,
ap1 Attorneys, 96 Fifth Avenue.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One Floor Platform SCALE—perfect order—cheap. Apply at No. 4, Ninth street, Pittsburgh. q14

FOR SALE.—Dwelling House No. 134 Penn street. Inquire of WILLIAM J ANDERSON & CO., 150 Water street. fe28:n50-tf

FOR SALE.
200 CITY LOTS
in 12th and 13th Wards, at from $350 to $600.
THOS. S. PETTY,
mh7:n64 179 Smithfield Street.

FOR SALE.—The stock, fixtures and good-will of a Merchant Tailor Store, now doing a good business, at 249 Beaver avenue, Sixth ward, Allegheny City. Cause of selling, the present owner is in bad health. For terms, &c., call at above number. mh28:o81

FOR SALE.—Three Thousand Lots, from twenty feet by one hundred feet in depth to one acre each. These lots will be sold at low figures and on long time. They are situated within five hundred yards of the City Line, same distance of Railroad Depot and nearly all in the centre of the city. Enquire of
B. C. & J. H. SAWYER,
me31-tf No. 47 Wood street.

FOR SALE.—Engines and Boilers, new and second-hand, from 5 to 20 horse power. 1 Portable 6 horse power. Also, Wilkinson's Patent Self-relieving Muley Saws, for sawing logs, will be sold cheap.
REISECK & BRO.,
Corner of Seventeenth and Pike Streets, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.—A beautifully located FARM of 312 acres, near Penn Station, Pa. Railroad; about 200 acres improved; plenty of timber; Three Dwellings, Barn, Orchard, and a good Steam Saw Mill. The whole tract is underlaid with coal. Will be sold low and on very easy terms. For further information apply at HILLERMAN'S REAL ESTATE OFFICE, 77 Fourth avenue. mh11:n99-tf

FOR SALE.—On 44th street, Two Elegant Brick Dwellings of 8 rooms each, with modern improvements, inside and outside, perfectly complete; lots large; location very desirable. Price very reasonable and terms easy.
T. R. SILL & SON.
On BUTLER STREET—A very fine Brick Dwelling of 7 rooms, well furnished, gas and water, neighborhood excellent, lot 20x160. This property will repay the purchaser.
On 42d, 43d, 44th, 45th, 46th and 48th STREETS—Very fine Dwellings of brick and frame of various sizes and at various prices, all very desirable. Also, very beautiful lots, large and small.
Money, in large and small sums, to loan at reasonable rates.
T. R. SILL & SON,
fe13 Cor. Penn and Thirty-third streets.

ROCHESTER PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A good brick house of hall, nine rooms and cellar, stable, coal house, cistern and well of water choice lot of ground 300 feet square fronting on three streets, good fruit trees, grapes and abundance of small fruits. Situate five minutes walk from Railroad Station in good neighborhood. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON.
ap4 56 Smithfield street.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading of Collins avenue, from Penn avenue to Hoeveler street,

WHEREAS, It appears that a majority in interest has petitioned for the Grading of Collins avenue, from Penn avenue to Hoeveler street; therefore,

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading of Collins avenue, from Penn avenue to Hoeveler street; and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31, 1857; also, an Act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 10th day of April, A. D. 1871.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
H. W. OLIVER, JR.,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap13

AN ORDINANCE—Granting Hubbard, Lippincott & Bakewell the right to erect an Iron-clad building.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That Hubbard, Lippincott & Bakewell be and they are hereby authorized to erect an iron-clad addition to their Saw Works on Dinwiddie street, 20x60 feet and one story high.

SEC. 2. That any Ordinance, or part of Ordinance conflicting with the passage of this Ordinance at the present time be, and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils, this 10th day of April, A. D. 1871.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
H. W. OLIVER, JR.,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap12

J. BOOBYER, Jr.,
Merchant Tailor,
AND DEALER IN
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
No. 225 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Agent for IMPROVED SHOULDER SEAM SHIRT. ap11:p90

GEO. W. HUBLEY,
No. 68 Federal St., Allegheny,
(Near Railroad Depots.)
General House Furnishing Store,
TIN AND SHEET IRON WARES,
ICE CREAM FREEZERS, WATER COOLERS, X L ALL REFRIGERATORS, BIRD CAGES, STEP LADDERS, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, etc
ap7:p79

Med--Bach--Londinensis
Dr. GRIFFITH, from London,
Treats all diseases (Acute or Chronic) of Children and Adults, on the most approved principles, at his office.
No. 145 FIFTH AVENUE, corner of Wylie.
Furnishes his own remedies. Consultation free. Terms reasonable. Credentials, first-class.
Office hours, 8 to 12 A. M., 2 to 5 and 7 to 9 P. M., Pittsburgh, Pa. mh11:o5

BOARDING.—A furnished front room, third story, suitable for two gentlemen, or man and his wife, with board. Also a few day boarders may be suited at 170 Robinson street, Allegheny. ap10

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1871.

HEADQUARTERS
REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE Of Pennsylvania,
No. 1105 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA, January 23, 1871.

In pursuance of the Resolution of the Republican State Central Committee, adopted at Altoona, August 16, 1870, a State Convention, composed of delegates from each Senatorial and Representative District in the number to which each district is entitled in the Legislature, will meet in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the 17th DAY of MAY, A. D. 1871, to nominate candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General, and to take action upon the question of Constitutional Reform, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it.

MAHLON H. DICKINSON,
Chairman Executive Committee of State Central Committee.

GEORGE W. HAMERSLY,
M. S. QUAY,
JAMES W. M. NEWLIN. } Secretaries. ja27

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 48.

BONDS at Frankfort, 96½@96¾.

GOLD closed in New York on yesterday at 110½@110¾.

REPRESENTATIVE PLATT, of Virginia, in calling the attention of the members of the House to the tax on tobacco, stated that during the year nearly two-fifths of the tobacco consumed in the country is in the leaf form. Leaf tobacco is not liable to any tax, the duties being only upon manufactured tobacco. He purposes to amend the revenue laws by requiring retail dealers in leaf tobacco to pay five hundred dollars.

THE EFFECT of the assault of James Irving upon Smith Weed in the State Legislature of New York, has been to deprive the Democrats in the House of pushing through Tweed's schemes without Republican assistance. Irving has resigned, it is said, because he discovered that the feeling for expelling him was so strong that it could not be counteracted. His resignation leaves the Democrats one vote short of the number required by the Constitution for the passage of a bill.

POLITICAL LYING is sometimes very effective just on the eve of an election, but with a space of a year and a half for detection and exposure, lies can do no harm except to the coiners.—*N. Y. World.*

We recommend this quaint observation to the Democratic press generally, with regard to the operations of the Ku Klux all over the Southern States. There *is* a year and one-half for detection, and they had better, in order to save themselves, swing in with the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, and take active sides against these assassins and knaves.

AS THE election returns from Connecticut day after day reach us, we see evidences of Tammany working for English. An error in the count for Governor's vote has been discovered in the Fourth ward, New Haven giving English one hundred more votes than were actually polled for him. Nor will it surprise our readers, that, while it is asserted to be so clear a case of fraud that even English will decline making any contest over it, it is said not to have been the first time the same fraud has occurred in that same ward. If the facts set forth are true, it will give Jewell the election without throwing the question into the Legislature at all.

THE STRENGTH OF REVENUE REFORM in the House was most thoroughly tested on Monday. On that day Mr. Cox's resolution, (introduced by Mr. Parker, Democrat, from New Hampshire) declaring that the tariff should be so reformed as to be a tax for revenue only, came up. Instead of being able to pass the resolution, it was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, by a vote of 98 yeas to 77 nays. While on the other hand Mr. Kelley's resolution, reaffirming the opinion of the last House abolishing the inquisitorial revenue system at as early a day as practicable, was passed by a vote of 130 yeas to 21 nays. Mr. Cox tried to bring odium on the resolution by calling it "a pig iron proposition," but only 20 votes endorsed his position.

THERE is at present a bill before the Ohio Senate, relative to paying the income of the Ohio Penitentiary, over expenses, to the families of convicts. The bill is designed to transfer the excess of earnings of convicts, after paying expenses of imprisonment, to their families. From the speech of Hon. Homer C. Jones in support of the bill, we learn that over thirty thousand dollars were paid by the Penitentiary into the Ohio State Treasury, more than it drew out for ordinary expenses. The average cost of keeping each prisoner last year was $144 52. By the estimate made, a convict earns from $100 to $125 per year above his share of expenses of the prison. This sum it is proposed by the bill, to pay quarterly to his family, to prevent actual suffering.

THE Louisville *Courier-Journal* urges that the next National Democratic Convention shall be held at Louisville, Kentucky. One of the reasons assigned is, that "what the Democratic party need is light," and it can be had at Louisville. We are very sure that what the Democratic party needs is light, on the same principle that a diseased man needs physic, but we are equally sure that if that party has the most remote idea that it will get what is promised it at Louisville, that city is just the very place that the Democracy will not go. They may need light, need it badly, but they don't propose to take the prescription. As a mere matter of inquiry, however, has the Louisville *Courier-Journal* used the word it intended, or has it only come within a letter of it?

THE New York Evening *Post* presents the following table, showing the hottest days in April since 1861:

	April.	3 P. M.
1862	18	75
1863	28	70
1864	24	73
1865	28	74
1866	22	80
1867	15	70
1868	23	70
1869	27	72
1870	28	78

On Saturday at three o'clock the mercury stood at eighty degrees, and on Sunday at the same hour at eighty-three degrees. Thus the ninth day of April, 1871, was the warmest day in April for the last ten years. But while attention is turned to New York city, Philadelphia boast of eighty-one degrees of heat, Poughkeepsie eighty-six, and Springfield, Massachusetts, eighty-eight degrees.

FROM the decision lately rendered by Secretary Robeson it appears, that embezzlement cannot be punished by fine and imprisonment by a Naval Court Martial. The question arose on the trial, conviction and sentence, of Passed Assistant Paymaster Charles H. Lockwood, charged with "*Scandalous conduct tending to the destruction of good morals*," and "*embezzlement.*" The sentence was to be dismissed from the navy; to be imprisoned for five years in such legal place of confinement as the Secretary of the navy may designate, and to be fined in the sum of $2,000. It seems from the text of the Secretary's order respecting this case, that the power of a Naval Court Martial to imprison for offences, is confined to those cases where the punishment might have been death. In such cases the sentence of the Court Martial may be for life or for a term. As the crime of embezzlement is not one of those offences, no provision whatever seems to have been made for its punishment, so far at least as imprisonment is regarded. The Secretary further takes the position that the imposition of a pecuniary fine as a punishment is not among the general powers given to Naval Courts Martial. He therefore disproves so much of the sentence as fines and imprisons, and approves so much thereof as dismisses the defendant from the naval service of the United States.

THE RHODE ISLAND STATISTICS give us the information that during the past year there were 2,289 marriages and 185 divorce suits. Of these suits seventeen were withdrawn, six were dismissed and one hundred and sixty-two were granted. This gives one divorce to every fourteen marriages. On this subject the report says:

"The proportion of divorces to marriages is really appalling, and it is well worth while to consider whether our divorce laws are not too lax. It would be interesting to know more of the details of these divorce suits, as, for instance, how long the parties have been married, and what one cause was really the leading ground for the divorce; but such facts are not within our reach. We do not doubt that hasty marriages are frequently at the root of the evil, and we fear that it will not be checked until the sanctity of the marriage relation is more keenly felt, its bonds are not lightly entered upon, and when assumed not easily broken."

Just so long as the law holds out a temptation for man and wife to separate, just so long will the proportion of divorces to marriages be appalling. The tendency is not to decrease, but to increase. What at first would have been avoided with horror, becomes common by the precedents established, and when we read that out of one hundred and sixty-eight applications for divorce, all were granted save six, we can readily account for the proportion being so great. It requires but little, *must* require but little, in Rhode Island to separate man and wife.

DEMOCRACY ON THE GERMAN CELEBRATION.

A New York Democratic journal enters into philosophical reflections over the fact disclosed in that city on Easter Monday. For four hours, without stop or break, the German procession moved past City Hall. The first reflection made over this vast army of men, moving along in quiet, orderly array but without the slightest manifestations calculated to injure the feelings of any one, was, that the "celebration was not in good taste." At least we are told that it would be idle to discuss points of taste in connection with this German demonstration, or to inquire whether the Teutonic triumph and exultation was quite considerate towards the French residents of the city. The comparison is made that the United States in admitting Germans to citizenship, is like to a man who has married a widow, and who must tolerate an affectionate regard for the memory of her former husband. Even if the comparison had weight, why does it not apply equally well to the resident French, as to the resident German citizens. By what argument have the first any greater right to grieve and mourn, over the defeat of the French nation, than have the others to rejoice over German success. But if we are unable to see the force of the comparison at all, we claim to be pardonable. Comparing German men to old women, and the mighty German confederacy to a dead man, requires a strength of imagination we confess we do not possess. Nor do we discover in the comparison any compliment to the French residents of the city, when we regard the terrible defeat of their nation. It is in fact a two-edged sword that not only charges the Germans with want of taste, but the French with want of courage. Both are untrue.

But having fully philosophized over this feature of taste, the journal referred to turns its attention to another point, and one equally open to the charge of unfairness. Easter Monday and German unity had really little to do with the great German celebration. There was an ulterior object. The victory of their friends over an enemy that had trampelled on and oppressed them for years, was a matter of but very little moment. Their rejoicings over the grand peace secured, was but a little drop in this ocean of joy. The real design of the Germans, says the journal alluded to, was to show Americans the magnitude of their numbers, and to enhance their importance as a part of our body politic. How the German element will receive this idea we do not pretend to intimate, but that they should be charged with playing hypocrite over the graves of their fallen heroes in Germany, seems to us to be a deliberate insult to those who participated in the celebration.

We are told, moreover, that these men have *thrust* their German kinship on our notice, as a title to consideration and esteem in America. According to this idea, the German element, prior to the great Prussian victories, had no title to consideration and esteem in America. That element has filled an important part in our national politics; its members have been numbered among the most orderly, estimable and intelligent of our citizens; Germans have fallen in the trenches, and on every Southern battle field in behalf of American liberty; they have proven themselves advocates in word and deed for universal freedom; and yet, despite these facts, it is deliberately asserted by a Democratic journal, that they marched in grand procession in New York city on Easter Monday, not for the purpose of a German celebration, but to thrust their German kinship on our notice as a title to consideration and esteem in America.

Another philosophical reflection made was, that German influence in our politics is not favorable to the recovery and maintenance of State rights. That the Democratic party will probably never be able to make these Germans enthusiasts for the doctrine of State rights. And the effort closes with the remark, that it will not do for the Democratic party to present a platform, in which importance is attached to only one issue, but, that unless a great stir is made about other questions than State rights, Democracy can have no reasonable hope of controlling this foreign vote. This is the kernel of the article. Germans as a class are Republicans. Democratic journals are aware of the fact, and they grow jealous over the number of Germans that marched through the streets of New York city. The will was to sneer, but prudence demanded that here and there, a few words of praise should be thrown out as conciliatory.

The German celebrations in New York city, and all over the Union, were but the observance of a custom long recognized in connection with Easter Monday. This year there were other causes added to swell the ranks, and German peace, as well as German unity, was a profound cause of rejoicing. And why should they not rejoice? What antagonism can possibly exist, between a most faithful and loyal adherence to our Government, and congratulations extended to fathers, brothers, friends across the Atlantic, over *their* successes and victories. Their hearts would have been harder than the nether millstone if they had not so rejoiced. When they became citizens of our land, they swore loyalty to this Government. They did not swear to blot out from the tablets of their memories all recollection of their childhood, or to crush from their hearts all tender remembrances of their Fatherland. They did not come here to live beneath a shadow, but to be free; and in that freedom they have a right, morally and socially, to clasp hands with their loved ones in another land, and to rejoice with them at the end of a terrible war, and to sympathize with them in their pride over victory. When Irishmen all over the land deliberately organized within this government for the purpose of wrenching their green Isle from England, did Democratic journals step in and claim that being American citizens they had no right to entertain kindly thoughts for those they had left behind them, and that as a matter of taste they should regard the feelings of British residents in New York city? When Democracy rose in mass to welcome back the released Fenian prisoners, and endeavored to force ovations on them, did Democratic journals enter into philosophical disquisitions over the widow and her dead husband. And yet if the attack made on the Germans is proper it would have been equally so to have denounced bitterly any organization of men to release Ireland from thraldom. We leave these Democratic journals to settle the point, believing, with the journal quoted, that before Democracy can gain the support of the Germans as a class, it will not only have to raise other questions than the one of State rights, but these questions must be of progress and in support of universal liberty.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON CITY, April 7, 1871.

A few brief items from the National Capital during the present political excitement throughout the country may be interesting to your large family of readers. Since my arrival here last week I have attended the sessions of Congress occasionally, and heard speeches from Representatives of both parties relative to the Ku-Klux outrages in the Southern States. It requires no stretch of imagination to assert that in listening to the harangues of such men as Frank Blair, Garrett Davis and other advocates of modern Democracy, a stranger would almost arrive at the conclusion that the rebel Congress had been resuscitated and transported hither from Richmond. These rebel leaders in disguise not only defend their brethren and dupes of the Ku-Klux order, but resort to every possible means to prevent legislation that will stop the outrages of their cut-throat confederates, and give protection to the loyal, peace loving citizens of the South. Gen. Butler stated in his speech in the House on Tuesday last that if he wanted to ascertain the names of these villainous conspirators, he would call the roll of the deserters from the rebel army and the skulking cowards who had neither the courage or manliness to fight like brave soldiers.

These are the men that our modern Democrats are struggling to screen from justice, and it is evidently a deep laid plot on the part of the leaders to break down the present administration and the Republican party. The God of truth and justice will, sooner or later, check the nefarious schemes of these mad conspirators and consign them to an infamy more odious than language is capable of expressing. The cheering news from Connecticut and elsewhere, together with the admirable message of President Grant accompanying the report of the San Domingo Commission, has had a most happy effect here, and I trust will have through out the country, in healing dissensions in our noble Republican party. Senator Sumner's onslaught upon the President has injured himself politically and raised the latter higher in the estimation of all true patriots. President Grant has made some blunders, but even his worst enemies will have to admit, if they have a spark of honor and true manliness in them, that his message on the San Domingo question could not have emanated from the head and heart of any other than a true lover of his country, and I venture the prediction that no event of his administration, thus far, will do more to firmly establish the confidence reposed in him by those who elevated him to his high position.

Our worthy representative from Pittsburgh, General Negley, is in fine health and spirits. I learn from some of his associates in Congress, and also prominent citizens here, including the editorial profession, that he occupies an enviable position. The General is certainly one of the best, if not the most accomplished and popular representatives we have ever had from the great Iron City. He has the ability to fill a more exalted official position, and should his life be spared, higher honors undoubtedly await him.

I read a letter in the Presbyterian *Banner*, of Pittsburgh, some weeks since, written from this city by one of the editors, Rev. Dr. Alison, in which he spoke of Vinnie Ream's statue of President Lincoln in very disparaging terms. The Doctor could not have been familiar with the personal appearance of Mr. Lincoln, in thus pronouncing the statue a failure. I have examined it very minutely, and as a work of art and correct likeness of our martyred President, do not think it could be excelled. I lived here during the administration of Mr. Lincoln, part of the time connected with the War Department, and saw the President very often, and under various circumstances, and have no hesitation in saying that the statue is the most perfect representation of his features and expression of countenance that I have ever seen. Vinnie Ream is an honor to her sex, and every American should feel proud of her genius as a successful artist, and the indomitable energy and perseverence she has manifested in achieving her present enviable position. Washington has kept pace with our most enterprising Northern cities in the way of improvements. Nature and art combined, and the sacred historical associations connected with the place, have rendered it one of the most attractive, and will in a few years make it the most beautiful city on the continent. These charming spring days are rapidly bringing forward vegetation. The halls of Congress and delightful promenades of the city are daily crowded with the cream of good society from all parts of the Union. This city has five daily and several weekly newspapers. The Daily *Republican* stands pre-eminent as the most enterprising journal in the city. I would like to speak of the members of the Joint-High Commission, and other matters, but my letter is already sufficiently long. Pittsburghers visiting Washington cannot find a more home-like hotel than the Washington House, corner Pennsylvania avenue and Third street, kept by Mrs. Beveridge. The boarding and rooms are first-class, and charges very moderate for this city.

Yours truly, D. R. S.

Napoleon's Chances.

In an article upon the fallen Emperor, the London *Saturday Review* says:

Whether the Emperor really dreams a restoration possible now, no one can pretend to know. Probably, with all his experience of the bitterness of Empire, he still longs for the sweets. There is many an old Indian living in Tyburnia or Kensington who wishes that he could again be a Lieutenant Governor, even though he knows how bad the climate would be for his liver. Such odd things happen in France that it is within the range of mild possibilities that France might be persuaded some day to think the ex-Emperor the best man to get her out of a scrape. But the present condition of France is not at all favorable to Imperialism after the pattern which he made Imperialism assume. France does not now want to meddle with the affairs of Europe, and the French journals even find a source of grim satisfaction in explaining to England that France can be of no use now to anyone as an ally. France does not want war or expensive adventures. It wants an army, not an army extravagant, showy and disaffected, like the Imperialist army, but a cheap national army, such as befits a beaten Republic. It does not want a gay, glittering Court, and even Paris will for some time be content to be frivolous and naughty in a cheap and humble manner. France is like a weary person who is sick of balls, and is longing for nothing so much as to have a quiet evening and go early to bed; and to a person in such a frame of mind the intrusion of a friend whose only claim to attention is an elaborate costume is an unwelcome bore. Even if Metz and Sedan could be forgotten, and Frenchmen could pardon that blackest of crimes, the want of success, the Emperor seems to be quite the wrong man for the present situation. What he has to offer specially as his own is exactly what France does not want. Probably, therefore, he will have to content himself henceforth with a private station; but history if, as it may be hoped, it does him no more than justice, will yet do him justice; and if it points out the the inherent evils of his government, and the legacy of misery and anarchy which his rule bequeathed to France, it may be trusted to speak of him in different language from that which for some months has been current about him in unhappy, irritated Paris.

THE canal between the Baltic and the North Sea through Schleswig will be completed by the 1st of January, 1872.

DOUGLASS ON SUMNER.

Views of Frederick Douglass on the Position of Senator Sumner.

The Syracuse *Daily Standard* having called Mr. Douglass to account for his reported declaration that Mr. Sumner was likely to become the worst enemy of the colored race, he responds through the columns of the *National Era* in the following earnest and decided language:

"We have never had but one opinion of Senator Sumner, and that opinion is, that he is an honest man and sincerely devoted to the cause of justice and to the welfare of his fellow men. We have never thought him anything else. He has ever been our friend and the friend of our despised race. We have thought him such even in opposition to the annexation of Santo Domingo, and practically, a great calamity to the colored race in the United States. First, because it tends to the division, defeat and distraction of the Republican party; and, secondly, because it is an encouragement to the idea that no additions to the colored race are to be made in this country. By his manner of speech, and by his position, he is most effectually playing into the hands of the Democratic party, and thus serving to strengthen the worst enemies the colored man has. His wise and statesman-like course in the past has given him a hold on the American people which makes his present attitude doubly effective for evil. The fact that Senator Sumner denounces the President of the United States as a pattern of violence and chief of the worst class of murderers and assassins, will be enough with some men to induce the belief that President Grant, even if not guilty to the full extent of these denunciations, is, to say the least, a very bad man, and no longer worthy of the love and confidence of the American people. Even a bad man may sometimes mislead the public mind; but when a good man does wrong, and persists in that wrong, his very goodness and character become elements of power in the interest of evil. Hence we say, and have said before, considering the glorious record of Senator Sumner, he is to-day practically (not intentionally) the most dangerous and the most effective power now arrayed against what we consider the cause of our race. Whatever else may be said of the Republican party and of President Grant, they are now the only visible hope of the colored race in the United States. Outside of these we see no power that is likely to stand between the country and rebellion, between the negro and murder, which is even now reveling in loyal blood, and rendering the constitutional guarantees, which Mr. Sumner did so much to frame, null and void. We feel strongly, and speak strongly, but none too strongly. The same principles that have made us devoted to Mr Sumner, and to follow him with unhesitating step in the past, now make us cry out against his present alarming position.

"We do this, however, in no malignant spirit, nor without hope that Mr. Sumner, when all the facts are before him, will change his course. It would not be like Senator Sumner to persist in any course he sees to be wrong. He is great, and knows his greatness, but he does not claim to be infallible. He knows the members of the Santo Domingo Commission, and knows that they are intelligent, faithful and honest men, and that they are incapable of framing a report merely to suit the wishes of General Grant. To say that he will respect their testimony is simply to accord to him common honesty. To say less of him would be to accuse him of downright madness, malignity or dishonesty. No such things can or ought to be said of him.

We have said so much partly to set ourselves right before the public, and partly because we respect the spirit of the Syracuse *Standard*, which only does us justice in doubting that we could have dealt in the bold, unqualified denunciation of Mr. Sumner attributed to us in other quarters. We are not in the habit of dealing in violent denunciation against anybody, certainly not against one whom we have loved and honored during more than twenty years. We speak of him in sorrow, not in anger, and not because we love him less, but the cause of humanity more, which, for the time being, and in his present attitude, he is more effectually striking down than any other man in the United States.

"The Bayards, the Blairs, and the Thurmans wield no such thunder as this man. They are the open enemies of the present Administration and of the Republican party, and the country understands them. They are the friends of the late Rebels and traitors, and would gladly overthrow the constitutional and legal guarantees of justice and liberty won by the blood and valor of loyal men. We say the country knows these men and knows just what value to attach to their arraignment of the Republican Administration and of General Grant. But Mr. Sumner is quite another man, and has quite another history, and holds an entirely different place in the confidence and affection of the American people. When he unites with them to assail the present Administration he places himself in the worst political company known to the country, and his cause must be unquestionably good, or he must stand condemned with the men whose company he has strangely sought, and whose plaudits seem now most welcome to his ear and heart. One would think that the fact that these men praise him would lead him to suspect the soundness of his present views and the wisdom of his present course. We repeat the hope that the report of the Commission of inquiry, partly if not wholly composed of his personal friends, will convince him and set him all right in action and position, as he is in heart and integrity of purpose.

Carlotta or Castelar—A Strange Story.

A remarkable document has appeared in the City of Mexico, purporting to be from the ex-Empress of Mexico to the new Queen of Spain. It is supposed by many to have been written by Castelar.

The letter gives the history of the offer of the crown of Mexico and acceptance by Maxmillian, of the journey to Mexico, of the treachery and blood which succeeded, of her vision of the future, of her departure from Mexico, and her last parting scene with Maximillian, when she asked him if he remained, and on his replying that it was his destiny, she said: "Then, in Europe, I shall receive your letter containing these words: 'You divined it, Carlotta; the ray of light which enters my lodgings is the last sun I shall see. Within one hour I shall go to the place of execution between a priest and the executioner.'"

The entire letter is interspersed with warnings to Maria Victoria, and closes in the following remarkable language:

They carried me to Vienna; but in Vienna there is so much shouting, and I came to this castle. Here I am in the country. I live in silence, in solitude, and in an adored rememberance. Here they brought me a box which contains the remains of the man I loved. I opened it one day when no one saw me. The right hand of my husband was closed as if it was a piece of bronze. My hands opened it, and I found a paper which said: "Carlotta, you divined it; the light which penetrates my abode will be the last sun I shall see. I am in a chapel, bowed down before an image. Greetings to my family and to my country. Farewell, Carlotta; the judgment of God awaits me. Now that I have lived wickedly I wish to die in peace. My last breath shall be for you. Who would have believed it, my beloved?" Do you think it strange, my dear friend, that this poor woman has lost her reason? I look at myself in the mirror many times, and exclaim that I am not what I was. I am not Carlotta. I am not a woman. I do not live. I have no soul. I had a soul, but they robbed me of it. Return it to me, robbers!

Napoleon III. elevated. I lost mine. Napoleon III. fallen. You will lose yours.

The history of to-day mentions four women dethroned in less than two years—Sophia, Queen of Naples; Carlotta, Empress of Mexico; Isabella II., Queen of Spain; Eugenie, Empress of France. The history of to-morrow will speak of five women; the fifth will be Maria Victoria; the fifth will be yourself.

If you leave Italy; if you pass through the Gulf of Genoa—through the gulf of a noble city—you can say: "When I return across your waters they will see me clothed in black." If you remain in Turin; if you consent to your husband's going; if a crown fascinates him; if that serpent attracts him prepare to receive the following letter: Maria, all is ended. Kiss our child, Amadeus. I close this letter. Farewell, Maria Victoria, I feel my head disturbed. I feel that my soul again wanders in the unfathomable abyss of madness. I again see lights. I see once more the headless bodies. I see two hands crossed. I hear the crushing of the bones. I see many wild beasts, which quench their thirst in pools of blood. As soon as it seemed to me that I was a goddess so soon does it appear to me that I am a monster of hell. Oh, child of my heart, do not leave Turin; do not leave Florence; do not leave Rome; do not leave your country. See that they do not deceive you as they did me; see that they do not sell you as they sold me; see that you do not have to suffer what I suffer; see that a time does not come when your hope will concieve no other fortune than the horrible fortune of a dying maniac.

Marie, take care of your husband, your child and yourself. I have given you the greatest proof of my friendship, which a living woman can give you, recounting to you histories, griefs and mysteries which no one knows except your unfortunate and loyal friend,

CARLOTTA, Empress of Mexico.

DIED FROM STRANGULATION.

Nothing can be more fearful to contemplate than such a death as is brought about by strangulated hernia or rupture. Who ever has seen the victim of it, writhing in agony, will bear us out in our opinion. But there is no need of any one exposing himself to such a dreadful alternative, for by the timely application of a suitable truss the rupture can be retained in its proper place and in many cases entirely cured and in all of them relieved. Remember we have said by a suitable truss—one-half the bandages sold under that name are not worth the leather which is wasted in covering them, and but illy adapted for the use intended. Another great evil is in the application of trusses. They should not be put on like the hoops of a barrel would be by a man unskilled in cooperage, but they should be put on by a person having a knowledge, not only of the appliances themselves, but also acquainted with the human organism, and especially the anatomy of hernia. What is the comparative expense of a few dollars to that security which one feels in the comfort of a well fitting truss, and besides trusses of as low a price can be had at the establishment of those who are accustomed to fitting them every day as elsewhere.

Dr. KEYSER, of 167 Liberty street, has every needful appliance and at every price.

THE FROST KING.

We have now obtained one of the finest Soda apparatuses this side of New York City, from which we can dispense the purest Soda Water in the city, as all of our Syrups ARE MADE FROM FRUIT, and we use only the purest Fruit Juices.

We also have just received a fresh supply of Kissengen, Vichy, Blue Lick, Saratoga, High Rock, and Congress Waters, that we can sell, wholesale or retail, at the lowest prices. Remember the place.

JAMES E. BURNS & CO., Druggists,
Corner of Penn and Sixth streets, old St. Clair.

EXHAUSTION.

Invalids, broken down in health and spirits by Chronic Dyspepsia, or suffering from the terrible exhaustion which follows the attacks of acute disease, the testimony of thousands who have been raised as by a miracle from a similar state of prostration by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is a sure guarantee that by the same means you too may be strengthened and restored. But to those who stand in peril of epidemics, to all who, by reason of exposure, privations, and uncongenial climate or unhealthy pursuits, may at any moment be stricken down, this paragraph is most *particularly and emphatically* addressed. You, who are thus situated, are proffered an absolute safeguard against the danger that menaces you. Tone and regulate the system with this harmless medicinal stimulant and alterative, and you will be forearmed against the maladies whose seeds float around you in the air unseen. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are not only a standard tonic and alterative throughout the United States, but they are accredited by the certificates of the most distinguished citizens of the Union, to the people of all other lands. In Canada, Australia, and the West Indies, they are gradually taking the place of all other stomachics, whether native or foreign, and as surely as truth is progressive and demonstration overthrows doubt, they will eventually supersede every other invigorant and restorative employed in medicinal practice.

SELLERS'
Imperial Cough Syrup
Has given relief to thousands who have used it, and the proprietor is persuaded that it has the power to impart benefit that cannot be claimed for the cough mixtures in general use.
Most of the mixtures sold for coughs are composed of spirituous and inflammatory articles, which, while they give little relief, really do harm.
THE IMPERIAL COUGH SYRUP.
Contains no spirituous ingredients whatever, and may be used in all cases not requiring active medical treatment.
Lindsays Impr'd Blood Searcher.
Cures Erysipelas, Scrofula, Ulcers, Cutaneous Diseases, Sore Eyes, Pimples on the Face, Scald Heads, Mercurial Diseases, Debility, Salt Rheum, etc.
Johnson's Rheumatic Compound.
One house in Massachusetts sold fifty bottles JOHNSTON'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND with the agreement, NO CURE MONEY REFUNDED, and had only three bottles refunded. Why endure aching limbs and stiff joints when there is such a certain remedy.
Sold by all Druggists.
PREPARED ONLY BY
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
TTHS No. 45 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
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Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
☞Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF,
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& CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
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DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
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AND
FIERY FURNACE.
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206 and 208
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WEST COMMON MACHINE STONE WORKS.
Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.
FREDERICK ATVATER & CO.,
Have on hand or prepare on short notice, Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms.

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WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
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At 75 cents, a Large Lot of
Black & Col'd Kid Gloves.
A JOB LOT
OF
LADIES' SATCHELS,
VERY CHEAP.
$2.00 and $2.50, Ladies' Spring Shawls.
$1.00 and $1.25, Ladies' White Gored Skirts.
87½c., Ladies' Light Fancy Gored Skirts.
$1.00, Ladies' Black and White Balmoral Skirts.
PARASOLS
AND
Sun Umbrellas.
An Attractive Stock of
Millinery Goods.
Guipure and Bonnet Laces.
Embroidered Edgings and Insertings.
Infants' Embroidered Waists and Robes.
Shirt Fronts, Underwear and Hosiery.
At Popular Prices,
AT
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A COMPLETE STOCK OF
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OF THE LATEST
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Lace Curtains, Table Linens and Towelings.
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6¼c., Fast Colored Calicoes.
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75c., Japanese Silks, a special bargain.
$1.50, Gros Grain American Silks.
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180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

New Firm and New Goods!
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
(SUCCESSORS TO BATES & BELL.)
No. 21 FIFTH AVENUE,
Have now opened their Spring Stock, consisting of the most celebrated makes of American, English and French Fabrics, in
Black Silks,
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Fancy Dress Goods,
Alpacas and Mohairs,
Poplins and Cretons,
Velveteens,
Shawls, Spring styles,
Lace Curtains and Nets,
Linen and Cotton Goods,
Fancy Cassimeres,
Prints and Muslin Sheetings,
At the Lowest Market Prices.
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
21 Fifth Avenue.
mh16:o48

AMERICAN
WATCHES,
OF ALL GRADES.
Wholesale and Retail,
AT THE LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.
Meyran & Siedle,
No. 50 FIFTH AVENUE,
(FORMERLY 42.)
Zimmerman Watch.
This Watch, made by Karl Zimmerman, Liverpool, is fully equal to any watch in the market, not excepting the Frodsham. Its superiority is fully attested by the wearers of them in this city.
FOR SALE BY
MEYRAN & SIEDLE,
Sole Agents, 50 Fifth Avenue.
ap4:p52

SPRING GOODS.
We have in store and are daily receiving additions thereto, of our own and other manufactures, a large stock of
Floor Oil Cloths and Oil Cloths,
of all kinds, including our superior make of GREEN CLOTH for Window Shades; also WINDOW SHADES for Dwellings and Show Windows; SHADE HOLLANDS, FIXTURES, &c., all of the newest styles.
Boston Belting Company's make of RUBBER BELTING, HOSE and STEAM PACKING. Rubber Goods of all kinds.
Oak Tanned Leather Belting,
LACE LEATHER, &C.
We offer our stock on hand to purchasers of all kinds at greatly reduced prices.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
apl 26 AND 28 SIXTH STREET.

FIRST OF APRIL.
Housekeepers who desire to replenish their stocks for the coming season are invited, before purchasing, to an examination of our large stock of
Choice Family Groceries,
which comprises fresh goods by recent purchase at the lowest cash prices.
NEW CROP TEAS, Black and Green.
CHOICE COFFEES, Green and Roasted.
WHITE and YELLOW SUGARS, best in the market.
CANNED GOODS, Fruit and Vegetable.
SUGAR CURED HAMS, best brands.
PICKLES and SAUCES, English and American.
FRUITS, Foreign and Domestic, &c., &c., &c.
"The Best is the Cheapest."
JNO. A. RENSHAW & CO.,
ap6:p63 COR. LIBERTY and 9TH STREETS.

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Seedsman and Florist,
No. 132 SMITHFIELD STREET,
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Fresh and Genuine Vegetable Seeds;
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Green-house and Bedding Plants;
Bulbous Roots, Roses, &c.;
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Boquets & Cut Flowers,
For Parties, Weddings, Funerals, &c.,
ARRAYED IN BEST STYLE TO ORDER.
Nursery and Greenhouse at Wilkinsburg, Pa.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.
ap11:q10-TTHS

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
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Nos. 384 and 386 Penn,
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FIRE CLAY
WATER PIPES,
Chimney Flues,
AND
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HENRY H. COLLINS,
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600 BUSHELS CHOICE PEACH BLOW POTATOES to arrive.
For sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
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Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
FOR DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS, SUCH AS COUGHS, COLDS, WHOOPING COUGH, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA AND CONSUMPTION.
The few compositions which have won the confidence of mankind and become household words among not only one but many nations, must have extraordinary virtues. Perhaps no one ever secured so wide a reputation or maintained it so long as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It has been known to the public about forty years, by a long continued series of marvellous cures, which have won for it a confidence in its virtues never equalled by any other medicines. It still makes the most effectual cures of *Coughs, Colds, Consumption,* that can be made by medical skill. Indeed the CHERRY PECTORAL has really robbed these dangerous diseases of their terrors, to a great extent, and given a feeling of immunity from their fatal effects, which is well founded, if the remedy be taken in season. Every family should have it in their closet for the ready and prompt relief of its members. Sickness, suffering and even life is saved by this timely protection. The prudent should not neglect it, and the wise will not. Keep it by you for the protection it affords in sudden attacks, and by its timely use.
PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
And sold by Druggists all round the world.
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GLASSES.
*Pickersgill,
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No. 141 WOOD STREET,
Invite the attention of the public to their large assortment of
LOOKING GLASSES
AND
Picture Frames
Embracing many new styles. Also, American, German and French Chromos, which we offer at reasonable prices.
☞FINE MANTLE AND PIER GLASSES a specialty.
ap5:p55-TTHS

HALL'S
Vegetable Sicilian
HAIR
RENEWER
RENEWS THE HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR WHEN GRAY.
Renews the nutritive matter which nourishes the hair.
RENEWS THE GROWTH OF THE HAIR WHEN BALD.
Renews the brash, wiry hair to silken softness.
BEAUTIFUL HAIR DRESSING.
One bottle shows its effects.
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists.
B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
mh25-STTH-T Wholesale Agents.

LADIES' GOLD WATCHES
For $30.00, at
WATTLES & SHEAFER'S,
101 FIFTH AVENUE.
We have on hand an elegant assortment of LADIES' GOLD WATCHES, at all prices. All Watches warranted.
ap7

SEINES! SEINES!
I have just received a complete assortment of Seines, from 10 yards up to 80 yards, all complete with Floats and Sinkers. Also, MINNOW SEINES and NETTING cut to any length, one to two yards wide. Also SEINE TWINE by the pound.
FOR SALE BY
JAMES BOWN,
mh28 136 WOOD STREET.

MULES AND HORSES
FOR SALE.
15 heavy KENTUCKY DRAFT MULES.
15 ROOM and ENTRY PIT MULES.
5 heavy DRAFT HORSES.
5 Light DRIVING HORSES.
For sale by S. B. SMITH,
38 Corry street,
de30:o8 Allegheny city.

WARNER'S
PILE REMEDY.
WARNER'S PILE REMEDY has never failed (not even in one case) to cure the very worst cases of Blind, Itching or Bleeding Piles. Those who are afflicted should immediately call on their druggist and get WARNER'S PILE REMEDY. It is expressly for the Piles, and is not recommended to cure any other disease. It has cured many cases of over thirty years standing. Price $1. For sale by druggists everywhere.
my7:STTH

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY GOODS
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
Offer their
New Spring Stock
AT EASTERN PRICES.
Lowest in Nine Years.
Black Alpacas, Silks,
Colored Mohairs, Delaines,
Dress Goods, Cloths,
White Goods, Cassimeres,
Farmers' and Mechanics' Cassimeres
Double and Twist Cottonades,
Tweeds, Flannels, Jeans,
Prints, Ginghams, Checks,
Table Linens,
Towels and Napkins,
Bleached and Brown Muslins,
(All widths and qualities.)
Shawls, Skirts, Collars,
Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, &c.
Batting, Yarns and Carpet Chain.
A Full Line in all Departments.
New Goods Constantly Receiving.
Call and Examine our Stock, at
No. 115 Wood Street.
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.
C. ARBUTHNOT, W. T. SHANNON,
J. G. STEPHENSON.
mh28:o

FOR SALE.
MAGNIFICENT
BUILDING SITES.
Lots! Lots! Lots!
The most attractive and desirable sites for homes within the city limits. Good neighborhood, good water, fuel convenient, easy of access, being located at Fort Herron, the terminus of the Central Passenger Railway. Terms easy. Inquire of
C. H. LOVE,
No. 58 FOURTH AVENUE, or to
R. G. HERRON.
mh24:o39 ON THE PREMISES.

WALL PAPER.
Spring Styles.
STENCIL and PLAIN TINTS, with borders.
ELEGANT STAMPED GOLD PAPERS.
Every variety of PANEL WORK for Halls, Dining Rooms, Vestibules, Churches.
These have been selected with great care and are the choicest in the market.
W. P. MARSHALL,
ap6:p62 191 LIBERTY ST., above Sixth.

"HILL & ADAMS
Sewer Pipe Company."
Manufacture highly vitrified Stone Pipe for Sewer and Water purposes, both ring and socket from 1 to 24 inch calibre. Contractors and Plumbers supplied at lowest prices. Also, Wholesale and Retail dealers in Hydraulic Cements, Chimney Tops, Flues, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Tile, &c.
Office and Warehouse,
Nos. 65 and 67 SANDUSKY STREET,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.
Send for Price List. mh25:o65

To the Ladies.
Having received a complete assortment of all the latest eastern styles of
Blocks and Forms for Bonnets and Hats,
I am prepared to do over and alter to any of the latest styles all Bonnets and Hats of whatever shape, made to look as well as new. Extra Straw furnished if required. All work done on short notice. Prices lowest in the city.
MRS. A. PARKER,
65 CEDAR AVENUE, east side of East Park, Allegheny City.
ap7:p81TTHS

FISHING TACKLE
I have received a full line of
Hooks, Lines and Pointed Rods.
In fact, everything that is required to fit out the followers of Isaac Walton in good style. Call at 136 Wood street and be convinced of the fact.
JAMES BOWN,
mh28 136 WOOD STREET.

Jno. McKirdy & Co.,
PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
ALSO, DEALERS IN
Apples, Potatoes, Butter, Eggs, Cranberries, Foreign Fruits, and Produce Generally.
360 LIBERTY STREET,
ap5:p56 PITTSBURGH, PA.

TREES! TREES!
Persons intending to set out Orchards or Beautify their Grounds, should examine our immense stock of
Apple, Peach, Shrubbery,
Pear, Plum, Conover's Colossal,
Cherry and Asparagus,
Ornamental Trees, Greenhouse Plants,
Evergreens, Roses, &c., &c., &c.,
ALL OF OUR OWN GROWTH.
Also, a large selected stock of WARRANTED VEGETABLE SEED, CHOICE FLOWER SEED, wholesale and retail, by
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
112 Smithfield street.
☞Catalogues free. mh8

ELABORATELY FINISHED and
HIGHLY ORNAMENTED
Nickel Plated Parlor Grates & Fenders
OF ALL VARIETIES AND STYLES,
For fine houses, can be had at
BISSELL & CO.'S,
235 LIBERTY STREET.
☞A general assortment of Fine and Common Grates always on hand.
fe18:n5

POTATOES.
CHOICE LAKE SHORE PEACH BLOWS.
1,000 Bushels.
For sale THIS DAY, March 30th, by
A. T. CANFIELD,
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
mh30 143 FIRST AVENUE.

A. H. English & Co.,
98 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Publishers of OSGOOD'S PROGRESSIVE SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS, including Osgood's Reader and Speller, Dean's Arithmetic, Burtt's Grammars, and Cowley's System of Penmanship
☞All orders by mail promptly filled. de30:r58

DREKA,
Importer and Retail Dealer in
FINE STATIONERY,
WEDDING, VISITING,
PARTY AND BUSINESS
CARD ENGRAVING
MONOGRAMS, ARMS,
ILLUMINATING, &c.
Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples. 1033 CHESTNUT STREET,
se13:d49-TTHS Philadelphia.

PROF. THOMPSON—As successor to Rev. S. M. Glenn, will continue the Female Seminary at No. 29 Ninth street, beginning on MONDAY, April 10, with the assistance of his daughter as teacher of French and Instrumental Music, and Miss MARY S. ROGERS, heretofore associated with Mr. Glenn. For terms see circular, (no extra charge for French and German,) or enquire at the school between the hours of 10 and 12. JAMES THOMPSON. ap4:p46-TTHS

NEW WALL PAPERS,
Now receiving, of new designs, for halls, dining rooms and chambers. Also, Plain Tints and Decorations in extensive variety, at
No. 107 MARKET ST., near Fifth avenue
o c29 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c

CARPETS.
Spring Stock,
LARGE ASSORTMENT
Finest Styles,
LOW PRICES.
Our stock of Tapestry and Body Brussels, best Two and Three Ply is especially attractive.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
mh3 21 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW
SPRING GOODS!
Still Lower Prices!
NEW CARPETS,
NEW OIL CLOTHS,
NEW WINDOW SHADES,
&c., &c., &c.,
Arriving Daily!
Make your selections while the stock is fresh is fresh and unbroken and before the Spring rush begins.
Oliver McClintock
& Company,
fe16 23 Fifth Avenue.

M'Farland & Collins
HAVE JUST OPENED FOR
SPRING OF 1871
NEW PATTERNS OF
Floor Oil Cloths,
WINDOW SHADES,
Tapestry and Brussels Carpets,
AT PRICES THE
Lowest Offered for Eight Years Past.
McFarland & Collins,
71 AND 73 FIFTH AVE.
fe10 Next building to U. S. Custom House.

NEW CARPETS.
We are receiving the first installment of our Spring Stock of Carpets and Oil Cloths, comprising many new and elegant patterns, which we are offering at Reduced Prices.
HENRY McCALLUM,
(Late McCallum Bros.)
ja30 51 FIFTH AVENUE, above Wood street.

CARRIAGES.
ESTABLISHED 1853.
JOSEPH BECKHAUS.
1204 Frankford Avenue,
Above Girard Ave, PHILADELPHIA.
Manufacturer of Exclusively First-Class
FIRST CLASS CARRIAGES
CARRIAGES,
NEWEST STYLES.
Clarence, Landaus, Landaulets, Close coaches, Shifting-Top Coaches, Coupes, Barouches, Phaetons, Rockaways, Hearses, &c., *suitable for private, family and public use.* Workmanship and finish second to none in the country.
Fine and varied Stock on hand—completed and in the works. Orders receive prompt and personal attention. All work warranted. mh17:o53

WM. D. ROGERS. JOSEPH MOORE, JR.
CARRIAGES.
ESTABLISHED 1846.
Pleasure Carriages of the manufacture of WM. D. ROGERS & CO built with especial care during the late winter for the coming driving season, embracing the most stylish Carriages and Light Road Wagons. Also, a large variety of elegant Pony Phaetons. Warerooms, 1009 and 1011 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia. Manufactory, (formerly George W. Watson & Co., Retired,) corner Thirteenth and Parrish streets, Philadelphia.
Carriages Built to Order. All descriptions of Fine Carriages built to order. Drawings and Specifications mailed when desired. ap3:p22

REMOVALS.

The Dollar Savings Bank
HAS BEEN REMOVED TO ITS
NEW BANKING HOUSE,
No. 124 Fourth Avenue,
mh31 PITTSBURGH.

REMOVAL.
The First National Bank
OF PITTSBURGH,
HAS REMOVED TO ITS NEW BUILDING,
Cor. Fifth Ave. and Wood Street.
This Bank, already having a large business, invites Merchants, Bankers and other business people to open accounts with them, with the assurance of the most liberal dealing, consistent with safe banking.
JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.
JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.
CHAS. F. SPEER, Asst. Cashier, mh31:p10

Lacock, Hawthorn & Co.,
TIN ROOFERS and Manufacturers of all kinds of Galvanized Iron Cornices, Window Caps, Brackets, Ventilators, &c. Contracts taken in any part of the country for Roofing, Cornice work, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron work. No. 47 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa. au25

SLATE.
AIKEN & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Peach Hill, Vermont and Peach Bottom Roofing
SLATE.
Also, Slating Nails and Felt.
COR. 11th AND LIBERTY STREETS,
Opposite the Grain Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞SLATE ROOFS put on by experienced workmen.
ap7:p78

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes and which produce some of the following effects as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, Pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 3 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, near Court House, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BREAKFAST BACON—Star Brand. Also, Canvassed Sugar Cured Hams and Dried Beef of choice quality, just received from Cincinnati, and for sale by the tierce or at retail at the Family Grocery Store of
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
mh28 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.
au25:e31

James T. Brady & Co.,

BANKERS,

Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.

Financial Agents of United States
FOR
FUNDED LOAN
Of 1880, 1885 and 1900.

☞ SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

NEW YORK, April 12, 1871.

Gold dull and steady at 110⅜@110½. Loans made at from 1 to 2 per cent. Clearances, $11,000,000. Exports to-day, $169,000.

Governments opened steady, but declined a fraction at midday, recovering and more quiet at opening.

Bonds at Sub-Treasury were $7,419,550, at from 109-69 to 110-40. Awards, $2,000,000 at from 109-69 to 109-88.

Stock market firm. The *Post* says: The upward speculation in stocks is well maintained, and in some instances prices have been advanced. To-day the prevailing opinion on the street is in favor of higher prices. Nearly every leading stock is cliqued, and good short interest has been obtained during the past ten days, owing to uncertainties in regard to the money market. This short interest makes basis for cliques to operate on. The features to-day have been as follows: Wabash, Ohio and Mississippi, Northwestern, Lake Shore, New York Central, Hudson, Rock Island, St. Paul, Western Union and Union Pacific. At the Board were sales of C. C. C. and I. at 88¾@89¼, and of St. Louis and Iron Mountain at 58@58⅜. Union and Central Pacific Bonds strong and active. Money steady at 6@8 per cent. State Bonds dull, but firm. North Carolinas and Tennessees little better. Georgia 6s sold up to 87.

Sterling exchange 9¾.

GOVERNMENTS—Coupons of 1881, 116¾; 5-20s of '62, 112¾; '64, 112⅜; '65, 112⅜; new do 111⅜; '67, 111½; '68, 112; 10-40s, 108⅜; currency 6's 115¼.

STATE BONDS—Missouri, 92¼; Tennessee, old 66; new 65; Virginia, new 72; old 68¼; North Carolina, old 49; new 25⅜.

MISCELLANEOUS—Western Union Telegraph 58; Quicksilver 12⅜; Mariposa 7; do preferred 11⅜; Adams Express 74⅜; Wells & Fargo 42; American 48⅜; United States 46; Pacific Mail 42¼; N. Y. Central 96⅜; scrip 92¼; Erie 21; do pref'd 42; Harlem 127⅜; do preferred 128⅜; Reading 108⅜; Michigan Central 121¾; Cleveland and Pittsburgh 116⅜; Northwestern 88⅜; do preferred 96¼; Rock Island 111⅜, ex div.; New Jersey Central 106; St. Paul 61⅜; do preferred 79¾; Wabash 62½; do preferred 79; Fort Wayne 99; Terre Haute 31; do preferred 55; Chicago and Alton 118⅜; do preferred 119; Ohio and Mississippi 50⅜; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati 89⅜; Baltimore and Ohio 159; Lake Shore 102¾; Illinois Central 135⅜; Union Pacific, 59⅜.

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	110⅜	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '65	111⅜
U. S. 6s, 1881	116¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '67	111⅜
U. S. 5-20 1862	112¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '68	112
U. S. 5-20 1864	112⅜	U. P. R. R.	83⅜
U. S. 5-20 1865	112⅜	C. P. R. R.	95⅜
U. S. 10-40	108⅜	Cy. Pacifics	115⅜

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, April 12, 1871.

ASHES—Market almost bare of Soda Ash. Pearls unchanged at 9@9¼, and Pots at 7¼@

APPLE BUTTER—Sales of prime, in crocks and kegs, at 70@75 per gallon.

APPLES—The receipts continue light and our market, as is usually the case at this season of the year, is almost bare. Prime sound apples sell readily at $5,50@6,00—sale one car good "Russetts" at $6.

BUTTER—The receipts are increasing and the supply is accummulating, particularly the lower grades; prime butter, however, is still commanding full prices, 30@32, and choice 34@35. Common and inferior is very dull, which may be attributed in part to the low price of lard.

BROOM CORN—Good to prime short green corn wanted at 6@6½. Red slow sale at 4@5.

BEANS—Dull; $1,50@2,00 per bushel.

BEESWAX—Quoted at 28@30 cts.

CHEESE—Prime York State Goshen, 18@18½. No Ohio cheese in market as yet.

CARBON OIL—Is quiet and unchanged, standard brands, 21½—usual advance for small lots.

CORNMEAL—Small sales of prime yellow at 85@90cts per bushel.

CANDLES—Quoted at 12 cts for mould, and 19 for star.

CANNED GOODS—Peaches, (3 lb cans) $5,75 per dozen; do (2 lb cans) $2,50; Winslow's Corn, $3,00 per dozen; Tomatoes, $2,60@2,75 per dozen. Demand improving.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2,50@2,75 per bbl; Johnstown, $2,25; Rosendale, $4,00@4,50; Calcined Plaster, $4,50; Land Plaster, $3,50@3,75.

CRANBERRIES—Season nearly over; quoted at $12@15 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Sales of Peaches at 10@10½ for quarters; 11@11½ for mixed, and 13@14 for halves, as to quality. Apples exceedingly dull and nominal, at 6@8 cts.

EGGS—With continued liberal receipts and an apparent falling off in the demand, the market is dull and prices lower, and, furthermore, holders generally are anxious to realize. We now quote at 14@15—sales reported at both quotations. There seems to be no inquiry for export, and, consequently, the demand is entirely local.

FLOUR—Is steady though dealers generally report the market unsatisfactory, as the margin is very fine, prices being lower here relatively than in the west. We continue to quote at $6.75@7,00 for good spring extras; $7,25 for choice Minnesota baker's flour; $6,75@7,00 for red winter wheat; and $7,25@7,50 for white. Rye Flour, small lots, in store, $6,00@6,25.

FEATHERS—Prime geese feathers are scarce and in demand, with sales to the trade at 73@74—usual advance for small lots.

GRAIN—Wheat is steady with a fair milling demand and continued light receipts; prices remain unchanged, $1,40@1,45 for red, and $1,50@1,55 for white, as we have repeatedly noted, there are but few sales at the outside quotations, as there is but very little strictly No. 1 wheat offering. No change in Oats, and market continues quiet; we continue to quote at 55@56 buying, and 57@58 selling—small lots, in store, 60@62. Receipts recently have been comparatively light. Corn is quiet and devoid of a single characteristic worthy of notice; may be quoted at 68@72, for mixed ear to prime yellow shelled. Rye is unchanged, and the arrivals continue light; sales on arrival at $1,05@1,06. Barley dull and prices nominally unchanged, 80@85 for spring and 90@95 for fall.

GROCERIES—Coffee is weak, with light stocks as compared with same time last year; with the recent decline, it is the opinion of large operators that the bottom has been reached, though large receipts would cause a further decline, and this is not improbable. Sugars firmer at our quotations—refiners, in New York, asking a ⅛ advance yesterday for refined goods. Holders of raw sugars (in the east) show an anxiety to sell. Syrups firm at the late advance. New Orleans molasses weak for lower grades, but for choice full prices are obtained. Rice is easier but there is no change whatever in prices.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 20; Prime, 19; Good, 18; Fair, 17; Roasting, 16@16½.

SYRUPS AND DRIPS—White Honey, 65; Havemyer & Elders, 72; Silver Drips, 60; Loverings, 62; other grades, 45@55.

SUGARS—Choice New Orleans, 11⅜; prime, 10⅞ good, 10; fully fair, 10; Porto Rico Sugars 10½@11½; Cuba, 10@11; Demarara, 11⅜@12⅜.

REFINED SUGARS—Hard Sugars, 13¾; A Coffee, 12⅜; "B," 12⅜; Extra C, 12⅜; C. yellow 12⅜.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, choice, 70; prime, 68; good, 65.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1 40; Good, $1 10; Fair, $1. Lower grades down to 70cts. G. P. Fancy, $1 50; good, $1 25; fair, $1 10; Imperial Fancy, $1 40; good, $1 25; fair, $1; Oolong fancy, $1 25; good, 90cts; fair, 60@70c; Souchong fancy, $1 20; good, 90c; fair, 70@80c, Japan Fancy, $1; good, 90c; fair, 75c.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 9⅜c; prime, 9c; good, 8⅜c.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 21c. Pimento, 17c. Cloves, 20c. Cassia, 55c.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Currants, 11⅜@12 cents. Prunes, 12⅜c. Valencia Raisins, 15c. Layer Raisins, $3,25 per box.

HAY—Baled is selling on wearf at $14@16, and loose, from country wagons, at $14@20.

HEMP—Sales Kentucky at $175.

HUSKS—Quoted at 2⅜@2⅜ cts.

HIDES—Green salted (all weights) 10⅜@11⅜; green butchers (cow and steer) 7@8; green salted kip 14@16; do calf, 16@18 Dry.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $3,25 per bbl and eastern at $1,75.

MAPLE SYRUP—May be quoted at $1,75@1,75 in gallon jugs.

MILL FEED—Sales of Bran in store, at $1,40@1,50, and Middlings at $1,60@1,80.

ONIONS—Sales at $4@6 per bbl for common to choice. Onion setts, $7@8 per bushel.

OILS—No. 1 Lard Oil, $1,05@1,06. Linseed Oil, 94@96.

PROVISIONS—Plain shoulders, 9; Plain Sugar Cured, 10⅜@10⅜. Canvassed do, 11⅜@11⅜; Plain Sugar Curee Hams, 15⅜; Canvassed do, 16@16⅜; Ribbed Sides, 11; Clear do, 12@12⅜; Breakfast Bacon, 15⅜; Canvassed do, 16⅜; Dried Beef, 18⅜@19. Prime Kettle Lard, in tcs, 12⅜; in kegs and buckets, 13⅜@13⅜. Mess Pork, $21.

PEANUTS—Demand fair at the recent advance, 8⅜@9 cts.

PEAS—Sales $1,75 per bushel.

POTATOES—The receipts continue liberal but under the influence of the advices from Lake Shore, prices are fully maintained—some dealers are asking in advance; we now quote prime Peach Blows, that is for small lots, in store, at $1,25@1,30 per bushel car load lots, $1,18@1,20. Prime Jersey Sweets, $5 per bbl.

SEEDS—There is a fair demand for Clover Seed we can report sales, mostly in small lots, at $6,75@7,00. Timothy Seed is quiet with but little in market and not much wanted; small sales at $6,50. Flaxseed is still quoted at $2,20, and the receipts continue very light.

SOAPS—Rosin, 3⅜@5 cts; Chemical Olive, 7⅜; Crampton's, 10; Wax, 8; Babbitts, 11; Woman's Friend, 9⅜; Dobbins, 14⅜; Kitchen Crystal, 10; Colgate's Palm, $4.75.

SUMAC—Sales Tennessee Sumac at 4⅜ cts.

TALLOW—Rendered, 8⅜@8⅜.

WILLOWS—Sales Kentucky willows at 10.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
WEDNESDAY, April 12, 1871.

The Petroleum market was again very dull to-day, and devoid of anything particularly new or important. Refined was weak, with an unusual number of eastern sellers, and that, too, at prices that were refused yesterday; it seems impossible to get any life or animation infused into the refined market. Occasionally there is what is usually termed a "spurt," but it never amounts to anything; whenever there is any oil thrown on the market it at once weakens and falls back and drops lower than ever. This has been the course of refined for a month past. According to the *New York Shipping List*, the exports have fallen off very materially within a brief period, something like a million of gallons. The Crude market continues dull and very unsatisfactory, not only here but at Cleveland and in the oil regions, also; prices are still maintained on the creek, but the sales are very light, as buyers, legitimate buyers, are just about as scarce there as they are here.

REFINED.

Sale 500 bbls July at 24¾. May, offered by both Philadelphia and New York at 24; June to August offered at 24⅜; June and July, 24⅜ bid and 24⅜ asked.

CRUDE.

But a single sale reported, 2,000 bbls seller until July at 10⅜. Seller April nominal at 10⅜@10⅜—but little offering and not much wanted.

OIL BARRELS.

City barrels, $1,60@1,65, delivered; country, $1,50@1,56—sale 500 on wharf at $1,50.

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Brilliant Oil Works 74, account J Munhall; Excelsior O W 314, account Bates & G; Sunbeam O W 80, account W Stewart; Cosmos O W 308, account H McKelvy; Triumph O W 388, account J B Barbour; Star O W 474, account H McKelvy; Fairview O W 924, account Thos Hackett; Model O W 80, account Duncan & Y; Model O W 80, account J V Patton; Aladdin O W 160, account Thos Chess; D Bly & Co 80, account S A Hull.
Total .... 2,962.

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R. & W. P. R. R.

Forsyth Pro., 156 bbls refined oil to Warden F. & Co., Phila.
Fulton, Marvin & Co. 147 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Phila.
J. W Riter, 151 bbls refined oil to Logan Bros & Co., Phila.
Wm. McKelvy & Co. 218 bbls refined oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Philadelphia.
J. A. McKee 350 bbls refined oil to W. P. Logan Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.
Wm. McKelvy & Co., 53 bbls ref. oil to Wm Blair & Sons, Carlisle.
Bryan & Mills 52 bbls ref. oil to Stevenson, Bros & Co, Phila.
Total bbls shipped .... 1,127.

OIL SHIPPED PER WEST PENN R. R.

Elkins, Bly & Co. 150 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Chas. T. Place, 50 bbls paraffine, to Chas. T Place, Providence, R. I.
Total .... 200 bbls.

By P. & A. Telegraph Line.

NEW YORK, April 12.—2 M.—Crude nominally at 13⅜c; refined nominally at 23⅜ to 23⅜c. Market dull and quiet and no transactions.

3 P. M.—Market quiet. We quote crude in the absence of sales at 13⅜c; refined 23⅜c; sale of four thousand bbls at this figure.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12.—12 M.—Crude 12⅜c; refined April 23⅜c bid; May 24c asked; June and July 24⅜c bid and 24⅜c asked.

PLEASANTVILLE, April 12, 11 A. M.—Market quiet at $3,70@3,75.

TIDIOUTE, April 12, 11:15 A. M.—Market firm, without much doing; offering at $3,95@4,00.

PARKERS, April 12, 12 M.—Market very quiet; nothing doing; prices about $4,05@4,10.

TITUSVILLE, April 12.—Market quiet and weaker; $3,85 bid, $4 asked; no transactions. Weather clear and warm.

OIL CITY, April 12—Market very quiet: on Lower Creek $3,95@4; the city, $4,15@4,20; $4,15 offered for 46. Clear and windy.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, April 12—11 A. M.—Market dull and nothing do; $3,90 bid.

PITTSBURGH CATTLE MARKET.

EAST LIBERTY STOCK YARDS,
WEDNESDAY, April 12, 1871.

CATTLE.

The receipts thus far have been fair, it is thought if anything a little larger than during the same period last week, and the average quality rather better, but with continued unfavorable advices from the east, the market is very sluggish and buyers generally are asking for concessions. The market is in that peculiar condition that it is very unsatisfactory for buyers and sellers; the latter cannot make concessions without incurring a loss, and the former, in view of the bad state of affairs both in New York and Philadelphia, are very cautious, and refuse to take hold unless they can do so at comparatively low prices. As will be seen by reference to the report of sales, several car loads changed hands at 7 up to 7⅜; two cars prime Missouri steers, averaging about 1,400, brought $7,20. There are quite a number in the pens unsold to-day, and unless concessions are made, or advices from the east improve, the probability is that a large number will have to go east in first hands.

	No.	Wght.	Price.
Hedges & Taylor sold for:			
Unkerfor to Kerwin	16	22,280	7 50
Ryser to Schusler	13	17,100	7 00
Brandenberg to Roth	18	20,040	6 62
" " Smith	18	21,500	6 62
Holmes, Lafferty & Co. sold for:			
Smith to Kleman & Kirk	56	68,610	6 80
Thompson to Vanvoorhis	38	34,140	P T
Springle to Kleman & K	57	65,910	6 62
Smith, Watson & Briggs sold for:			
Casterline to Briggs	14	18,030	7 12
Workman to Wall	12	12,850	6 00
" Carson	4	2,880	P T
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Campbell to Kelly	30	43,060	7 20

SHEEP.

The receipts thus far have been liberal, and with a falling off in the demand, the market is dull and, prices, as compared with last week, are off ⅜@⅜ of a cent per lb. Wooled sheep may now be quoted at 6@6⅜, and clipped at 3⅜@5⅜, for inferior to prime. Following is a partial report of sales since Monday:

	No.	Wght.	Price.
Smith, Watson & Briggs sold for:			
Pletcher to Pancoast	96	7,400	4 00
Brook to Erisman	102	9,780	5 50
True to Erisman	98	8,070	6 25
Shriver to Pancoast	90	8,020	6 50
Shriver to Alcorn	92	8,070	6 50
Hedges & Taylor sold for:			
Wolfe to Ward	55	4,000	6 00
Swickard to Pancoast	149	14,090	6 30
Hazlewood & Blackstock sold for:			
Kerwin to Davis	185	15,660	5 80
" "	154	12,520	5 20
Eddy to Deitrich	235	16,590	3 75
Kerwin to Erisman	190	16,400	5 85
" " "	186	15,190	5 85
" " "	372	32,020	6 25
" " Alcorn	565	39,560	6 20
" " Davis	176	13,780	5 00
" " "	181	14,250	5 12
" " "	23	1,810	5 12

HOGS.

There is no improvement to note in the hog trade; on the contrary, it is becoming worse and worse. Prices have still further declined, and even at the decline the demand is exceedingly light. New York buyers were virtually out of the market to-day, and the Philadelphia men bought very sparingly. We now quote prime Philadelphia hogs at 6⅜@6⅜, and Yorkers at 5⅜@6.

	No.	Wght.	Price.
Smith, Watson & Briggs sold for:			
Pletcher to Gillett	20	2,660	5 87
Winings to Reyenthaler	12	2,440	6 60
Carnes to Imhoff	7	1,540	6 55
Winans to Slayline	10	2,100	6 25
Hedges & Taylor sold for:			
Fulkerson to Imhoff	63	11,310	6 25
" "	77	14,330	6 25
Troible to J Roth	68	11,590	6 00
Fleming to Jamison	45	10,200	5 90
Crawford to Erisman	140	23,720	6 00
Barnes to Roth	46	11,200	
" " Reyenthaler	94	23,670	6 50
Keller & Ulery sold for:			
Church to Gillett	55	9,060	6 60
Hendson to Gillett	61	10,400	6 00

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 12, 1871.

FLOUR—Quiet.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring dull and closed quiet at $1,29; this afternoon firm and unchanged.

CORN—No. 2 mixed quiet and ⅜c higher, closed at 52c; this afternoon quiet.

OATS—No. 2 dull and declined ⅜c; 47@47⅜c for winter; 50⅜@50⅜c for fresh receipts.

RYE—No. 2 dull at 90@91c.

BARLEY—No. 2 quiet at 78@80⅜c.

HIGHWINES—Firm at 86⅜c.

PROVISIONS—Dull.

MESS PORK—Closed at $18,75 for cash; $18,87 for seller March.

LARD—11⅜c for cash, 13⅜ for seller May.

MEATS—Dull; shoulders 6⅜; sweet pickled hams 12c.

HOGS—Dull at $5,50@6,25.

CATTLE—Quiet and dull at $4,50@6.37.

RECEIPTS—Hogs 1,535 head. Shipments of 2,253 head.

New York.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Cotton in fair demand but lower; middling upland 14⅜c. Flour steady; superfine western and state $6@6 50; common to good extra $6,50@6,65; good to choice $6.65@6,15; white western extra $7,25@7,65; Ohio extras $6,70@7,35; St. Louis 6.80@9. Rye flour dull at $4 40@6,30. Cornmeal unchanged. Whisky steady at 90⅜c. Wheat quiet; new spring $1,59⅜@1,61⅜; Red and amber $1,62@1,67; white California $1,60. Rye, barley and malt quiet. Corn quiet; mixed western 75⅜@77c; yellow 77@78c. Oats dull and drooping; western and Ohio 67⅜@70c. Leather weak at 26⅜@29⅜c; Orinoco 25@28c. Wool firm; domestic 50@58c; unwashed 33c; pulled 46@49c; California 24@33⅜c. hay quiet. Hops firm; western 6@9c. Coffee: rio 13⅜@16⅜c. Sugar steady; Cuba 9@9⅜c. Molasses steady. Rice 8@8⅜c. Crude petroleum 13⅜c; refined 23⅜c. Pork dull; new mess $10.50@19,75; prime pork $17,25@17,75; new prime mess $17@18; seller April to June $19,75. Beef dull; mess $10@15; extra $15@17, hams $24@31; prime mess heavy at $24@26; India $27@30. Cut meats heavy, hams 11⅜@14c; shoulders 7⅜@8⅜c; middles nominal, long clear 9⅜c. Lard heavy; prime steam 11@11⅜c; kettle dried 12c; seller April to June 11⅜@12c. Butter and cheese unchanged.

METALS.—Manufactured Copper steady; Ingot Lake 21⅜@21⅜c; Iron Scotch pig 33@36c; U. S. 32@36c; Bar, 75c; Russia Sheet, 10⅜@11c; Gold cut nails, $4,65; clinch, $6,16@6,40; Horseshoe, 19@31c.

LATEST.—Flour steady, at $6,55@6,80 for shipping extra. Wheat quiet; red and amber, $1,60@1,67. Eggs steady; fresh 14⅜@16⅜c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, April 12.—The dry goods market is moderately active and the prices are for the most part well maintained. We quote Atlantic A and Appleton A brown sheetings 12⅜c; Amoskeag Stark A and Pacific extra 12c; Domestic River 11c; Agawam F 8⅜c; Portsmouth P 7⅜c; Adriatic brown drills 12⅜c; Lyman H 12⅜c; Amoskeag corset jeans 11⅜c; Canal River 9⅜c; Amoskaeg brown and blue denims 25c; Haymaker 12⅜c; Gold Medal Bleached, 12⅜c; Fruit of Loom, 16c; Dwight Star, 13⅜c; Lonsdale, 15c; Masonville, 16c; Maxwell, 18c; Manville, 20c; Wamsutta, 20c; New York Mills 21c; Mass. B. B. Brown Sheeting, 10@10⅜c; Amoskeag Ginghams, 15c; Lancaster, 15c; Glasgow, 13c; Union, 12c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, April 12.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 14⅜c. Flour steady; family $6,30@6,50. Wheat steady; red $1,37@1,39. Corn dull, but unchanged; 5.c. Rye nominal; $1,02@1,05. Oats firm; mixed 54@57c. Barley steady; $1@1,05 for prime to choice fall. Groceries and oils steady. Eggs firm and better; 13⅜c. Butter quiet and unchanged. Cheese quiet and unchanged. Seed unchanged. Pork dull and unsettled; $19,50 asked, $19 offered. Lard dull and unsettled; nominally 11⅜@11⅜c. Bulk meats dull and drooping; shoulders 6⅜c, sides 8@8⅜c, sales of clear rib sides at 8⅜c, do clear 9⅜c. Bacon: shoulders 7⅜c, clear rib sides 9⅜c, do clear 10⅜c. Hogs dull and nominal; $5,50@6,00. Whisky dull and declined, 85c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, April 12.—Tobacco sales, 294 hhds lugs $5 25@6 00; low leaf to medium bright wrappers $6 50@20,00. Cotton quiet and unchanged; middlings 13⅜c. Flour firm extra family $6 15. Grain quiet and unchanged. Mess pork dull asking $20 round lots. Bacon firm 7⅜@9⅜@9⅜c; round lots packed. Bulk meats held as follows 6⅜@8@8⅜c for round lots loose. Hams s c 15c; do plain 14⅜c packed. Lard prime leaf in tierce 12c; kegs 13c. Whisky dull 85@86.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, April 12.—Flour quiet and weak; XX family $6,00 Wheat opened firm but closed dull with No 1 $1,33; No 2 $1,29⅜. Oats dull and nominal; No 2 55⅜c. Rye dull but unchanged; No 1 90c. Barley dull and nominal. Provisions dull and drooping. Mess pork $19.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12.—Flour firm; Indiana and Ohio $6.75@7,75. Wheat steady; red western $1,64@1,67; Indiana white $1,75. Rye held at $1,05. Corn dull; yellow 78@80c; mixed western 75@77c. Oats 68@69c. Petroleum unchanged. Whisky dull at 92c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, April 12.—Flour steady. Wheat dull and nominal; amber and Michigan $1,46⅜; No. 1 red Wabash $1,75; No. 3 do $1,63. Corn dull and a shade lower; low mixed 57 to 57⅜c; Michigan 58c. Oats dull and a shade lower; Michigan 54c; rejected 51c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, April 12.—Cotton quiet; low middling 12⅜c. Bulk meats—Clear ribbed sides 10c; shoulders 7⅜c for packed. Bacon—Clear sides 10⅜c; hams 13c; shoulders 8c. Sugar-cured hams 16⅜c. Lard 12⅜c. Corn 67c. Oats 75c. Flour $5@8.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, April 12.—Flour steady. Wheat firm No 1 red winter $1,46; No 2 $1,43. Corn dull 62c. Oats steady; sales 2,000 bush at 56c. Petroleum—crude opened firm but closed dull $4,65; Refined steady and held at 21⅜c.

Detroit.

DETROIT, April 12.—Flour firm. Wheat in light demand but held firm; extra $1,56. Oats quiet and unchanged. Potatoes declined 2c.

Cotton Markets.

MEMPHIS, April 12.—Cotton held firm at 14⅜c.

NEW ORLEANS, April 12.—Cotton easier at 14⅜@14⅜c.

CHARLESTON, April 12.—Cotton quiet at 13⅜@14c.

MOBILE, April 12.—Cotton dull at 14@14⅜c.

GALVESTON, April 11.—Cotton steady; good ordinary 12⅜c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, April 12.—2 cars iron ore, Carnagie, K & Co; 1 do do, Hussey, Wells & Co; 1 car do, Everson, Preston & Co; 1 do do, Nimick & Co; 8,000 ft lumber, G W Ritner; 1 car s iron, Maloney & L; 1 car do, J McCune; 8,000 ft lumber, R A Clark & Co; 16,000 do do, D Carson & Co; 205 grind stones, F Aldon; 100 bbls lime, J Miskims; 1 car potatoes, Woodworth & D; 115 sks potatoes, Van Gorder & S; 100 bbls flour, Schomaker & Co; 225 bxs starch, Arbuckles; 25 bbls f oil, W Flaccus & Son; 6 kegs a butter, J A Graff; 10 crates, 8 bxs starch, J Porterfield & Co; 3 bxs tools, Hays & Getty; 15 bbls l seed oil, Freeman & B; 3 hf bbls butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 3 bbls g apples, 5 sks potatoes, Van Fossen & S; 42 sks oats, J Graham; 1 car clay, Park Bro & Co; 1 cask cheese, J A Graff; 10 bbls d peaches, W H Graff & Co; 5 cases paper, Hostetter & S; 3 hf bbls butter, P Duff Son; 12 bdls chairs, C Boucher; 47 bdls chairs, Fackner & Irwin; 10 bbls cider, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 5 do eggs, Houck, Jamison & Co; 18 bdls chairs, T B Young & Co; 6 bbls eggs, J W Fife; 1 car lime, N J Baughman; 25 qr bbls fish, Knox & Orr; 11 bales hemp, H Gerwig & Son; 50 bgs p nuts, E & C Meginnes; 1 car mill feed, Schnelbach & H.

PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, April 12.—4 hhds tobacco, A Schaub; 1 car corn, R Knox & Son; 7 hhds tobacco, Kirk Myers; 9 bbls pork, Keil & R; 30 sks potatoes, 27 do s corn H Riddle & Son; 11 sks potatoes, J Metzgal; 200 bbls flour, Jenkins; 54 bbls flour, 200 sks flour, 27 do feed, Houck, J & Co; 100 g hides, S Harbaugh & Co; 27 bbls liquor, Marshall Bro; 1 car lime, Laing & McK; 20 bdls w boards, S H Baird; 20 sks flour, M Dravo; 17 sks potatoes, 1 bbl eggs, Woodworth & D; 12 bbls pork, 7 do cider, 12 do apples, H Rea; 15 bbls apples, Van Fossan & S; 85 bdls shovels, Myers & A; 8 bxs w powder, Winger & Co; 90 hides, 7 bbls tallow, D Hall; 50 bbls oil, G E Palmer; 11 bbls potatoes, W H Graff; 23 sks rags, McElroy & Co; 4 bbls d apples, J Wilson & Son; 5 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 1 car scrap iron, Maloney.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, April 12.—2 cars staves, Raiya & Robertson; 2 do do, Burke & Wood; 1 do do, J Painter & Son; 1 do lumber, M Seibert; 1 iron safe, Jacob Covode & Co; 1 car barley, Spencer, McKay & Co; 10 bbls whiskey, Adler Rosenberg & Co; 1 do hams, F Seller & Co; 22 sks wheat, McHenry & Hood; 185 bgs oats, M F Herron; 4 b hides, G Kahn; 3 cars corn, 1 do rye and wheat, J W Bomgardner; 1 do pig iron, Nimick & Co; 50 tcs hams, Dalzell & T; 5 bales b corn, I Dickey & Co; 1 iron safe, Alex Patterson; 10 butts tobacco, 2 cases do, 10 butts do, J Fullerton & Son; 50 bxs soap, J H Parker; 5 bbls whisky, Speck & Motrow; 10 bxs candles, 5 bbls lard, Lubler & Bros; 5 bbls oil, A. V. R. R.

ALLEGHENY STATION, April 12.—19 hides, Lappe & Weise; 2 cars cooperage, J M Hemphill; 2 do metal, Graff, B & Co; 6 do do, Lewis, O & P; 1 car cooperage, Raiya & R; 1 car s pipe, C G McMillan; 11 bbls apples, W B Garrison; 12 bbls, 24 sks flour, C McKnight; 74 bgs meal, 30 bgs feed, Geo Stewart; 8 bdls h ware, Whitesides & Drum; 4 bbls eggs, 1 bx butter, 1 do bacon, R & A Carson; 1 bbl eggs, S Dyer; 1 car metal, Lewis, B & D; 1 do do, Lindsay & McCutcheon; 2 bbls eggs, G McFerron.

WEST PENNA. RAILROAD COMPANY, April 12.—37 sks potatoes, lot grain, McQuiston & S; 1 car lumber, John Mairhofer; 101 bgs wheat, Gilmore & Co; 195 bgs oats, Voeghtly & K; 50 do do, Jos Craig; 13 sks rags, Godfrey & C; 3 pkgs hides, J C Lappe & Son; 1 car salt, Jas Drape & Co; 10 sks potatoes, Heppley & B; 12 do oats, Keil & Ritchart; 50 do rye, W Welsh & Co.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

CINCINNATI, PER ST. CHARLES.—Loomis & Collard, 300 tons pig iron; Nimick & Co. 118 do do; G W Hubley, 8 tin safes; Kremple & H, 12 pks furniture; N Whitting & Co, 6 tables, 24 stands, 138 chairs, 7 stools; C Boucher, 15 doz chairs; Jno Bernhard, 9 pks furniture; S Miller & Son, 3 doz chairs; A Ortlieb & Co, 3 doz chairs; E Hydes & Sons, 9 bales cotton; R E Sellers & Co, 24 pks drugs; W H Graff & Co, 6 bbls d apples, 6 do peaches; I Dickey & Co, 12 bales hemp, Arbuckles & Co, 11 bbls flaxseed; Clarke & Co, 10 bbls flour; Schoonmaker & Son 25 do lead bloom; S H Baird, 20 do sorghum; Dilworth, Harper & Co, 15 hhds sugar.

CINCINNATI PER ARLINGTON.—Doyle & Co, 113 mt bbls; Loomis & Collard, 20 tons p iron; Brooks, B & Co, 900 mt oil bbls, 43 bdls staves and headings; Johnson & Colvin, 10 bxs tob; Bakewell, Pears & Co, 3 bxs g ware; Kremple & H, 9 pks furniture; C A Boucher, 2 cribs; A S Gilmore, 30 bbls spear; S Uwart & Co, 26 hhds sugar; S Harbaugh & Co, 20 hides, 5 bgs feathers; Singer, Nimick & Co, 537 blooms; T H Nevin & Co, 50 bbls lead blooms; T Coffin & Co, 100 bbls fire clay; Pickersgill, Lyon & Co, 1 bx moulding.

COAL AND COKE.

Charles H. Armstrong,

DEALER IN
Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,
And Manufacturer of
COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE
OFFICE AND YARD, corner Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward; also, Second street, Eighth ward, and at foot of Ross street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward.

Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.

Refer to whom I am supplying: Hussey, Wells & Co., Wm. Smith, Union Iron Mills, S. S. Fowler & Co., Mitchell, Stevenson & Co., Bissell & Co., Graff & Hugus, Alex. Bradley, Park, Bro. & Co., Park McCurdy & Co., Reese, Graff & Dull, Wm. M. Faber & Co., J. B. Lyon & Co., James Marshall & Co., Allen, McKee & Co., Union Depot Hotel, Connellsville R. R., Pennsylvania R. R., Allegheny Valley R. R.

Oscar F. Lamm & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF
CONNELLSVILLE COKE,
DEALERS IN
Youghiogheny and Anthracite Coal
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
OFFICE: ROOM No. 5, Gazette Building.
☞ Orders respectfully solicited. del:v14

MERCHANT TAILORS.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER,
mh6:n36 Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield St.

OWNERS OF
Drays, Wagons, Carts, Hacks, and every description of Carriages,

Are required to call at the OFFICE of the CITY TREASURER, and TAKE OUT THEIR LICENSES ON OR BEFORE THE 1st DAY OF MAY NEXT.

For each and every Wagon, Cart, Car, Dray, Buggy or Carriage, drawn by one horse, the sum of	$ 6 00
For each and every one of the above named Vehicles, drawn by two horses, the sum of	10 00
For each and every one of the above named Vehicles, drawn by four horses, the sum of	12 00
For each and every Hack drawn by two horses, the sum of	12 00
For each and every Omnibus and Timber Wheels, drawn by two horses, the sum of	15 00
For each additional horse attached to any of the above named Vehicles, the sum of	1 00

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of all Livery Stable Keepers in said city to make a return to the City Treasurer, within twenty days after the passage of this Ordinance, and annually thereafter on or before the 1st day of May of each and every year, of the number of Vehicles of every description, owned and used by them in their business, and the kind thereof, and the same return shall be made under oath.

SEC. 4. All Owners of Carts, Drays, Wagons and other Vehicles who shall neglect or refuse to procure a license as aforesaid, shall be subject to a penalty of not less than ten per cent. for every thirty days the same remains unpaid after the 1st day of May of each year. All Livery Stable Keepers failing to make the return required in the 3d Section of this Ordinance, shall, in addition to the foregoing, be subject to a penalty of not exceeding fifty dollars, all of which penalty shall be recovered before the Mayor, or one of the Aldermen of said city, by summary conviction; and it shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to seek out all persons who have failed to comply with any of the provisions of this Ordinance, and report the same to the City Treasurer, for which service he shall receive the sum of fifty cents in each case, to be taxed and collected as part of the costs, upon conviction as aforesaid.

All old plates must be returned or a charge will be made for the new.

The penalties for non-compliance with the Ordinance will be strictly enforced after the above date.

D. MACFERRON,
City Treasurer.
Allegheny City, April 1st, 1871. sol:p18

LEATHER,
Hides and Oil.
GEO. H. ANDERSON & CO.,
No. 128 Second Avenue,
(Near Smithfield street,)
de3:12 PITTSBURGH, PA.

C. BARNES,
Sealer of Weights and Measures
OFFICE:
No. 5 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily at this point with 5 feet 2 inches in the channel by the marks last evening. Weather clear and cool—business dull.

No arrivals excepting the regular packets.

The Arlington for Cincinnati, and Exchange for St. Louis departed.

The Juniata was due from Cincinnati last night and will return as usual to-day, leaving at 4 P. M. She will receipt passengers and freights through to all points west or south of Cincinnati, either by river or rail. Capt. C. L. Brennan is in command and Messrs. Kirker and Mackey, are associated together in the office.

The Rover and barges of Grey's "Iron Line," commanded by Capt. Thomas Greenlee, are announced to depart for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi to-day. She will receipt freights through to Memphis and New Orleans.

The Wauanita is en route from St. Louis to this port with a cargo of iron ore.

The Argosy, from Wheeling, arrived and departed.

The Wild Duck and barges, are announced to depart for St. Louis on Saturday without fail. Capt. Anawalt will receipt freights through to all points west and south.

While we cannot speak advisedly, it is probable that the Brill, will load for Nashville again.

The Glencoe continues to make regular trips between Louisville and New Orleans. She is in all respects an A 1 boat.

—We clip the following from the New Orleans *Republican* of Saturday: Business on the average has been very dull the past week, and the coming week promises but very little if any improvement. There are a number of packets we hear mentioned as likely to be withdrawn from their trades for this season within the next ten days. Freight for the upper rivers is very scarce, and we were informed yesterday that railroad iron for the Ohio river had given out. There is still a considerable quantity of iron on hand for the St. Louis boats, but even that will probably fall short in a week or so. Rates of freight to all points are unchanged.

—During the week ending April 8, the following amount of ore was shipped by the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Company: Steubenville, 1,240; Pittsburgh, 950; Ashland, 870; Wheeling, 650; Ironton, 500; Cincinnati, 340; Grand Tower, 325—total, 4,975. Pig iron to Pittsburgh, 150. One curious circumstance connected with these shipments of iron, was the shipment of a lot of stone-coal pig iron to Bellaire, last week. Truly, "coals have been taken to Newcastle."

—The Shreveport *Southwestern*, of March 29th, says: Soon after dark the Cincinnati steamer Edinburgh left our port for home, playing Shoo Fly and other popular airs on her calliope, which, although attracting our attention did not cause us to neglect business. "Music hath charms to soothe the savage breast, split at a cabbage head and play the dickens with the rest." We didn't take any cabbage in ours.

—The Messenger, en route from New Orleans has the following items for this port: Spencer, McKay & Co; 60 empty ale bbls; C Iansen & Sons, 2 casks broken glass; Hammett & Sons, 300 dry hides; order, 35 hhds sugar; order, 5 hhds sugar; Johnson & Colvin, 10 hhds sugar; Hall & Speer, 1 plow; W, L & Co, 20 bbls molasses.

—The Memphis and Iron Mountain, and St. Louis and Cairo Railroads, have, it is said, been consolidated, and will bridge the Mississippi at Commeree, Missouri. Steamboatmen have no objection to bridging the Mississippi, if they will only build the structure high enough to permit steamers to pass under it safely.

—The Brill from Nashville arrived at Cincinnati on Monday, and the Lioness, Resolute and W. H. Brown, passed up the same day—the latter with five barges of iron ore in tow, the former with empty barges.

—The Lake Erie No. 3 Niagara, Fearless, Brilliant, Lioness No. 2 and Diamond with tows of coal, arrived at Cincinnati on Monday.

—The May Lowry, en route from New Orleans to St. Louis, has 180 tons pig iron.

RIVER PACKETS.

U. S. MAIL LINE.
Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Company.

LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M., 4:30 P. M.,
FOR ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.

STEAMER ELECTOR....Capt. DOYLE BOUGHER.
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN...Capt. ROBT. PHILLIPS.
STEAMER E. BENNETT...Capt. Z. W. CARMACK.

For further particulars inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
No freight will be received after 3½ o'clock.
de2:161 A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.

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FOR LOUISVILLE, CAIRO, ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE, WINONA and ST. PAUL.
The steamer
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THOMAS GREENLEE............Commander.
Leaves as above on
THURSDAY, April 13th.
Giving through receipts to Memphis, Vicksburg, New Orleans and Kansas City.
For Freights, apply to
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FOR EVANSVILLE, CAIRO and ST. LOUIS.
SATURDAY, April 15, POSITIVELY.
The powerful Towboat
Wild Duck and Barges,
J. W. ANAWALT............Commander.
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Will leave as announced above.
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WEDNESDAY PACKET.
For Cincinnati.
The splendid passenger steamer
ARLINGTON,
D. MOORE............Master,
Leaves WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
FLACK, COLLINGWOOD & FAIRMAN,
mh27 Agents.

CINCINNATI WEEKLY PACKET.
LEAVES THURSDAY—4 P. M.
The new and splendid Sidewheel Packet
JUNIATA,
C. L. BRENNAN............Commander,
Will leave as announced.
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FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG, POMEROY, IRONTON AND PORTSMOUTH.
Leaves Pittsburgh Every Monday, 4 P. M.
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TO THE
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IN
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OLD MAIDS IN PARTICULAR

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MAY and
JUNE.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

In These Months

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
Cures all eruptions of the skin.

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Cures the worst form of BLOOD DISEASES.

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FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
ENTERS READILY INTO THE CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD.

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FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION.

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RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.
WAREHOUSE—83 Water and 100 First streets.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of all Descriptions of
STEEL.
OFFICE and WAREHOUSE—30th 31st and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

CRESCENT
STEEL WORKS.
MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,
OFFICE: No. 339 Liberty Street,
my28:x48 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

FORT PITT
Boiler, Still and Tank
WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS.
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES,
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Cor. Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. de2:161

O'HARA BOILER WORKS
F. REPHAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, OIL TANKS, STILLS, AGITATORS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, SETTLING PANS, PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.
Cor. of Second Avenue and Liberty Street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

LOCOMOTIVES, &c.
THE PITTSBURGH LOCOMOTIVE AND CAR WORKS manufacture all descriptions of LOCOMOTIVES, BOILERS AND TANKS.
D. A. STEWART, President; WILSON MILLER, Secretary and Treasurer; J. AUG. DURGIN, Supt. Office, No. 10 SIXTH ST., Pittsburgh. nol6:h30

BISSELL & CO.'S KEY STONE HOT AIR FURNACE for Churches and Dwellings. Heavy, Simple, Strong and Substantial, free from Gases and Smoke and Dirt. The latest and best Furnace out. Operation warranted.
235 LIBERTY STREET.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.—After Dec. 4th, 1870, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Ex.	2:20 am	Mail Train	1:00 am
Southern Ex.	4:30 am	Fast Line	1:20 am
Mail Train	8:10 am	Cincinnati Ex.	9:30 pm
Cincin'ti Ex.	12:50 pm	Pittsb'gh Ex.	[illegible]
Phila. Express	3:20 pm	Pacific Ex.	10:40 am
Fast Line	8:00 pm	Way Passen'r	10:30 pm
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Wall's No. 1	6:30 am	Wall's No. 1	6:40 am
Brintn Ac No. 1	10:20 am	Brin'n Ac No. 1	7:50 am
Wall's No. 2	11:51 am	Wall's No. 2	8:50 am
Wall's No. 4	4:05 pm	Wall's No. 3	2:20 pm
Johnstown Ac.	4:05 pm	Braddocks Ac	
Wall's No. 3	3:05 pm	No. 1	7:15 pm
Wall's No. 5	11:00 pm	Brin'n Ac No. 2	1:20 pm
Wilkinsb'g Ac.	8:50 pm	Wall's No. 5	5:30 pm
Braddocks Ac. No. 1	4:50 pm	Wilkinsb'g Ac.	10:00 pm

Cincinnati Express and Southern Express leave daily.

Pacific Express leaves daily except Monday. All other trains daily, except Sunday.

The Church Trains leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 1:05 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 2:25 p. m. Sunday Brinton Accommodation leaves Pittsburgh at 8:50 p. m.; arrives at Brinton at 9:50 p. m.

For further information apply to
W. H. STOREY, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner unless taken by special contract.

A. J. CASSATT,
de8 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN
Pennsylvania Railroad.

On and after DECEMBER 19, 1870, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City as follows:

(CITY TIME.)

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Springd'e No. 1	8:40 a m	Mail	7:00 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:20 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:20 a m
Express	10:20 a m	Claremont Ac. 1	11:00 a m
Claremont Ac. 1	2:53 p m	Express	2:45 p m
Freeport No. 2	3:40 p m	Springd'e No. 1	3:10 p m
Mail	5:40 p m	Freeport No. 2	4:40 p m
Springd'e No. 2	6:00 p m	Springd'e No. 2	6:15 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Freeport every Sunday at 8:10 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:50 P. M. and arrives at Freeport at 2:50 P. M.

For further particulars apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent.
Federal Street Depot.

Local Tickets to all important Stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

A. J. CASSATT,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.
ROBERT NEILSON,
del7 Superintendent, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

From December 4, 1870, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:48 a m	Fast Line	2:08 a m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:38 a m	Wheeling Ex.	10:48 a m
Erie & Yn Ex.	7:13 a m	Pacific Ex.	[illegible]
Chicago Mail	7:23 a m	Chicago Mail	3:38 p m
Chicao Ex.	11:08 a m	Cleveland Ex.	4:13 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	1:23 p m	C. & Wh'g Ex.	4:53 p m
Pacific Ex.	3:33 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex.	5:43 p m
W'ellsville Ex.	4:38 p m	Chicago Ex.	7:18 p m
Erie Express	4:48 p m	Erie Express	11:18 p m
DEPART FROM ALLEG'Y.		ARRIVE IN ALLEGHENY.	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac.	6:53 a m
Leetsdale	10:23 a m	Bea'r Falls	[illegible]
"	11:33 a m	Enon	[illegible]
[illegible]	2:13 p m	New Castle	[illegible]
"	3:58 p m	Leetsdale	12:43 p m
Leetsd'e	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls	[illegible]
Bea'r F'lls	5:33 p m	Leetsdale	[illegible]
Leetsdale	10:43 p m	"	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:58 a m

☞ Pacific Express arrives daily.
☞ Chicago Express leaves daily.
☞ Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.
☞ Fast Line arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
☞ All other trains will leave and arrive daily Sundays excepted.

F. R. MYERS, Gen. Pas. & Ticket Agent. J. N. McCULLOUGH, Genl. Manager.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY
PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 20, 1870, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, city time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	[illegible] a. m.	Southern Express	3:58 a.m.
Denniston Accom'n	7:[illegible] m	McDonald Ac.	8:03 a.m.
Pacific Ex.	11:03 a. m.	Steubenville Accom'n	9:58 a.m.
M'Donald Accommod'n	11:28 a.m.	Cincinnati Express	12:28 p.m.
Southern Express	3:28 p.m.	McDonald Accommod'n	4:13 p.m.
Steubenville Accommod.	3:53 p.m.	Denniston Accom'n	6:43 p.m.
McDonald Accommod'n	5:13 p.m.	Fast Line	7:38 p.m.
Sunday Ch'h Train	12:58 p.m.	Sunday Ch'h Train	[illegible]

The 11:03 A.M. Pacific Express will leave daily. The 12:28 Cincinnati Express will arrive daily. All other trains will arrive daily, except Sundays. Trains on Chartiers road will leave Mansfield on the arrival of Dennison Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 7:13 A. M. on Steubenville Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 3:53 P.M.; returning, will connect at Mansfield with trains due at Pittsburgh at 9:58 A. M. and 4:13 P. M.

W. L. O'BRIEN,
General Ticket Agent, Columbus, O.
W. W. CARD, Sup't., Dennison Ohio. de8

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5th, 1870, 3 through Trains daily (except Sunday) will leave and arrive at Union Depot for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	LEAVE PITTSBURGH.	ARRIVE PITTSBURGH.
Day Express	7:20 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
Night Express	8:40 P. M.	6:25 A. M.
Way Passenger	9:35 A. M.	
Mail Train		5:50 P. M.
Brady's Bend Acc'n	3:05 P. M.	10:30 A. M.
Soda Works	6:10 P. M.	8:35 A. M.
1st Hulton	6:45 A. M.	6:35 A. M.
2d Hulton	4:45 P. M.	9:05 A. M.
3d Hulton	11:00 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
Parnassus	11:49 A. M.	2:30 P. M.

Church train to and from Hulton (Sunday) arrives at 10:10 A. M. and leaves at 1:00 P. M.

Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation trains stop at all stations.

Pullman's Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains, both ways between Pittsburgh and Corry.

Through Coaches on Day Express Trains between Pittsburgh and Brocter's.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Supt.
de5 JAMES H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF TIME:—On and after SUNDAY, Dec. 4th, 1870, Trains will arrive at and depart from Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, as follows—city time:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Mail Train	6:50 A.M.	1st McKeesport Ac.	6:40 A.M.
Way Pass'ger	9:15 A.M.	West Newton Ac.	8:35 A.M.
1st McKeesport Ac.	11:00 A.M.	Expr's Tr'n	10:00 A.M.
Expr's Train	3:10 P.M.	3d McKeesport Ac.	12:10 P.M.
West Newton Ac.	4:30 P.M.	Way Passen'r	3:50 P.M.
Braddock's Ac.	5:30 P.M.	Mail Train	6:10 P.M.
3d McKeesport Ac.	6:20 P.M.	Braddocks Ac.	7:00 P.M.
3d McKeesport Ac.	10:40 P.M.	3d McKeesport Ac.	9:50 P.M.
Church Tr'n*	12:45 P.M.	West Newton Church Tr'n*	10:10 A.M.

*Sundays only. All other Trains daily except Sunday.
de3 D. D. ANGELL, Master of Transportation.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c

H. J. M'CRACKEN. J. McCRACKEN
H. J. McCRACKEN & BRO.,
COMMISSION AND PRODUCE
MERCHANTS.
Dealers in Flour, Pork, Bacon, Brooms, Dried Fruits, Seeds, Butter, Cheese, Eggs, and Produce generally.
No. 28 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Cor. Second Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Particular attention given to consignments.
apl:g34

Laing & McKallip,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED,
Louisville and Rosedale Hydraulic Cement, White Lime, Calcined and Land Plaster, and Anthracite Coal,
No. 347 LIBERTY ST.,
oc29 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1819.
W. M. GORMLY,
Wholesale Grocer,
271 LIBERTY STREET,
(Directly opposite Eagle Hotel,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

FRESH ARRIVAL
NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES
AND
New Orleans Sugar.
WATT, LANG & CO.,
172 and 174 Wood Street.
de30

NEW SUGAR CURED HAMS!
NEW SUGAR-CURED SHOULDERS,
NEW SUGAR-CURED B BACON.
SHOULDERS,
SIDES,
LARD, in Tierces, Kegs and Buckets.
LARD OIL.
For sale at reduced prices.
DALZELLS & TOWNSEND,
de30 347 Liberty Street.

L. J. BLANCHARD
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
No. 396 PENN STREET
apl:x30

John Porterfield & Co.,
FAMILY GROCERS,
And dealers in Best Brands of ST. LOUIS FLOUR.
No. 15 MARKET STREET,
nol4:h30 orner of First Avenue.

W. C. Armstrong,
(Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong.)
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT
apl8:x30 No. 25 MARKET STREET.

JOHN SHIPTON............A. WALLACE
SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

HOME NEWS.

Allegheny Councils meet this evening at half-past seven o'clock.

For Sale.—Fourteen (14) heavy draught horses, some good drivers, at No. 13 Gray's sale stable Allegheny city.

We direct the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the Sharpsburg academy for boys and girls on our first page.

Drowned.—A man by the name of Frank Tutor, from this city, fell from the new bridge being erected over the Ohio river at Bellair, on Saturday, and was drowned.

Mayor Callow yesterday issued warrants for the arrest of two men named McGinnis and Conway, charged on oath of Mrs. McCarthy with assault and battery.

Special Request Envelopes, pursuant to instructions from the Post Office Department at Washington, must be paid for when ordered.
J. H. STEWART, P. M.

The old buildings on the lot on Chestnut street, Allegheny, purchased by the Third Ward School Board, are being torn away, preparatory to the commencement of work on the new building.

Barney Gallagher, in default of two fines, both $25—one for gross disorderly conduct, the other for resisting an officer—was sent to the Work House for four months by Mayor Brush yesterday morning.

[illegible]ers Retained for Postage.
[illegible]street & Son, J. M., St. Louis, Mo., 3c.
[illegible]onald, Alex., Chicago, Ill., 3c.
[illegible]nger, L., Harrisburg, Pa., 3c.
Weible, James & Wm., Tidioute, Pa., 3c.

The Western University.—The chair in Civil and Mining Engineering is filled by a gentleman having both theoretical and practical knowledge of those branches. The quarterly examination will be held on the 13th and 14th inst. The next term will commence on the 17th inst.

Fire at Beatty Hall.—Yesterday afternoon a slight fire broke out at Beatty Hall on Ridge street, caused by a defective flue. The students, who room at the hall, succeeded in extinguishing the flames before material damage was done. The firemen were out but their services were not required.

Still Onward.—The *Manufacturers' Review* comes to us promptly this week, and is as welcome as ever. It looks better and better, and is a credit to its managers. Every manufacturer should not only subscribe to, but advertise in this paper, as it contains much information of extensive value and interest to them.

Attempted Outrage.—A negro named Tom Lock was committed to jail yesterday by Deputy Mayor Phillips, of East Liberty, for picking the pocket and attempting to outrage the person of a young lady on the Squirrel Hill road. This is the second time that Lock has been arrested for trying to commit the same offence.

Larceny as bailee.—Nancy Wright was charged before Alderman Koenig yesterday by Susan Bullin with larceny by bailee. Susan alleges that sometime ago she lent Nancy an Empire Sewing Machine and that when she demanded its return the latter refused to give it up. The accused was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

Fire at Hatfield.—This morning about half-past one o'clock a fire broke out in McClintock's saw mill, near Forty-eighth street, between Butler street and the Allegheny river, in the Seventeenth ward. As we go to press, three o'clock, the fire is still burning. It is impossible at this hour to ascertain the amount of loss or whether there is any insurance.

Who shall represent our county in the State Legislature next term, is a question that has already attracted much attention. Among the strong, and to our mind most acceptable, new candidates mentioned is our genial and accomplished friend, Dr. A. M. Barr, at present a member of the City Council. If he is nominated and elected, he cannot fail to make an able, conscientious and worthy member of the Assembly.

False pretences.—Owen Fitzsimmons appeared before Alderman Donaldson yesterday and made oath charging Frank Trovillo and Joseph Rowe with having obtained a horse and sleigh under false pretences. The prosecutor alleges that the defendants came to his livery stable last winter and obtained a horse and sleigh by falsely representing that the mother of Trovillo had sent them for it. Warrant issued.

Burglar Arrested.—W. H. Williams, a burglar was arrested at an early hour yesterday morning in the confectionery store kept by an Italian named Anton Levi Larra, at No. 250 Liberty street. The man had been seen to enter the store through a window by a boy who informed the officer, when the latter at once proceeded to the premises and captured him. The proprietor of the store made an information before the Mayor, and the thief will have a hearing this morning.

The attention of our readers, and especially those who wish to deal with a good firm in the produce and commission business, is called to the advertisement of Messrs. Bruggeman & O'Brien, on the first page of to-day's paper. This firm have renovated their large warehouse, No. 215 Liberty street, and fitted it up in good style, and are now prepared to accommodate all who may favor them with their business. It is unnecessary to speak of them as solid, sound business men, as their reputation for that is A No. one.

Failed to Keep Books.

Yesterday, Detective McCready filed an information before United States Commissioner McCandless against Frederick Heydereich, a tobacco dealer at No. 80 West street, Third ward, Allegheny, charging him with a violation of the Revenue Laws, in not keeping the proper kind of books and failing to make correct entries of his business. The accused was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

An Outraged Wife.

Rachel Miller appeared before Alderman McMasters yesterday and made an information against Mrs. Kate Brown for assault and battery. The cause of the difficulty arose from the fact that the husband of the accused during her illness took the prosecutrix to a ball. The latter on her recovery being made acquainted with this by one of those kind-hearted souls so frequently found in all communities, visited the domicil, as is alleged of the offending Rachel and gave her a severe thrashing. A warrant was issued.

Serious Casualty.

Mr. Robert Smith, one of the workmen at the pipe works of Messrs. Evans, Clow & Dalzell, met with a very distressing accident yesterday morning. It appears that while Mr. S. was at work his leg by some means caught in the machinery, and before it could be extricated was terribly mangled, only a few shreds holding it to his body. Dr. King was summoned and amputated the injured limb.

The unfortunate man displayed the utmost coolness and presence of mind while his leg was in the machinery, and gave directions to the men who came to his assistance directions how to stop the engine. He has a large family dependent on his labor for support.

The New Inclined Plane.

The Mount Oliver Inclined Plane Company promises to be a success. The Directors held a meeting Tuesday night and decided to have the work commence next week, and proceed without delay to completion. It will start from the foot of Twelfth, formerly Denman street, and run up to Fort Jones. The length will be one thousand three hundred feet, and the greatest incline fifteen degrees. The station on the hill will be erected opposite the Monastry—the ground for both the upper and lower stations having been purchased. By reason of the easy grade, cars similar to those on the street railways can be used. The whole work it is expected will cost about $35,000, and the company expect to have everything ready in a few weeks.

Alderman Butler.

Mary Geary made oath before Alderman Butler yesterday, charging Lizzie Fitzsimmons with larceny by bailee. The prosecutrix states that she left a bundle of wearing apparel, valued at six dollars, at the house of the accused for safe-keeping, and, that when she went for it, the latter refused to give it up. A warrant was issued.

Two charges were preferred before the same magistrate against Henry M. Steele by Nancy, his wife—one for assault and battery, and the other for surety of the peace. The first offense consisted in his giving her, without any provocation whatever, an unmerciful beating, and the second in threatening that if she made an information against him, she would never leave the 'Squire's office alive. Warrants were issued in both cases.

An information was made before the same Alderman by Mary E. Ballard against the notorious Jack Nelson for surety of the peace. Mary, who is the wife of Jack although she does not assume his name, alleges that the accused threatened to take her life. A warrant was issued which will be executed at the expiration of a thirty days' visit to Claremont, which Jack yesterday commenced at the suggestion of Mayor Brush.

Pittsburgh Fire Commission.

The regular monthly meeting of the Pittsburgh Fire Commission was held at their new rooms in the rear of Alderman Neeper's office yesterday afternoon.

Members present—Messrs. Finney, McIlroy, McKelvey, Moorhead, Neeper, Stewart and Hays, President in the chair.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Mr. Cupples, Chief Engineer, reported the fire apparatus of the city to be in a very satisfactory condition; recommended the purchase of new hose and some change in the system of fire alarms. With regard to the latter he stated that considerable confusion had been occasioned lately by reason of the wires of the Western Union Telegraph Company coming in contact with those of the city while being removed to the new poles, and striking false alarms. He asked that some means be adopted to prevent this for the future. Report accepted and ordered to be filed.

Mr. Paisley, Superintendent of Fire Alarm Telegraph, reported having made connection with the new office, the erection of some new telegraph poles in various parts of the city and the removal of the wires, where practicable, to the poles of the Western Union Telegraph Company. Report accepted and ordered to be filed.

A number of bills were presented and warrants ordered to be drawn for their payment.

After the transaction of some routine business the Commission adjourned.

ALMOST FATAL ACCIDENT.

An Old Lady Falls From a Window and is Severely Hurt.

Yesterday morning an elderly widow lady, named Mrs. Jones, living at No. 22 Pasture alley, Seventh ward, met with a very serious accident. She was standing on the window sill of the first floor, it appears, cleaning the windows, and by some means losing her balance she fell backward to the pavement, a distance of about six feet, the back of her head striking the curbstone. She was picked up in an insensible condition, carried into the house and Dr. McCook immediately summoned. He at first supposed that the skull was fractured, but upon examination found that this was not so. He however feared that the accident might result fatally. Our reporter visited the house about six o'clock last evening and learned that the woman was much better and that the Doctor, who had left the house but a few minutes before, had expressed hopes of her ultimate recovery.

THE FLEMING CASE.

Second Day of the Trial—Conclusion of the Testimony—The Verdict.

The case of Thomas Fleming, charged with the murder of Henry Keech, was resumed in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday morning, Judge Collier presiding. The Commonwealth continued the testimony as follows:

M. C. Cox, sworn—I do not recollect the day of the difficulty between Keech and Fleming; I saw Keech getting on the train at Elrod's station, which is three miles above McKeesport; the train was going east, and it had left Pittsburgh at nine o'clock; Keech got off the train at Guffey's and said he was going to West Newton, which is about seven miles above Guffey's. I knew it was after the difficulty, for I saw that his head was badly injured; his head was hurt; he had a plaster over the back part of his head, his face was very much scratched.

The Commonwealth here rested.

THE DEFENCE.

Mr. Marshall then opened the case on the part of the defence, and proceeded to call witnesses as follows:

Thomas Fordner, sworn—I kept tavern at McKeesport; knew Keech; he was a larger and stouter man than I am; saw him on the evening of the day when the fight occurred; I saw Fleming and informed him that Keech was dead.

Mr. Rabe, sworn—Know Fleming; his character is good; told him of Keech's death; I had seen it in one of the newspapers.

Cross-examined—Never heard any one say anything about his character before this occurrence; Fleming's father lives about twenty or twenty-five miles above McKeesport; I saw the article relative to the death of Keech about a week or two after the occurrence; Fleming worked for me after the alleged murder; he was cutting pit posts; did not see him every day; don't know where he was in the latter part of January or during February; it was over a mile to the place where Fleming was cutting posts; he might have been away from his work two or three days without me knowing it.

John Strope, sworn—Am a coal miner; dig coal at McGowan's coal works; know Fleming; have known him fifteen years; he was digging coal in February and boarded with me; he dug coal until he was arrested; the people say he is a nice boy.

Cross-examined—Never heard any one say he was a nice boy until after this affair; I saw him every night when he came out of the coal bank.

H. Myers, sworn—Live at Lock No. 4; have known Fleming sixteen or seventeen years; his character is good.

W. Wickersham, sworn—Live near Monongahela City; have known Fleming ten or twelve years; his reputation for peace was good.

Wm. J. Fleming, sworn—Am brother of defendant; don't know my age; in November, December and January my brother was part of the time at home and sometimes at Wrightsville; saw my brother frequently; don't know how long he was down at McKeesport.

Cross-examined—I voted once on age; that was about three years ago; I am three years and six months younger than Thomas.

George Fleming, sworn—Am the father of Thomas Fleming. He came home the day after the fuss and remained there until he was arrested, except a short time when he was working at McGowan's coal pit; he and I went to Rabe's to cut pit posts; we crossed over the hills; he is twenty-five or six years of age; don't know that he went to church.

Dr. Kuhn, recalled—I was called to see Henry Keech on the Saturday following the day he received his injuries; he was at his own home; he was complaining a good deal about his head and bowels; his bowels had not been moved since he received his injuries; there were no signs of inflammation at that time; I did not think there was any danger until that time; my opinion is that there would have been quick pulse; inflammation could not have been set on Saturday from the injuries received and could have developed itself. When inflammation results from concussion it does not always follow that it would show itself in four or five days.

Cross-examined—My opinion is that the primary cause of Keech's death was the injuries about the head; would not say that was the whole cause; I do not think any physician could say the injuries he received were solely the cause of his death; I would not. I think the injuries were the initial cause of his death; sometimes such things happen from a debauch.

To the Court—The injuries about the head were the primary cause of his death.

The evidence here closed, and W. D. Moore, Esq., argued the case to the jury in behalf of the defence. He was followed by Mr. Swartzwelder for the Commonwealth. Judge Collier then delivered the charge of the Court, which was very brief, and the jury retired at ten minutes to three o'clock. At fifteen minutes past four they returned with a verdict of "Guilty of murder in the second degree."

Fleming was seated alongside his parents when the verdict was announced. He manifested no emotion and appeared stolid and indifferent. The parents, especially the mother, were greatly agitated, but made no commotion.

The prisoner was remanded, and Court adjourned.

CITY POLITICS.

Meeting of the Executive Committee—The Colored Members—Place of Meeting—Committee not to be Increased.

A meeting of the Republican City Executive Committee was held yesterday afternoon in the Common Council Chamber. There was a full attendance from all the districts. Chairman Jos. A. Butler presiding.

After the approval of the minutes,

Mr. B. W. Morgan from the Special Committee, appointed to confer with the colored Republican citizens in relation to the appointment of seven of their number to places in the Executive Committee, reported that they had recommended to the colored people the propriety of holding a public meeting in the Miller street school house to select the men.

The report was received and the committee discharged.

In accordance therewith a resolution was then adopted authorizing the Chairman of the committee to call a meeting of the colored citizens to carry out the suggestion made in the report.

Mr. T. W. Davis moved that hereafter the citizens of each ward suggest persons to fill vacancies in the representation in the committee from their respective districts. Carried.

Upon motion of Mr. Davis it was also decided, after some discussion to limit the membership in the Committee, hereafter to those already appointed and provided for.

Mr. J. T. Brown moved that a Committee be appointed to confer with the Directors of the Republican club, with a view of obtaining their hall for a regular place of meeting for the Committee.

Carried and Messrs. J. T. Brown, A. H. Gross and R. M. Snodgrass appointed.

Adjourned to meet on the second Wednesday of May.

PITTOCK'S CORNER IN COURT.

Safety of the Building Endangered—An Injunction Granted.

The work of demolishing the old row of buildings on Smithfield street between Fifth avenue and Diamond alley, is going on rapidly—too much so for the comfort and convenience of the only remaining tenant, Mr. John W. Pittock, who has sought relief in Court. Yesterday, through his counsel M. A. Woodward, Esq., he filed a petition in the Court of Common Pleas, praying for an injunction to restrain the destructive proclivities of Mr. Uri Updegraff, who owns the property and is urging on the work.

The petition sets forth that Mr. Pittock leased the three-story brick building now occupied by him on the corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, for three years from April 1st, 1870; the annual rental is fixed at $3,000. He still remains in the store, but alleges that his person and property, and the lives of his employees and patrons will be endangered if the work of tearing down the adjoining building, No. 103 Smithfield street, be allowed to go on. The two have been built partially together, and if the one be taken away the other will fall.

The petition is accompanied by the statement of R. M. Reed, Building Inspector, setting forth that the claims of the petition in regard to the safety of the building are true, that if the wall of 103 Smithfield be taken away the corner building is liable to fall at any time.

The Court granted the preliminary injunction, and fixed Friday, the 14th inst as the time of hearing the further argument in the case.

SUICIDE YESTERDAY.

A Man Hangs Himself in an Outhouse—Coroner's Inquest.

Coroner West yesterday morning held an inquest on the body of an old man named Valentine Wentzel, which was found hanging in the water closet in the rear of his house on Sarah street, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets, East Birmingham, yesterday morning. It was discovered about seven o'clock in the morning by John Reithel, his son-in-law.

A jury was empanneled, before whom a number of witnesses were examined, among them the son-in-law and wife of deceased. The latter testified as follows:

My husband got up before six o'clock this morning; he has had no work for three months, but was to go to work to-day; the girl asked him after he got up this morning if she should fix up his dinner, and he said he did not know whether he would go to work or not; I remained in bed and did not know anything had happened until my son came and told me of the matter. My husband went to bed about half past eight o'clock last night; he did not complain of anything that I know of; I have heard my husband say frequently that he would commit suicide, but we always laughed at him; he was always in a deep study about something; he appeared to study about his soul and religion; we always got along very well except that he complained that he wanted to go back to Germany.

The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts as stated above.

THE ORMSBY RAILWAY.

The Contract Let—Cost, $42,000—Completed in Six Weeks—Fare to be Reduced.

Yesterday afternoon the Directors of the Ormsby Passenger Railway held a meeting at the office of Justice Krehan, Birmingham, and made the final arrangements for the building of the new road. They let the contract for the work to J. F. Gordon, of Allegheny city, for $10,500 per mile of single track. As the road is two miles long, and a double track is to be laid, this will make the aggregate cost $42,000. The streets along the line are to be paved with cobble stone instead of the Nicholson. By the terms of the contract the work is to be completed in six weeks from the time of commencement, and will only be taken off the contractor's hands when in complete running order. There are no steep grades along the route and that will render the wear and tear of horse flesh as well as stock, much less than by any other route. The consideration of this point of economy has led the Directors to decide on fixing the fare at five cents. The road will run to McClurg's in Ormsby borough, and will be in every respect first-class in its arrangements.

John Biggert & Son, 116 Market street, offer the Weed "Family Favorite" Sewing Machine as the most simple, durable and efficient in the market. They will sell it on such terms that the payment averages but *thirty-five* cents per day. Guarantee each machine fully, and insure sufficient instruction. With the WEED you can do *any kind* of work with ease, neatness and dispatch, and with less vexation of spirit than is common with others.

I Have been using Sawyer's Barber Soap for about nine years, and I have no hesitation in saying that it is the best shaving soap I have ever used. It is now used in our family almost exclusively as a toilet soap and gives entire satisfaction.
JOHN DOUGLAS,
Pastor 1st Reformed Church,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

MONEY TO LOAN.—Bonds Stock and Mortgages bought and sold by George B. Hill, corner of Wood street and Third avenue. tf.

WATCH PRESENTATION.

Merry Gathering in Allegheny.

Last evening there assembled at Miller & McCullough's parlors in the Diamond, Allegheny, one of the happiest parties of gentlemen that it has ever been our good fortune to see. The occasion was the presentation to Thomas Scandrett, Esq., one of the Allegheny Directors of the Poor, and a gentleman well and favorably known in this community, of a fine gold watch and chain, by his numerous friends. The meeting was organized at eight o'clock, by calling John Heath, Esq., to the chair and the appointment of Wm. B. Rogers and the reporters of the press secretaries. There were probably one hundred and fifty present, representing every shade of politics and every nationality. Mr. Heath on taking the chair announced in a neat address the object of the meeting and introduced Col. Bayne, who proceeded in an appropriate manner to present the watch, as a token of esteem and respect for the recipient.

Robert Pollock, Esq., on behalf of Mr. Scandrett, responded and returned thanks for the beautiful present, in words at once fitting and neat. After this was over Mr. Heath arose and announced that there was yet something else, and called upon Mr. J. F. Glenn, who produced a miniature pair of gold scissors (suggestive of Mr. Scandrett's business, he being a merchant tailor), and tendered them to the gentleman as a further token of the regard of his friends. Being entirely overcome by this, Mr. S. called upon W. D. Moore, Esq., to respond, which he did in his usual good style, taking care to introduce a number of very appropriate and telling hits, which were received by his hearers with roars of laughter.

At the close of this scene in the evening's entertainment President Heath again quietly arose and announced that still another token was to be added, and requested General A. L. Pearson to do the speech making. That gentleman came forward and proceeded to present Mr. Scandrett with a group of gold charms, representing a barrel, a bung, and a spigot, indicative of the business he is about embarking in, that of wholesale liquors. An amusing scene here occurred, completely taking the breath out of the heretofore bewildered recipient, who in a despairing way looked around until his eyes fell upon W. B. Rogers, Esq., and he begged the latter gentleman to stand by and speak for him, which he did in a creditable manner.

The company then adjourned to an adjoining room, where a large table was spread out full of all the substantials and delicacies of the season. While the guests were disposing of the supper, in a style which looked very much as if they were decidedly hungry, Mr. W. W. McClelland arose, and in a neat address presented a still further testimonial to Mr. Scandrett, in the shape of a *cork-screw*. At this unexpected ceremony the company demanded a response from the fortunate recipient himself, who summoned up sufficient courage to enable him to say that he had no words to express his thanks for these unlooked for proceedings. He could feel, but could not speak. After supper the party retired again to the parlor, and resumed the mirth-making and festivities, which were kept up until we were admonished that it was about time for going to press.

The watch is an elegant and costly one, made by the American Watch Company, Waltham, Mass., and purchased from Messrs. H. & A. N. Kennedy, 72 Federal street, Allegheny. It is what is known as the best grade of ¾ plate, 18 carat cases, and cost about $250. Altogether we think we never saw a more enjoyable occasion and all present appeared to enter fully into the merriment of the evening.

Mr. Scandrett has reason to be proud that he can claim so many of our leading citizens as his friends, and we know of no one more deserving than he.

THE COURTS.

QUARTER SESSIONS—JUDGE COLLIER.

After the conclusion of the Fleming case, this court resumed its session, and the case of Charles Duffy against A. McCarty was taken up. This is an indictment for false pretense. Duffy who hails from Butler county, alleges that he shipped a lot of produce, amounting in value to $73.70 to McCarty, supposing it to be for Day & Co., he, (McCarty) so representing. Duffy had dealt regularly with Day & Co., but the firm had been dissolved a short time before the transaction, a fact which he did not know, and was thus led to make the shipment. McCarty he alleges held the old stand and sent him the order to ship the goods, using the firm name of Day & Co. The case was still on trial when court adjourned.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.
Com. vs. Isaac Gilder.
Com. vs. Richard Roberts.
Com. vs. M. P. McLaughlin.
Com. vs. Geo. Hall.
Com. vs. Wm. Woods.
Com. vs. George S. Graff.
Com. vs. Joseph Bracu.
Com. vs. A. McCarthy.
Com. vs. Mary Joyce.
Com. vs. Wm. Einstein.
Com. vs. G. Kriss.
Com. vs. James Hughes, et al.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—JUDGES STERRETT AND STOWE.

In the case of Patrick Phillips vs. the Pittsburgh Coal Company, reported on trial yesterday before Judge Sterrett, the jury found a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $2,150.

The next case taken up was that of James M. Burns vs. A. Knipchild. This is an action on a judgment note. On trial.

In the case of Joseph McIntosh vs. Mary Fitterton, previously reported on trial before Judge Stowe, the jury found for plaintiff, with six cents damages and six cents costs.

The next case taken up yesterday afternoon was that of James W. Millikin vs. David Clark and A. Critchlow, being an action for work and labor done. This case was resumed and concluded yesterday morning, the jury returning a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $242.76.

The case of Jacob A. Franz vs. O. H. P. Williams and George P. Brewer, was next taken up. This is an action to recover rent due for the use of property situated on the hill above Allegheny, adjoining Uniondale Cemetry. It appears that the property in question had been sold by Mr. O. H. P. Williams to the plaintiff in the case, about the last of December, 1867. At that time the premises were occupied jointly by Messrs. Porter & Miller, whose lease would not expire until the 1st of April, 1868, and Messrs. Williams and Brewer became guarantors for the payment of one quarter's rent. In the meantime the partnership existing between Messrs. Porter & Miller was dissolved, and, Porter becoming insolvent, suit was brought against guarantors for the amount due. Verdict for defendant.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE KIRKPATICK.

The case of the Citizens Oil Refining Company vs. Joseph Dilworth and Jas. Benny, Jr., is still on trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.
164 Hays et al. vs. Donaldson et al.
224 (O. L.) Haffey vs. O'Brien.
141 Kuyan vs. Arbuthnot.
80 Apfelbaum vs. Frederich.
180 Irwin vs. Shaffer.
25 Velie vs. Midas Petroleum Co.
101 Haigh vs. Baker.
188 Atwater et al vs. Coleman.
150 Kelly vs. Burns.

South-Side Criminalities.

The South-Side magistrates were in better humor yesterday, that affable condition being superinduced by a slight revival in business which is always agreeable. Justice Ammon the first on the list, honored with reportorial visits, opened his budget, from which it appeared that he had administered the law in half a dozen cases.

Jerry Crook who had displayed a crookedness in his morals had insulted Louis Dowling by an indecent exposure of his person; Jerry paid $10 and costs.

Mary Negley was exceedingly anxious to ascertain the whereabouts of her liege Henry who had unceremoniously left the family mansion long enough to inspire her with a belief that he never intended returning. An officer promised to look for him and she was pacified.

William Bitter complained that Mary Schmalle kept a "shmall house" on Larkin's alley where the order was not such as peaceable neighbors desire. The case will be investigated.

Franz X. Keller, in an exuberance of spirits, yes, spirits, manifested his happiness by trouncing Mrs. Keller and driving the children from the house. They couldn't appreciate such glee, and Franz was fined three dollars and costs.

There had been a little excitement among the coal miners at Burns' Pit in Baldwin township, caused by a disagreement between Phillip Bauer, nephew, and John Bauer, uncle. The dispute was of a forcible character, and the uncle came off victorious. Justice Ammon, however, issued a warrant for his arrest at Phillip's request.

Eugene Wagt is of a frisky character. He must be, else how could he have managed to run up a board bill of $170 with Mrs. Annie Siegrist, and then run away without her consent or knowledge. Justice Ammon says he is determined to have Eugene explain if he can catch him.

Justice Heisel, rotund and jolly exhibited a lively docket. Anton Kunzelman had appeared before him and related his griefs. Anton had been recuperating his wearied spirits at a festive gathering which kept up until an early hour of the morning. While returning homewards he was assailed by a couple of jealous swains who dressed him in a pugilistic way, and then carried off his hat. The noise of the disturbance attracted the attention of the Lower St. Clair township police, who anxious to arrest somebody and finding only Anton there concluded to lock him up until daybreak. He got out and then secured the services of Justice Heisel's police to arrest his assailants, Charles Graham and Dan Sawyer who have not yet been found.

Thomas Dromm says John Ulrich threatened to throw him down stairs, and Joseph Grebler struck him in the mouth. Justice Heisel applied a healing salve to his wounds by sending for the pugilistic twain.

Casper Creft is charged with stealing a looking glass from Mount Oliver Catholic Church. He wants to have something that will show him a rogue every time he looks at it. Justice Heisel will show him the inside of a jail when he is caught.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—"Help," with Mr. Joseph Murphy in four dialectic characters, still holds the boards at this house. This piece is one of the better class of variety business, and abounds in amusing songs and dances, which Mr. Murphy executes in the most agreeable manner.

OPERA HOUSE.—The benefit given to the ushers and door-keepers last night was a tolerably fair one, and it gives us great pleasure to record the fact, for they are a most deserving and not always appreciated class. An immense bill is offered for to-night.

MASONIC HALL.—Millie-Crissie and the Giant and Giantess still continue to draw crowded houses at both their day and evening receptions. The curious in natural history should not forget that this, their last week in Pittsburgh, is drawing to a close. The seance commences at 2 P. M.

TRIMBLES VARIETIES.—"Little Young Jack Sheppard" is one of the best sensations introduced by Manager Aimes this season, and is drawing immense houses. The star performers, and their fame is world-wide, appear in three specialities nightly.

THE LECTURE TO-NIGHT.—The biographer, journalist, magazine writer, historian and irrepressible Parton will lecture at Mercantile Library Hall to-night under the auspices of the Library Association. He has chosen "One Hundred Years Ago" as his theme, and if he but talks with half the vim and sprightliness which are characteristics of his writings the lecture will be one of the most entertaining of the season. Elsewhere Mr. Parton has delivered what he has to say upon this subject and always to crowded houses and satisfied audiences. There will be no reserved seats to-night and to secure good positions those who wish to go should make it a point to be on hand early.

FREE CONCERT, Y. M. C. A.—The Allegheny Quartette, so well known to our musical people, have kindly consented to give a free concert at the Christian Association Rooms this evening. The programme will be varied sentimental and comic pieces to suit all tastes. The public are invited, and from previous experience we advise those wishing to enjoy a good concert to go early.

LIST OF UNITED STATES PATENTS

Issued to Citizens of Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, for the Week Ending Tuesday, April 11th, 1871, and Bearing That Date, Reported Weekly for "The Gazette," From the Office of Messrs. Hill & Ellsworth, No. 711 G. Street, Washington, D. C., Solicitors of Patents and Counselors in Patent Cases, From Whom All Information Regarding Patents Can Be Obtained.

No. 113,478. Ticket Holder—A. F. R. Arndt, Cleveland, Ohio.
113,481. Fire Chamber for Puddling and other Furnaces—W. F. Beecher, Pittsburgh, Pa.
113,485. Elastic Cement for Lining Petroleum Barrels—J. K. Boote and W. A. Gibson, Cleveland, Ohio.
113,493. Washing Machine—J. E. Carroll and J. Ford, Philadelphia, Pa.
113,500. Weather Strip—F. A. Coats, Kelsogsville, Ohio.
113,507. Hydrant—J. Fernan, Cleveland, Ohio.
113,508. Construction of Steam Hammer Standard—O. C Ferris and F. B. Niles, Philadelphia, Pa.
113,512. Machine for Tapping Nuts—J. L. Gill, Jr., Columbia, Ohio.
113,531. Lightning Rod—Lewis King, East Cleveland, Ohio.
113,532. Doll—J. Lacman, Philadelphia, Pa.
113,535. Base Burning Stove—T. H. La Rue, Ass. to self and W. J. Horworth, Allentown, Pa.
113,538. Bureau for Travelling Trunk—H. KcKinnon, Cleveland, O.
113,541. Harness Saddle-Tree—J. H. Martin, Columbus, O.
113,550. Corn-Planter—W. Morrison, Carlisle, Pa.
113,552. Horse Hay Rake—W. A. Meyers, York, Pa.
113,563. Clothes Line Conductor—D. Reed and A. Shaffer, Medway, O.
113,567. Gas Heater—O. M. Reynolds and D T. Kitchell, Oil City, Pa.
113,588. Roofing Composition—J. H. Smyser, Pittsburgh, Pa.
113,600. Balance Valve—A. Wanich, Philadelphia, Pa.
113,608. Buffer Head and Draw Car for Railway Cars—J. T. Wilson, Ass. to self and W. D. Berry and J. A. Courtney, Pittsburgh, Pa.
113,609. Wine Press—A. F. Wyker, South Easton, Pa.
113,611. Machine for Scraping Iron—C. Fug, Pittsburgh, Pa.
113,614. Pipe Elbow—W. Austin and W. Obdyke, Philadelphia, Pa.
113,620 Automatic Fan—G. C. Bovey, Cincinnati, Ohio.
113,621. Keyhole Guard—G. C. Bovey, Cincinnati, Ohio.
113,630. Faucet—J. S. Clute, H. W. and W. D. Trissler, Cleveland, Ohio.
113,631. Machine for Splitting and Skinning Leather, A. Cochran, Athens, Ohio.
113,638. Attachment to Oil Well Tubings—W. W. Dewy, Tidioute, Ohio.
113,644. Nail and Tack Plate Feeder—D. J. Farmer, Wheeling, West Va.
113,651. Turning and Boring Mill—G. A. Gray, Jr., Cincinnati, Ohio.
113,654. Toy—J. H. Harbison, Philadelphia, Pa.
113,659. Shirt—J. Hayden, Philadelphia, Pa.
113,663. Staple Machine—B. Hershey, ass. to self, E. Greer, R. Dudley and R. F. Gaggin, Erie, Pa.
113,664. Rubber Spring for Wagon—A. Higley, Cleveland, Ohio.
113,670. Machine for Sharpening Horse Shoe Calks, H. Howell, Salem, Ohio.
113,676. Millstone Exhaust—J. Lingenzelter, Bloody Run, Pa.
113,685. Lubricating Pivot for Turn Tables—J. W. Murphy, Philadelphia, Pa.
113,687. Mechanical Movement—A. Nimmo, ass. to self, T. Moran, and V. Stausse, Philadelphia, Pa.
113,690. Milk Cooler—A. Northrop, Elysia, Ohio.
113,693. Self Recording Barometer—D. Peelor, Johnstown, Pa.
113,696. Whiffletree—S. L. & J. W. Reynolds, Pittsburgh, Pa.
113,704. Sewing Machine for Umbrellas, etc.—S. W. Tate, assignor to W. A. Drown & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
113,707. Leather Rounding Machine—J. H. Tizzard, Easton, assignor to Self & W. B. Tizzard, Dayton, Ohio.
113,708. Roll for Rolling Hoop, Bar and Rod Iron—Trauteo & J. Kinsey, Cincinnati, Ohio.
113,710. Wagon Spindle—J. W. Walters, Schwenksville, Pa.
113,711. Stove Utensil Holder—S. Watt, Barnesville, Ohio.
113,718. Combined Planter and Seeder—S. Hisstrand, Hillsborough, Ohio.

RE-ISSUES.

4,336. Stock Car—L. Swearingen, Grafton, West Virginia, assignor to National Cattle Car Company, Salem, Ohio, Patent No. 28,517, May 29, 1860.
4,338. Faucet—J. Powell, Cincinnati, Ohio, No. 25,349, September 6, 1859.

DESIGNS.

4,773. Bottle, T. B. Atterbury, Birmingham, Pa.
4,774. Ornamentation of Glassware, Mary B. Campbell, asst. to Campbell, Jones & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.
4,780. Handle for Stop Cocks, W. S. Cooper, asst. to Cooper, Jones & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
4,789. Bitter Tube, J. L. Dawes, Pittsburgh, Pa.
4,790. Hinges, Thos. Drake, Cincinnati, O.
4,791. Slange and Crank, W. W. Eastman, Meadville, Pa.
4,800. Revolving Grate, J. D. Vance, asst. to Self and T. M. Eddy, Cincinnati, O.
4,803. Hand Stamp, Frank Waters, asst. to S. W. Starr, Philadelphia, Pa.

TRADE MARKS.

217. Plow, Bucher, Gibbs & Co., Canton, O.
218. Bitters, Dr. S. B. Hartmann & Co., Lancaster, Pa.

Splendid Spring Dry Goods.

One of the most beautiful stocks of spring dry goods we have seen for a long time has been received, and is daily arriving, at the well known house of McKee, Murphy & Co., (successors to J. W. Barker & Co.) 59 Market street. The goods have all been purchased for cash from the most extensive importers and jobbers in Boston, Philadelphia and New York, and if any can excel them in this city we would like to see them. The proprietors of the establishment are satisfied with living profits. They do not seek to aggrandise themselves at the expense of the public, and are therefore, as usual, prepared to sell their goods at the lowest price consistent with a safe business. There is no other house in these cities that offers goods on better terms, and to verify it for themselves, let our readers call and investigate the truth of what we say. The proprietors are very choice in their selection of salesmen, and employ none but the most experienced, and such as are polite and attentive to customers. Their store is well lighted, so that any imperfection in material can be readily detected, and shades of color easily discriminated. The stock consists of all kinds of house-keeping goods, Turkish Sacquings or Vestings, Percales, Japanese Robes, Silks and Poplins, Piquas, Linen and Lawn Suits, manufactured expressly for their own trade, Llama Lace Sacques, Lace Curtains, and curtain material in great variety. Call and examine the goods, and if you need them you will not take your departure without making a purchase.

Vestrymen Elected.

At a meeting of the members of St. Pauls Episcopal church, Eleventh ward (Lacyville,) on Monday evening the following were elected Vestrymen for the ensuing year:

Wm. Mullin, Wm. Metcalf, A. H. Patterson, Thos. Cokain, J. M. Knap, Reuben Miller, L. H. Harris, Wm. Barnes, John Rebman, Geo. Parys, E. P. Jones, Orlando Metcalf.

Messrs. B. C. & J. H. Sawyer.

For the past twelve months I have used almost exclusively, your "Barbers' Soap," and I cheerfully bear my witness to its superiority. It is far more pleasant than the highly scented French soaps, or the imitations that are so commonly used, and is much more durable and economical, either for shaving or for use in the bath. I am certain it only needs a fair trial to commend it to very general favor; besides being a home manufacture, it is a superior article that justly merits commendation.
JOHN SCARBOROUGH, Rector of
Trinity Church, Pittsburgh.

Rosy People in a Nasty Trade.

* * * Somewhere at Lambeth, a few years since, there lived a bone-crusher, who was likewise a bone boiler and a maker of soap, and besides all this, did a large business in the manufacture of bone-dust manure by the agency of sulphuric acid. At last, the combined odors arising from these manufactures induced his neighbors to send the sanitary inspector to speak with him, and in the end he was summoned to appear before a magistrate, and show cause why, as a bone-boiler and crusher, he should not be abolished. He responded with the promptitude of a man who holds the reins of victory in his hands. He had not one argument to show in justification of his right to keep his mills revolving and his tanks bubbling; but brought with him nine distinct arguments, not one of which could be gainsayed, in the shape of a family of eight girls and boys with their mother.

The good lady herself had been installed mistress of the bone mill as soon as, with her enterprising husband, she returned from her wedding tour, and never since had she, for a single month, been away from it. All the children were born "on the premises," and there they were, well grown and perfectly jolly and healthy, and not one of them had even known what serious illness was. Moreover, there was forthcoming ample medical testimony to the effect that during the prevalence of cholera that was devastating the neighborhood, not a single one of the many "hands" employed about the awful smelling coppers was in the least affected. It is very extraordinary.

Library Books.

The Free Public Libraries in Massachusetts are constantly increasing in number. At Randolph the children and widow of the late Col. Royal Turner have given $50,000 for founding a library to be at the service of all the inhabitants of the town. This liberality will make readers by enhancing the opportunities of reading; and if we consider this merely as a refined and innocent amusement, it is clearly better than idleness or the coarser pleasures. At the same time, with these multiplied advantages, it becomes all the more necessary for the community, and particularly its younger members, to have some definite notion of the immense advantage of a systematic over a desultory and careless use of books. We are satisfied that the managers of the Massachusetts Public Libraries commit a great error in putting too large a proportion of works of fiction upon their shelves. Nine-tenths of such books have no literary value, and but little of any kind. Apart from the productions of some dozen writers, modern novels are either "sensational" or flabby; and the appetite with which they are devoured is, to us, really mysterious. History, which is quite as entertaining as romance, is neglected by most of the borrowers, and especially by the women. Still, an improvement in this respect may be reasonably anticipated.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

THE PRODUCTION OF QUICKSILVER in the mine of New Almaden, California, for the year 1870, is reported at 14,423 flasks, of 76½ pounds each, making 1,103,360 pounds, which were sold to one person for $452,060. The expenses amounted to $427,575. The yield for 1871 has already been disposed of at the rate of $31 a flask.

BY MAIL FROM ABROAD.

GEN. TODLEBEN is on his way to France, where he intends to visit the most memorable spots of the war of 1870.

KING AMADEUS of Spain intends to recommend to the Cortes to bestow a gift of one million dollars on the widow of Marshal Juan Prim.

THE Austrian government has appointed a number of postmistresses, but they receive only two-thirds of the salary paid to postmasters.

PRINCE CHARLES, of Roumania, is in such constant fear of assassination that he keeps a guard of four soldiers every night in his bed-room.

DURUY, Napoleon's ex-Minister of Public Instruction, and who assisted the Emperor in writing the life of Julius Cæsar, has gone mad and is now at Charenton.

GEN. FAILLY is reported to have sent a challenge to Marshall McMahon, but Louis Napoleon succeeded in reconciling the two gentlemen before the duel was fought.

THE number of Germans expelled from France during the war is 112,670. These 112,000 demand on an average three thousand francs indemnity for their involuntary exile.

GENERAL MOLTKE was the candidate of the conservatives in eight districts at the recent elections for the German Parliament. He was beaten in seven districts and elected in one.

THE Emperor William was at first strongly in favor of a formal coronation, but he abandoned that idea in consequence of the earnest remonstrances of Crown Prince Frederick William.

THE Farnese Palace in Rome, where ex-King Francis the second of Naples resided for nearly ten years after his expulsion from Naples, has been sold to a wealthy Florentine Israelite.

IT IS said at St. Petersburg that General Langiewicz, the leader of the Polish insurgents in 1863, has written a very pertinent letter to the Czar and solicited permission to return to his native country.

THE Bernadotte dynasty in Sweden has gradually grown more and more unpopular, and for some time past the agitation for the establishment of a Scandinavian republic has been steadily gaining adherents.

SEVERAL Paris newspapers have published a blank list of the French actors, jugglers, &c., who performed during the war at German theatres, and warned them never to venture to appear again before French audiences.

AMONG the petitions which the National Assembly at Bordeaux received was one from Northern France, signed by nearly twenty thousand voters, and requesting the Assembly to sell or cede the island of Corsica to Italy.

A BATTALION of four hundred Greeks, which was organized at Athens after the capitulation of Sedan, served under Garibaldi in the army of the Vosges. One fourth of them were killed in battle or died in the field hospitals.

THE Egastorff machine shops near Hanover, the largest establishment of the kind in continental Europe, were sold the other day by their bankrupt owner, Dr. Strousberg, the ex-railroad king of Prussia, for three million thalers.

COUNT VON BEUST is not on speaking terms with any of the new Cisleithan ministers, except Count Hohenwart. Schæffle, the Minister of Commerce, some time ago called Beust a humbug in one of his pamphlets on national economy.

ANTON PROBSTHAHN, rector of Fuerstenberg, who, when Theodore Koerner, the author of the "Sword Song," was mortally wounded, carried him in his arms off the battle-ground, has just celebrated his golden wedding. He is sole surviving comrade of Koerner.

A CERTAIN firm in Leipsic have hit upon a new advertising dodge. They lately had many thousand copies of a handbill, in which the merits of a certain miraculous tooth-powder were boldly set forth, scattered simultaneously from all the steeples of the city upon the passers below. How was that for high?

QUEEN OLGA, of Wurtemberg, the daughter of Nicholas of Russia, was to the last moment strongly opposed to Wurtemberg's accession to the German Confederation. When the King told her it was unavoidable, she exclaimed indignantly: "When I bestowed my hand on your majesty, I thought I married a real king and not a mere satrap."

THE *North-German Gazette* has learned that several young Englishmen, students of the Polytechnic School in Zurich, have hastily left that town to avoid arrest, in consequence of their having been identified as active members of the mob that stormed the *Tonhalle* and attacked the Germans and Swiss who were present at the peace festival.

THE announcement of the fall of Paris was received by most of the French prisoners in Germany in an unpatriotic manner. They seem to have ignored all national considerations in their joy at the prospect of speedy personal liberty. At Ingolstadt the Turcos celebrated the event by a torchlight procession around their camp, on the same evening that the news was received.

THE landlords of Hamburg have set their faces against the "pretty waiter-girl" nuisance. They have organized themselves into an association which has passed a law forbidding its members to let the basements, or any other parts of the houses of which they are the proprietors, for drinking-saloons and other resorts of questionable amusements in which women are employed as waiters.

THE German press relate the singular story that, about a century ago, Prince Dietrichstein sold his Silesian estates to Frederick the Great, of Prussia, for the sum of 333,333 and one-third ducats. About a year ago the last scion of that princely house died at Vienna, and among his effects were found, untouched and carefully preserved, the identical 333,333 and one-third gold pieces which Frederick the Great had paid to his ancestor. What might have been done with this money? It was rather an expensive fancy to let that million thalers remain so long unproductive.

Narrow-Gauge Railways.

The *American Railway Times* says: A civil engineer in Texas advocates the construction of narrow-gauge railways with wooden rails as adapted to thinly populated districts in Texas, where traffic is light and it is utterly impossible to get money to construct ordinary roads. Charters have been obtained for two such roads, and they are likely to be built soon. A railway, thirty inches wide and eleven miles long, is to be built in Green county, Tenn., at a cost of $20,000. The rails are of wood, and are to stripped with iron. This is getting the cost of railways down to a pretty low figure. As the construction of these narrow-gauge lines has got to be accepted as a "fixed fact" in all the States, it would be well for the different Legislatures to pass laws designating the width, so that the narrow-gauge system shall be identical throughout. The Railway Committee of the Massachusetts Legislature has recommended a gauge of three feet, and doubtless this will receive the legislative sanction. It is to be hoped that other States will conform with this movement. The best engineering authorities in this country and in Europe are in favor of three feet for the narrow-gauge railway system.

WHEN Mr. Burlingame visited Mr. Sumner after his return from Canada, where he had challenged Brooks to fight him, their meeting, according to a writer in the Chicago *Tribune*, was very impressive. Sumner, putting a hand on each of Burlingame's shoulders, said:

"You did not intend to kill him, Anson!" Burlingame at first hesitated, but after a minute or two placing his hands as though he held a gun, replied: "I intended to take the best aim I could at the broadest part of him, his breast, wait until the word was given, then—fire!" Mr. Sumner was greatly distressed at this confession. Tears sprang into both eyes, and Burlingame said, "You forgot that I saw you lying bleeding and insensible on the Senate floor, and thought you were dead! Yes, I want to kill him and all his cowardly accomplices. They will have to be killed yet. We will have to meet them with guns some time, and the sooner we begin the better."

THE marriage of Miss Gerolt, daughter of Baron Gerolt, the Prussian Minister, to Mr. Rangabee, Charge d'Affairs of Greece, will take place about the twentieth of the present month, and will be solemnized by three ceremonies. The first will be performed according to the rites of the Roman Catholic Church, at the house of the bride's father in this city. The second ceremony will take place in New York, at the Greek Catholic chapel. Mr. Rangabee being a Greek Catholic, while Miss Gerolt belongs to the Roman church. The third ceremony will be a civil contract entered into at the Greek Consulate in New York. The ceremony will be a strictly private one. The Russian Minister, also a Greek Catholic, will accompany the bridegroom to New York. The several ceremonies will occupy nearly a week in their celebration. —*Washington Chronicle.*

OF course the great guns of the Santo Domingo Commission go off with a big report.—*N. Y. Evening Leader.*

They didn't do any such thing; but they came back with one.

LITERATURE, MUSIC AND ART.

JUSTUS VON LIEBIG is engaged in writing a book on beer.

THE preliminary report of the United States census has been given to the printer.

THE Augsburg "Allgemeine Zeitung" has a circulation of between sixteen and seventeen thousand copies.

A GERMAN translation of the "War Correspondence of the *Daily News*" has been brought out in Berlin.

FREILIGRATH, the German poet, has been at work upon a translation of Shakspeare's plays for some time past.

MMES. OLYMPE AUDOUARD and Louise Colet intend to publish speedily, in Paris, a daily paper under the name of *La Gazette des Femmes.*

THE Duchess de Broglie declared her readiness to adopt the orphan children of Prevost-Paradol, but their relatives have declined the offer.

GEORGE SAND is a candidate for one of the seats now vacant in the French Academy, and she is said to have good prospects of success.

MR. MORRIS has published a translation of the "Frithiof Saga" in one of the English magazines, and has translated three other Sagas from the Icelandic.

THE Queen of Holland is said to be the author of the violent articles against Germany which have appeared for some time in the conservative papers of the Netherlands.

A NEW literary paper, the *Donaunixen*, has been established in Vienna, where it appears every Sunday. Herr J. Dallmayer is the editor, and the art-editor is Herr Maximilian Bern.

ROGEARD, whose famous *Propos de Labienus* led to his expulsion from France a few years previous to the collapse of the sham empire, is at present major of a battalion of National Guards at Montmartre.

AN enthusiastic admirer of Hans Christian Andersen's works has purchased the old house at Odense, on the island of Fyen, where "the story-teller of Copenhagen" was born, and presented it to Andersen.

JOHN ROGERS, the sculptor, has finished the first of the series of statuette groups illustrating Irving's "Rip Van Winkle," as personified by Jefferson. The group is entitled "Rip Van Winkle at Home."

A NEW YORK letter says a weekly paper is soon to be started in that city, on a capital of $30,000, in opposition to the *Nation*, and as an active supporter of General Grant's administration and renomination.

A WEALTHY merchant at Bergen, Norway, for the past ten years has annually sent the sum of $200 to the widow of Theodore Muegge, the author of "Afraja," and other German novels on Norwegian subjects.

THE best cameo-cutter in Rome is St. Gaudens, a New York boy, who has been in the Government School of Fine Arts in Paris for three years past, and went down to Rome as a refugee and to pursue his profession.

THE subjects of the Grand Duchess of Gerolstein will be glad to learn that Hortense Schneider has nearly finished a volume of "Reminiscences," which will be published in September at Brussels by the *Libraire Internationale.*

UPWARD of nine thousand letters, written, in great part by distinguished contemporaries, have been found among the papers of the late Alexander Dumas. A collection of the most important of these letters will be published at an early day.

SCRIBNER & CO. advertise that they will publish the first volume of The Bible Commentary, with revised translations by bishops and clergymen of the church of England, during the present month. It will contain the Pentateach, and will cost $5.

FRITZ REUTER, the pride and delight of the Plattdeutschen, has a beautiful little villa near Eisenach, on which he has spent twenty-five thousand dollars, and fifty thousand dollars more at interest, all of which he made by his pen after he was forty years old.

KINGSLEY, Maurice and others—but their issues in general literature have been so numerous that the specialty referred to is almost lost sight of. Their magazine is edited by one of the hardest working literary men in England, the Secretary of the Crystal Palace and of the Palestine Exploration fund.

MACMILLAN & CO., are now among the first publishing firms in the world. Alexander Macmillan is the head, and with him is Mr. Craik, the husband of the authoress of "John Halifax." Their Cambridge house brought them into communication with a good set, and by judicious management they have expanded, until they are now inferior to no house in Europe. Macmillan's establishment is the favorite home of broad church-men

JOHN MURRAY, the English Tory publisher, preserves carefully the political and theological character of his house. He started the *Academy* and invited scholars of various schools to contribute; but soon grew frightened at the freedom of their criticisms, and finding that they were not to be controled, he gave up the periodical, and it is now published elsewhere. The *Quarterly Review* gives the key-note to his works, and even the distinguished Dr. W. Smith had to forsake dissent for the Established Church before the editorship of the *Quarterly* was open to him.

ADDITIONAL MARKETS.

LONDON, April 12—4:30 P. M.—Consols 92⅞ for money and 93 account. Bonds firm. Five-twenties of '62, 92¾; do '65, 92¾; do '67, 92; 10-40s, 89¾. Tallow 43s 3d. Linseed Oil 31s 5d.

FRANKFORT, April 12.—Five-twenties of '62, 96¼@96⅞.

LIVERPOOL, April 12.—Cotton quiet with middling uplands at 7⅛@7⅜d Red western Wheat 11s 1d@11s 7d; winter 12s. Corn; No. 2 mixed 33s 3d. Pork 77s 6d. Beef 107s 6d. Petroleum; refined 16¾@17d.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, April 12.—Flour dull; superfine, $6; XX, $6.62½@6.65; XXX, $6.87½@7.75. Corn, 71@72c. Oats, 62@64. Bran, $1.25. Hay, $23@24; choice, $24.50@25. Pork dull; mess, $20. Bacon dull. Shoulders, 8¾c; clear rib, 10¾c; clear sides, 11¾c. Hams, 15@17c. Lard dull; tierce, 12@12¼c; keg, 13¾@13¾c. Sugar, prime, 9¾@10. Molasses, plantation, reboiled, 25@45c. Whisky dull; western rectified, 85@95c Coffee, 14@15¼c. Sterling, 121½. New York sight, ⅛ premium. Gold, 110⅝.

Live Stock.

BUFFALO, April 12.—Cattle dull; only 60 head sold, owing to bad advices from the East and West and liberal receipts last weak; sales 18 Illinois steers, averaging 1,075 lbs, at $5.75, and 42 Canada stockers, 772 to 805 lbs, at $5 25 @5 40. Milch cows in little demand and supply equal to sales at $38@50, common to good, and $55@60 for extra. Sheep—No trade. Hogs dull; sales 306 head, averaging from 117 to 193 lbs, at $5 75@6 50.

DIED:

SCHMIDT—Wednesday evening, April 12th 1871, between five and six o'clock, WILLIE SCHMIDT, in the 10th year of his age, son of the late Joseph Schmidt, Esq.

Funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, corner of Main and Davidson streets, 17th ward, on FRIDAY, April 14th, at 2 o'clock P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

McCLOSKEY—On Wednesday, at 12 M., MANUS McCLOSKEY, in the 66th year of his age.

Funeral will take place from his late residence on the corner of Brady street and Second avenue, on FRIDAY, April 14th, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ALEXANDER AIKEN, Undertaker, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins of all kinds, Shrouds, Crape, Gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

GAS FIXTURES.
Great Reduction in Prices.
Weldon & Kelly,
147 Wood Street,
Have just opened their
SPRING STOCK
OF
GAS FIXTURES,
CONSISTING OF
CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS, &C.,
Which for variety in style and elegant design, cannot be surpassed by any other house west of the Mountains, now offering at
Eastern Manufacturers' Prices.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Special attention given to
Gas Fitting and Plumbing
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. mh26:093

Great Western Gun Works.
RIFLES,
SHOT GUNS,
REVOLVERS,
Caps, Powder, Shot, Wads, Bullets, Game Bags Shot Belts, Powder Flasks, Gun Material and Sporting Goods of every description at very low prices. I deal exclusively in Fire Arms and Gun Material, and have the only full assortment in the city, and sell at lower prices than can be had anywhere in the country. Call and see or send for a price list before purchasing elsewhere. Fire Arms neatly and promptly repaired. Guns for hire. Tents for sale. Army Rifles, Carbines and Revolvers bought or traded for.
J. H. JOHNSTON,
Great Western Gun Works,
ja21:190 179 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa

A Rude Indictment.

Under the caption of "Cheating the Devil," the Pall Mall *Gazette* speaks thus of the present condition of England—and the talk is certainly plain and to the point:

The devil will not be cheated (says the *Gazette*) but just now there seems to be a strong feeling afloat that as a nation we shall assuredly find some way of cheating the sordid devil, to whom we have sold ourselves. A half-hearted Government; an inefficient executive; national flunkeyism which is afraid to speak the truth of those in high places, which still keeps to the right side of the divinity which hedges; the worship of money; belief in success as the test of merit, and care for personal well-being and conventional appearances in preference to any higher aims of life—all of these which we have accepted as our portion and part of the bargain are supposed not to bear their fruit in due season; and we hope that we may find means to cheat the devil when the time for payment comes. It is to be feared we shall have rude reveillee some day; and that when we set out to gather figs from thistles we shall come home with empty baskets and bleeding fingers.

We suppose there can be no question about it; a spirit of moral effeminency is rife in England. No one desires war for its own sake. No one prefers a bivouac in the snow, scanty rations, and the hourly chance of mutilation or death, to peace and a pleasant life divided between the bosom of one's family and the serene drawing-rooms of pretty women; but when the times are troublous, as they are now, there is no safety save in boldly facing them and preparing for the worst. To cry, Peace, Peace, when there is no peace, is to prepare the way for bondage. To measure everything by its success is to plunge into a morass of practical atheism where there is no such foothold as abstract virtue or the purity of a cause; and to villify men who have led the forlorn hope of a nation gallantly, if unsuccessfully, is to blaspheme all that is best and noblest in human history.

CONSUMPTION.
Its Cure and its Preventive.
BY J. H. SCHENCK, M.D.

Many a human being has passed away, for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of known and indisputably proven means of cure. Those near and dear to family and friends are sleeping the dreamless slumber into which, had they calmly adopted

DR. JOSEPH H. SCHENCK'S SIMPLE TREATMENT,

and availed themselves of his wonderfully efficacious medicines, they would not have fallen.

Dr. Schenck has in his own case proved that wherever sufficient vitality remains, that vitality, by his medicines and his directions for their use, is quickened into healthful vigor.

In this statement there is nothing presumptuous. To the faith of the invalid is made no representation that is not a thousand times substantiated by living and visible works. The theory of the cure by Dr. Schenck's medicines is as simple as it is unfailing. Its philosophy requires no argument. It is self-assuring, self-convincing

The Sea-weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are the first two weapons with which the citadel of the malady is assailed. Two-thirds of the cases of consumption originate in dyspepsia and a functionary disordered liver. With this condition the bronchial tubes "sympathize" with the stomach. They respond to the morbification of the liver. Here then comes the culminating result, and the setting in, with all its distressing symptoms of

CONSUMPTION.

The Mandrake Pills are composed of one of Nature's noblest gifts—the Podophillum Peltatum. They possess all the blood-searching, alterative properties of calomel, but, unlike calomel, they

"LEAVE NO STING BEHIND."

The work of cure is now beginning. The vitiated and mucuous deposits in the bowels and the alimentary canal are ejected. The liver, like a clock, is wound up. It arouses from its torpidity. The stomach acts responsively, and the patient begins to feel that he is getting, at last,

A SUPPLY OF GOOD BLOOD.

The Sea-weed Tonic, in conjunction with the Pills, permeates and assimilates with the food. Chylification is now progressing without its previous tortures. Digestion becomes painless, and the cure is seen to be at hand. There is no more flatulence, no exacerbation of the stomach. An appetite sets in.

Now comes the greatest Blood Purifier ever yet given by an indulgent father to suffering man. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup comes in to perform its functions and to hasten and complete the cure. It enters at once upon its work. Nature can not be cheated. It collects and ripens the impaired and diseased portions of the lungs. In the form of gatherings it prepares them for expectoration, and lo! in a very short time the malady is vanquished, the rotten throne that it occupied is renovated and made new, and the patient, in all the dignity of regained vigor, steps forth to enjoy the manhood or womanhood that was

GIVEN UP AS LOST.

The second thing is, the patients must stay in a warm room until they get well; it is almost impossible to prevent taking cold when the lungs are diseased, but it must be prevented or a cure cannot be effected. Fresh air and riding out, especially in this section of the country, in the fall and winter season, are all wrong. Physicians who recommend that course lose their patients, if their lungs are badly diseased, and yet, because they are in the house they must not sit down quiet; they must walk about the room as much and as fast as the strength will bear, to get up a good circulation of the blood. The patients must keep in good spirits—be determined to get well. This has a great deal to do with the appetite, and is the great point to gain.

To despair of cure after such evidence of its possibility in the worst cases, and moral certainty in all others, is sinful. Dr. Schenck's personal statement to the Faculty of his own cure was in these modest words:

"Many years ago I was in the last stages of consumption; confined to my bed, and at one time my physicians thought that I could not live a week; then, like a drowning man catching at straws, I heard of and obtained the preparations which I now offer to the public, and they made a perfect cure of me. It seemed to me that I could feel them penetrate my whole system. They soon ripened the matter in my lungs, and I would spit up more than a pint of offensive yellow matter every morning for a long time.

"As soon as that began to subside, my cough, fever, pains and night sweats all began to leave me, and my appetite became so great that it was with difficulty that I could keep from eating too much. I soon gained my strength, and have grown in flesh ever since.

"I was weighed shortly after my recovery," added the Doctor, "then looking like a mere skeleton; my weight was only ninety-seven pounds; my present weight is two hundred and twenty-five (225) pounds, and for years I have enjoyed uninterrupted health."

Dr. Schenck has discontinued his professional visits to New York and Boston. He or his son, Dr. J. H. Schenck, Jr., still continue to see patients at their office No. 15 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged $5. The Respirometer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not.

The directions for taking the medicines are adapted to the intelligence even of a child. Follow these directions, and kind Nature will do the rest, excepting that in some cases the Mandrake Pills are to be taken in increased doses: the three medicines need no other accompaniments than the ample instructions that accompany them. First, create appetite. Of returning health hunger is the most welcome symptom. When it comes, as it will come, let the despairing at once be of good cheer. Good blood at once follows, the cough loosens, the night sweat is abated. In a short time both of these morbid symptoms are gone for ever.

Dr. Schenck's medicines are constantly kept in tens of thousands of families. As a laxative or purgative the Mandrake Pills are a standard preparation; while the Pulmonic Syrup, as a cure of coughs and colds, may be regarded as a prophylacteric against consumption in any of its forms.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Sea-weed Tonic $1 50 a bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists and dealers. mh31;p3-TTHS

Ohio River Improvement.

RIP RAP DAMS AND RIVER EXCAVATIONS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the United States Engineer's office, in the Custom House at Pittsburgh, Pa., until 6 o'clock P. M., on the 27th DAY OF APRIL, 1871, for the following Rip Rap Dams and River Excavations:

Place.	Miles below Pitts'b	Cubic yards in Excava'n.	Cubic yards in Dam.
Deadman's Island...	14	1.000	
Twin Islands...	85	2.500	
Twin Islands.........	98		1.000
Marietta Island......	164		10.950
Buffington Island...	214	10.000	
Sundry points between Pittsburgh and Wheeling...		2.000	

Bids for Dams will give the price per cubic yard in the dam. No separate bids for quarrying are wanted. The stone for Marietta Island is already quarried and paid for. The dam must be built with this stone. Bidders for excavation are invited to bid for dredging by the day as well as by the yard.

All bids must be made on the official forms, which will be furnished on application, as also detailed specifications for each work.

Proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for Rip Rap Dams," or "Proposals for River Excavations."

By order of the Chief Engineer.
WM. E. MERRILL,
Major of Engineers and Brevet Colonel.
MARCH 28 1871 ap19:p88

NOTICE.—In accordance with the Act of Incorporation, Books for subscription to the Capital Stock of "a Company to erect a Bridge over the Ohio River, from West Pittsburgh and Temperanceville, at or near the mouth of Saw Mill Run, Allegheny County, to the City of Allegheny," will be opened as follows, to-wit:

At the office of Roberts, Martin & Co., in Temperanceville, on Monday and Tuesday, the 24th and 25th day of April, 1871.

At the office of D. L. Patterson & Co., No. 74 Beaver avenue, Allegheny, on Wednesday, the 26th day of April, 1871.

At the office of R. H. & H. E. Davis, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny, on Thursday and Friday, the 27th and 28th days of April 1871; and

At the office of Phelps, Parke & Co., No. 10 Sixth street, Pittsburgh, on Saturday, the 29th day of April, 1871.

The books will be open from 10 o'clock, A. M. to 4 o'clock, P. M., on each of said days.

By order of the Commissioners.
mh28:069 JOHN E. PARKE, Secretary.

THE LADD PATENT STIFFENED
Gold Watch Cases,
FOR MOVEMENTS OF AMERICAN MANUFACTURE,

In both Ladies' and Gentlemens' sizes, in great variety and elegance of style and finish, and in the newly introduced flat shape, can be had of dealers generally throughout the country. The trade supplied by the principal Wholesale Houses of this city. Full descriptive circulars sent on application, by the manufacturers,
J. A. BROWN & CO.,
mh18:019 11 Maiden Lane, New York.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.
BELL AND BRASS FOUNDERS.
Engine, Locomotive and Rolling Mill Brasses made promptly to order.
Office—882 PENN STREET. Foundry—Corner 17TH and RAILROAD STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

IF YOU WANT A SMALL COOKING RANGE, not high in price and economical on fuel, and warranted to operate well, get BISSELL & CO.'S SMALL IMPROVED RANGE—for its cost, it excels any small range extant.
235 LIBERTY STREET.

EDWARD HERLINE.........HOWARD B. HAMILTON
HERLINE & CO.,
LITHOGRAPHERS, ENGRAVERS and PRINTERS, No. 931 CHESTNUT STREET, entrance 39 South Tenth street, Philadelphia.
☞ Special attention given to Checks, Drafts and Lithography. se28:a38

IF YOU WANT A LARGE COOKING RANGE for a fine house, get BISSELL & CO.'S PITTSBURGH RANGE. It is the finest finished and best range made in Pittsburgh.
235 LIBERTY STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ DIVIDEND NOTICE.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH & BOSTON MINING CO.,
PITTSBURGH, April 8th, 1871.

The Pittsburgh and Boston Mining Co has declared a Dividend of FIVE DOLLARS ($5) PER SHARE on the Capital Stock, as the same stands recorded at the close of business this day, April 8th, 1871, payable to such stockholders on and after the 13th April, 1871.

Eastern stockholders will receive dividends at the office of HENRY A. JOHNSON, No. 31 Kilby street, Boston, Mass.
ap8:p80 THOS. M. HOWE, Treasurer.

☞ OFFICERS, SOLDIERS, SAILORS AND MARINES who want the 160 ACRES OF CHOICE LAND, or full particulars respecting the same, should purchase "HOMES IN THE WEST," a neat book of over 100 pages, published by B. F. BROWN, Pittsburgh, Pa. It contains something of interest to all who served in the army or navy ninety days or upward; gives a description of Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska and other leading cities of the West; all the preemption laws, &c., &c. Price 50 cents. For sale at Room No. 4, New GAZETTE Building, or sent to any address on receipt of price and stamp.
Address B. F. BROWN,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ IMPORTANT NOTICE.
Drs. Jordan and Davieson,

Beg to inform their friends, patients and the public generally, that owing to their increase of practice they are compelled, reluctantly, to discontinue their branch office in this city, and in future are to be consulted only at their HEAD OFFICE,
1625 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

Just Published: PRACTICAL OBSERVATIONS ON NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PREMATURE DECAY, being a synopsis of Lectures delivered at the great Institute of Anatomy, 807 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, to which is added an important essay on MARRIAGE, the whole illustrated with numerous interesting cases from actual practice. This interesting and important work will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, stamps. Address
DRS. JORDAN & DAVIESON,
1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia.
All letters will receive immediate attention. Address 1625 FILBERT STREET, Philadelphia. mt29:d80

OFFICE OF TREASURER OF ALLEGHENY CO.,
PITTSBURGH, April 1st, 1871.

☞ IN PURSUANCE OF THE 21st Section of an Act relating to Allegheny county, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the amendment of the said section, approved the 30th day of March, 1866, I do hereby give notice that the Duplicates for the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships will be open, and I will be prepared to receive the

County, State, Poor and Work-House Taxes for 1871,

On and after the 1st DAY OF MAY, 1871.

Said taxes can be paid at this office until the 1st day of AUGUST with a

DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENT.

for prompt payment to all persons paying the whole amount of their taxes.

There will be no deduction allowed during the month of August.

There will be

Ten Per Cent. Added

To all taxes remaining unpaid on the 1st day of SEPTEMBER, 1871.

J. F. DENNISTON,
TREASURER OF ALLEGHENY CO.
mh31;p11-d&T

INSURANCE.

CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,
Phelan's Building,
NO. 22 FIFTH AVENUE, SECOND FLOOR, PITTSBURGH PA.
CAPITAL ALL PAID UP
DIRECTORS:
N. J. Bigley, John Floyd, Capt. M. Bailey
Dan'l Wallace, S. H. Hartman, A. Chambers.
Jake Hill, S. McClurkan, Jas. M. Bailey.
Thomas Smith, Jno. S. Willcock,
ROBERT H. KING, President.
JNO. F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
JOS. T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
ALEX. M. KING, General Agent.
INSURES ON LIBERAL TERMS ON ALL FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.
ap2:g37

CHARTER 1829 PERPETUAL.
FRANKLIN FIRE INSUR. CO
OF PHILADELPHIA.
OFFICE 435 AND 437 CHESTNUT STREET.
Assets on August 1st, 1870, $3,009,888 24. Capital, $400,000 00. Accrued Surplus and Premiums, $2,609,888 24. Losses paid since 1829, over $5,500,000. Perpetual and Temporary Policies on Liberal Terms. The Company also issues policies upon the Rents of all kinds of Buildings, Ground Rents and Mortgages.
DIRECTORS—Alfred G. Baker, Samuel Grant Geo. W. Richards, Isaac Lea, Geo. Fales, Alfred Fitler, Thos. Sparks, Wm. S. Grant, Thomas S. Ellis, Gustavus S. Benson.
ALFRED G. BAKER, President.
GEO. FALES, Vice President.
Jas. W. McAllister, Secretary.
T. H. Reger, Assistant Sec'y.
COFFIN & KELLOGG
se13 Cor. Third Avenue and Wood St.

Franklin Savings Bank,
No. 43 OHIO STREET, Allegheny,
CAPITAL...$100,000.
Stockholders individually liable.
Interest paid on time deposits.
DIRECTORS:
GEO. R. RIDDLE, J. W. HALL,
D. MACFERRON, CHAS. SCHLIEPER,
WM. MURDOCK, WM. BURGOYNE,
S. DRUM.
GEO. R. RIDDLE, President.
JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier. no12:h

Federal Insurance Co.
OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
OFFICE: Cor. Federal and Lacock Streets.
A. McFARLAND, President. S. H. HARTMAN, Vice President.
W. GIBSON MILLER, Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
Edward Gregg, W. G. Gibson,
Valentine Baker, J Kohen,
A. McFarland, S. H. Hartman,
Jos. H. Borland, Samuel Dyer,
Wm. Schoyer, Wm. Roseburg,
W. J. Langfitt, Joseph Kirkpatrick,
ja14:y73 F. M. LOVE, General Agent.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.
Of Pittsburgh.
OFFICE, NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
T. J. HOSKINSON, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.
John Irwin, Jr., B. L. Fahnestock,
T. J. Hoskinson, W. H. Everson,
C. G. Hussey, Robert H. Davis,
Harvey Childs, Hugh S. Fleming,
Charles Hays, Capt. J. T. Stockdale,
Capt. Wm. Dean, T. H. Nevin

Western Insurance Co.
Of Pittsburgh.
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEO. NEELD, General Agent.
Office, First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth Avenue and Wood street.
Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.
DIRECTORS:
Alexander Nimick, John R. McCune,
R. Miller Jr., Chas. J. Clarke,
Alexander Speer, William S. Evans,
Andrew Ackley, Joseph Kirkpatrick,
David M. Long, Phillip Reymer,
D. Ihmsen, Wm. Morrison

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMP'Y.
COR. FEDERAL ST. AND DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.
Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
W. W. MARTIN, President.
JOHN BROWN, JR., Vice President.
JAMES E. STEVENSON, Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
John A. Myler, Jas. Lockhart, Jos. Myers,
Jas. L. Graham, Robert Lea, C. C. Boyle,
John Brown, Jr., George Gerst, Jacob Kopp,
O. H. P. Williams, Jno. Thompson, J. McNaugher.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION.—The Co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of HAYS & STEWART, was dissolved on the 1st of April, 1871, by mutual consent. Either of the parties are authorized to use the name of the firm in settlement of the business, who may be found at the old stand, No. 102 LIBERTY STREET.
CHARLES HAYS,
HENRY STEWART.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned having purchased the interest of Hays & Stewart, do associate themselves under the style of JAMES CALLERY & CO., who will continue to carry on the TANNING, CURRYING AND LEATHER BUSINESS in all its branches, at the Tannery, situated in the Eighth Ward, Allegheny City. Also, at the Store, No. 102 Liberty street, near Ferry street.
JAMES CALLERY & CO.

In retiring from the Tanning and Leather business we would respectfully solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage, heretofore extended, to our successors, JAMES CALLERY & CO., who always have a full assortment of Leather on hands.
HAYS & STEWART.
PITTSBURGH, April 1, 1871. ap10:p86

DISSOLUTION.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the Undersigned, under the style and firm name of BOLLMAN & BAGALEY, is This Day dissolved by mutual consent.
GEO. W. BOLLMAN,
RALPH BAGALEY,
J. S. SEAMAN,
ROBT. SLEETH.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—We, the Undersigned, have this day associated ourselves together, under the firm name of BAGALEY, YOUNG & CO., for the purpose of conducting the Roll Business, as successors to Bollman & Bagaley.
RALPH BAGALEY,
JAMES B. YOUNG,
J. S. SEAMAN,
ROBT. SLEETH.

In retiring from the Roll business, I cheerfully recommend the new firm to the patronage of the public.
GEO. W. BOLLMAN.
PITTSBURGH, April 1st, 1871. ap3:p4

DISSOLUTION.—The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between JACOB GOSS and P. H. ITTEL, under the name and style of Goss & Ittel, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
JACOB GOSS,
P. H. ITTEL.
ALLEGHENY, April 11, 1871. ap12:q21

LEGAL.

NOTICE.—An application has been made to His Excellency, Governor Geary, for the pardon of WILLIAM GRIFFITH, convicted of manslaughter, at December Term, 1870, of the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny county.
PITTSBURGH, April 8th, 1871. ap7:p7

HEMP.—12 bales now landing, for sale by I. DICKEY & CO., No. 56 Water street.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
Manager..............................M. W. CANNING.
Fourth appearance of the Versatile Comedian and German Character Artist,
Mr. Joseph Murphy.
THIS (Thursday) EVENING will be presented Fred. G. Maeder's new three act drama of
HELP.
Expressly written to introduce Mr. Murphy's wonderful versatility and fidelity to nature in Irish and Dutch Dialects with Songs, Dances, Sketches and Comicalities.
During the drama Mr. Murphy will dance an Irish Jig with Miss Annie Lawrence.
Friday Evening—Benefit of Mr. Murphy.
Help-Murphy Matinee Saturday

☞ OPERA HOUSE.
V. E. BEAMER..........Lessee and Manager.
MONDAY, April 10, engagement of the dashing Vocalist and Burlesque Artist,
Miss MAGGIE DESMOND.
First time of the thrilling drama, entitled,
HAWK, THE HIGHWAYMAN,
Or, the Bush Rangers of Australia.
Wednesday—Benefit of the Door Keepers, Ushers and Attaches.

☞ TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.
FRED. AIMS..........................Manager.
LAST NIGHTS! LAST NIGHTS! and every one delighted with the Glorious Vocalist and Actress, MISS EMMA GRATTAN, appearing for the last nights in "Little Young Jack Sheppard." Last nights of the Great Charles Howard in "Old Eph's Dream of Home." The Hyams Sisters, the Ethiopean Troupe, the Variety Company, all to-night. SATURDAY AFTERNOON the Popular MATINEE at 2:30.

☞ ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
For Six Nights,
Commencing MONDAY, April 10th, the romantic Military Drama,
THE GOOD FIGHT.
An increased force of amateur talent. New and magnificent tableaux.
BENEFIT OF WIDOWS AND ORPHANS FUND.
Admission—Parquette and Dress Circle, 50c.; Family Circle, 35c.; Gallery, 25c.; Private Boxes, $3. No charge for reserved seats.
Box Office open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. ap7:p78

☞ MERCANTILE LIBRARY
LECTURES.
JAMES PARTON
WILL LECTURE AT
Mercantile Library Hall,
THURSDAY EVENING, April 13.
SUBJECT:
"One Hundred Years Ago."
ADMISSION..............................50 Cents.
No reserved seats. Tickets for sale at the Library. ap10

☞ MERCANTILE LIBRARY
LECTURES.
Prof. Jas. McCosh, D.D.,
WILL LECTURE
AT MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL,
Friday Evening, April 14th,
Subject—"RELIGION AND RECENT SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERIES."
ADMISSION..............................50 CENTS.
No reserved seats. Tickets for sale at Library. Doors open at 7. Lecture commences at 8 o'clock. ap11

☞ MASONIC HALL.
LAST WEEK.
THE WONDERFUL
Two-Headed Vocalist,
TOGETHER WITH THE FAMOUS
NOVA SCOTIA GIANTESS
AND THE
Great Kentucky Giant
Whose receptions WERE ATTENDED IN PHILADELPHIA BY 140,000 PEOPLE; IN HARRISBURG, DURING TWO DAYS, BY OVER 6,000; and the past week here BY CROWDS, will remain for
One Week Longer Only.
Receptions from 2 to 5 and 7 to 10 P. M. only.
Admission, 50 cents; children half price.
☞ Don't forget the place and hours. ap10:p89

☞ RAILROAD HALL.
FAIR
FOR THE BENEFIT OF
St. PETER'S CHURCH,
IN RAILROAD HALL.
Sandusky street, next railroad crossing, Allegheny city.
Open Every Evening.
Splendid Cornet Band in attendance. ap12:wfm

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE—Relating to Damages caused by the Grading of Penn avenue.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That Henry White, James Irvin and James Parks be and they are hereby appointed a Board of Viewers to appraise the damages caused by the grading of Penn avenue, from Butler street to 45th street, in accordance with section 19th, page 177, City Digest.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 10th day of April, A. D. 1871.
A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
H. W. OLIVER, JR.,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap12

AN ORDINANCE.—Supplementary to an Ordinance reducing the rates of wharfage on the Monongahela Wharf 33⅓ per cent.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance reducing the rates of wharfage on the Monongahela Wharf 33⅓ per cent.," passed on the 28th day of December, 1870, shall not be construed to relate to or affect any special rates fixed by the Wharf Committee, or any wharfage provided by special contract.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 10th day of April, A. D. 1871.
A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
H. W. OLIVER, JR.,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. ap12

AN ORDINANCE—To Authorize the Issuing of Licences to Peddlers in the Borough of Sharpsburg, Allegheny county, Pa.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Sharpsburg, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Burgess be and he is hereby authorized to grant licences to persons following the business of Hawking and Peddling merchandize and manufactured articles of all kinds within the limits of said Borough.

SEC. 2. That each and every person wishing to hawk or peddle as aforesaid, shall pay to the Burgess the sum of Ten ($10) dollars per year, or Two ($2) dollars for each day or night for the use of the Borough, and if any person or persons shall hawk or peddle as aforesaid, without having first obtained a license, shall, upon due conviction thereof before the Burgess or any Justice of the Peace of said Borough, forfeit and pay a fine of not less than five dollars, which shall be collected as other fines are.

SEC. 3. That any person or persons wishing to exhibit any show, circus or menagerie in said Borough, shall first obtain a licence and pay to the Burgess the sum of Fifteen ($15) dollars for the use of the Borough, and any person or persons violating the foregoing shall forfeit and pay a fine or fines, and be dealt with in accordance with section second.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this —— day of April, A. D. 1871.
T. H. GIBSON, Burgess.
Attest:
FRANCIS A. KLEIN, Secretary. ap12:q18

PROPOSALS.

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, April 10, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE received at this office until 12 o'clock, FRIDAY, April 21st, for a Station House in the Fourteenth ward. Contract awarded the lowest and best bidder. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Committee on City Property.

Plans and Specifications to be seen at the Mayor's Office.
ap11:q17 R. J. McGOWAN, Controller.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, April 11, 1871.

NOTICE TO STATIONERS.—Proposals will be received at this office until MONDAY, April 17th, 1871, for a set of Ten (10) Books and the necessary Blanks required by the Act for the Registry of Lots. Samples can be seen at this office. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
ap11:q16 H. J. MOORE,
City Engineer.

OFFICE OF
CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
PITTSBURGH, April 11, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until MONDAY, April 17, 1871, for about 200 Stone Land Marks, to be delivered as directed during the season. Specifications can be seen at this office.
q15 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

CHEAP
STOVES AND TINWARE,
FENDERS,
COAL BOXES,
FIRE IRONS, &c., &c., a
P. C. DUFFY'S,
a31:14 146 Grant street.